Работа над ошибкаши

ФИТ-212 Курпеньв К.И. Вариант 17

1 Mainu:
$$5A^{T} + 2E - 4A$$
, ecu $A = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$A^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5 \cdot A^{T} + 2E - 4A = 5 \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + 4 \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -25 & 10 \\ 15 & -5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 20 & -12 \\ -8 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 7 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
Ombern: $\begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 7 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

2 Haimu: BAC, eenu
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
, $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $C = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$
 $BA = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 14 & -25 \end{pmatrix}$
 $BAC = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 14 & -25 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$

Ombern: $\begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$.

3 Burnouth onpegentient matpuya
$$\begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 & 8 \\ -4 & -1 & 2 & -5 \\ 8 & -1 & 0 & 12 \end{vmatrix}$$
, paguaras ero no empoke | emonousy. $\begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 & 8 \\ -4 & -1 & 2 & -5 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 12 \end{vmatrix} = -5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 12 \\ 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} - 10 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 12 \\ -1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} - 25 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 4 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 12 \\ 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 12 \\ 4 & 7 \end{vmatrix} + 5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 32 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 8 \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 16 \begin{vmatrix} 8 & -1 \\ 4 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 11$

Ombem: 11

Haimu: parn mampuy
$$H$$
 $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -4 & 7 \\ 2 & 2 & 10 & -1 & 8 \\ 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ mpulegerment Burncath Gaznerwin munop. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -4 & 7 \\ 2 & 2 & 10 & -1 & 8 \\ 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 10 & -1 & 8 \\ 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 10 & -1 & 8 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -4 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & -6 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & -6 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 2 - 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 - 6 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad R = 3 \; ; \quad \text{Fazuerwein number} : \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 4 \\ 40 & -1 & 8 \end{pmatrix} .$$

$$\frac{Penners: narpwrise ypalnerie
}{\binom{3}{4} \binom{2}{3} \times = \binom{2}{3} \binom{3}{0}} = \binom{2}{2} \binom{4}{4}$$

$$\frac{A^{-1}}{4} = \binom{3}{4} \binom{2}{3} \binom{2}{4} = \binom{3}{4} \binom{2}{3} \binom{2}{2} \binom{2}{4} = \binom{3}{4} \binom{4}{2} \binom{3}{4} \binom{4}{2} \binom{3}{4} \binom{4}{2} \binom{3}{4} \binom{4}{2} \binom{4}{3} \binom{4}{2} \binom{4}{4} = \binom{3}{4} \binom{4}{2} \binom{4}{3} \binom{4}{2} \binom{4}{4} \binom{$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + y + z = 5 \\ \infty - 4y - 2z = -3 \\ 3x - 5y - 6z = -9 \end{cases} A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -4 & -2 \\ 3 & -5 & -6 \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{x} = B$$

(e)

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5 & 4 & 4 \\ -3 & -4 & -2 \\ -9 & -5 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = 49 \qquad X_1 = \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta} = 4$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 5 & 4 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -9 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \qquad \qquad X_2 = \frac{\Delta_2}{\Delta} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & -4 & -3 \\ 3 & -5 & -9 \end{vmatrix} = 98 \qquad X_3 = \frac{\Delta_3}{\Delta} = 2$$

Найти общее решение системы уравнений " yeazare ogra racmuse permenue, He eluaroneeca Sazucturu u gla Sazuctura pernenna:

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y + 5z + 4u = 2 \\ 6x - 4y + 4z + 3u = 3 \\ 9x - 6y + 3z + 2u = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$N = 4 - 2 = 2$$

$$\begin{cases} u = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{6}{5} \\ 2x - 24 + 5 \\ 1 \\ 3x - 24 + 5 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{cases} = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} u = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{6}{5} \\ 3x - 2y + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{6}{5} \end{cases}$$

$$\int u = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5}z$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x = \frac{6}{5} + 2y - \frac{1}{5}z \\ \frac{1}{5} + \frac{6}{5}z \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{6}{5}z \\ x = \frac{6}{15} + \frac{2}{3}y - \frac{1}{15}z \end{cases}$$

Obuse parenue:
$$(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{3}s - \frac{1}{15}t; s, t; \frac{1}{5} - \frac{6}{5}t)$$

Macmuse peuseus npu s=t=15: (9,4,15,15,-14,8)

Faquence pensenue 1 npu
$$s = t = 0$$
: $(\frac{2}{5}, 0, 0, \frac{4}{5})$

Базисно решение 2 при
$$\frac{1}{5} - \frac{6}{5} + = 0$$
 и $s = 0$: $(\frac{7}{13}; 0; \frac{1}{6}; 0)$