Enhancing Group and Team Communication Skills 2020-03-24

Course(s) Used:

• Team and Small Group Communication

Goals and Objectives:

- Students understand the common constraints on group decision making.
- Students are able to articulate how these satisficing and groupthink are influenced by these constraints.

Rationale:

Students need to be able to articulate when and why groups choose sub-optimal decision-making strategies.

Materials Needed

Materials:

• None

Technology:

• Classroom computer and projector

Outline of the Lesson

- 1. Review of previous session's content
- 2. Many decisions about participation and leadership in groups are made before anyone says anything.
- 3. Placement is also associated with how much we talk
 - A. Initiating messages is associated with more central placement in a group
 - B. Receiving messages is associated with more visible placement in a group
- 4. Placement predicts leader emergence^{1,2}
 - A. Much of turn regulation is managed through eye contact³
 - B. Some positions make eye contact more likely or more difficult
 - C. We tend to look at the people that we expect to speak next
 - D. We tend to look at people when listening, and less when talking
- Lesson closing

- ¹ The study of how people are arranged in the environment is called "Small Group Ecology"
- ² Howells, L. T., & Becker, S. W. (1962). Seating arrangement and leadership emergence. *The Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology*, 65(2) 148–150. https://doi.org/10.1037/hoo40421
- ³ We know this, which is why students avoid eye contact when they don't want to answer.

Variations and Accommodations

Follow guidance from local accommodation authorities.