9.4 Week one  $|.13. (a) |0|0_1 = 2' + 2^3 = 10_{10}$ (c)  $11110000_2 = 2^6 + 2^5 + 2^6 + 2^7 = 16 + 32 + 64 + 118 = 240_{10}$ 1.15. (a)  $1010_2 = 10_{10} = M_{W} A_{10}$ (c) 111100002 = 24010 = FO16 1.17. (a) A516 = 5×16° + 10×16' = 5+160 = 165 10 (C) FFFF = 15 x (16°+16'+162+163) = 655 3510 1.19. (a) A516 = 165 10 = 10100101 2 (FFFF16 + 1 = 1000016 = 10 16 =) FFFF16= 10 -1  $= (2^4)^4 - 1 = 2^{16} - 1 = 10(1640) - 1 = 1641$ 1.21、ca>1010z(料码)=-2³+2'=-8+2=-610 (C) 0111000Q(补码)= 2++25+26=16+32+64=11210 1.23、ca> 1010;(带符号原码) |表示负号·则=-21。 011100002 (带符号原码) 0表示正号,则= 11210. 1.33. (a) 010/2 -> 0000010/2 (b) 10102 -7 1111 10102 (check: 1010 = -9+2=-b. 11111010 = 728 +69+32+16+8+2=-6.) 1.47. 50 x 10 bytes = 5 x 10 bytes (?) 1.52. (a) 10012 + 01002 = 11012 (不全 overflow) (b' 11012 + 10112 = 11000 性情况 10002 (overflow) 1.54. (a) 1001 + 0100 = 1101 (-7+4=-3) (不会 overflow) (b)11012 + 10112 = 11000 = 1000 2 (不会 overflow) (-3+(-5)=-8

10 : 0001 BCD 37110 = 0011 - 0111 - 0001 BCD 1.65. (a) 371,0. 310 : QO 11 BCP 710: Olllaco (b) 000110000111BCD = 1870 (c) 10010101aco = 9510 = 101111111 U)"3+进制数位歌增多时,BCD码占任多. 〈设一个decimal数有n位。 则 BCD编码占4n位,二进制避编码占k位,其中K满足: 10 1-1 2 × = 10 = = (m-1)log = 10 = K = n log = 10 K≤ (log: 10) n ≈ 3.2n < 4n 当n很大时:B(D编码占位极多) <sup>4)</sup> 加法 complex , 若 binary和 ?(1010) z, 需要再加上 (0110) z . supplement: 1. 将下列采 3码 转换成十进制数和 2421码。 (a) 0110\_1000\_0011 \_ 842163 0011 \_ 0101 \_ 0000 10进 350 242163 0011 - 0000 (余3码是8421码 +0011) 的 0100-0101.1001 8921633 0001-0010.0110 10生制 12.6 242164 0001-0010. 1100 2.试用8421码和格雷码分别表示下列二进制数. (a) 1111102 = 2+2++2++2++2 = 2+4+8+16 +32=620 = 0110-0010 sazi = 100001 Gray 4> 11001(0 = 64+32+4+2 = 10210= 0001-0000 - 0010 3721

= 1010101 gray