

9.25 week 4.

P58. 2.31 .

| AB \ CD | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | X | X | 0 | X |
| 01 | 0 | X | X | 0 |
| 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | X |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | X |

$$Y = BD + AC + AD$$

| AB \ CD | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | 0 | 1 | X | X |
| 01 | 0 | X | X | X |
| 11 | 0 | 1 | 1 | X |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

$$Y = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}D + BD + CD$$

$$(\overline{Y} = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{D}(\overline{A} + B + C))$$

化简多输出逻辑函数 .

$$F_1(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma m(3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15)$$

| ab \ cd | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 01 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 11 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

$$Y = a\overline{b} + cd + ad + ac$$

$$F_2(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma m(6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15)$$

| ab \ cd | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 01 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

$$Y = bc + a\overline{b}\overline{d}$$

Ps8. 2.35. 输入有4个, 输出有2个, 输入是A, 代表从0~15的一个数, 如果这个输入的数是素数, 则输出P为true。如果输入的数可被3整除, 则输出D为true。

设 $x y z w$ 为这4个输入, 代表4位二进制数构成A。

| x | y | z | w | D | P |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

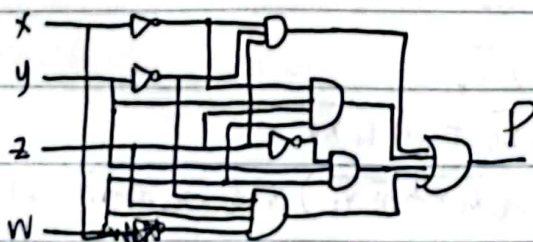
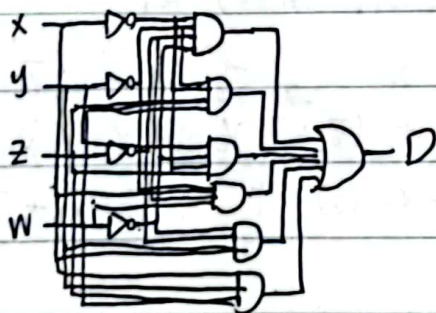
$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z}\bar{w} + \bar{x}\bar{y}zw + \bar{x}y\bar{z}\bar{w} + \\
 &\quad x\bar{y}\bar{z}w + x\bar{y}\bar{z}\bar{w} + x\bar{y}zw \\
 &= (\bar{x}\bar{y} + x\bar{y})(\bar{z}\bar{w} + zw) + \bar{x}y\bar{z}\bar{w} + x\bar{y}\bar{z}w \\
 &= (x + \bar{y})(\bar{x} + y)(z + \bar{w})(\bar{z} + w) + \sim \\
 &= xy \dots \quad \text{无法化简}
 \end{aligned}$$

| xy \ zw | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= \bar{x}\bar{y}z\bar{w} + \bar{x}\bar{y}zw + \bar{x}y\bar{z}w + \\
 &\quad \bar{x}yzw + x\bar{y}\bar{z}w + xy\bar{z}w \\
 &= \bar{x}\bar{y}z + y\bar{z}w + zw(\bar{x}\bar{y} + x\bar{y})
 \end{aligned}$$

| xy \ zw | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|---------|----|----|----|----|
| 00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 01 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

$$= \bar{x}\bar{y}z + \bar{x}zw + \bar{x}yw + y\bar{z}w + x\bar{y}zw$$



2.38. 3:7 = 二进制 - 温度计码转换器.

000 → 0000000

001 → 0000001

010 → 0000011

011 → 0000111

100 → 0001111

101 → 0011111

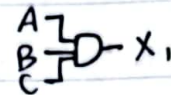
110 → 0111111

111 → 1111111

7个输出从左到右依次记为 $x_1 \sim x_7$.

3个输入记为 A, B, C

① $x_1 = ABC$



② $x_2 = AB$



③ $x_3 = AB + A\bar{B}C = A(B + \bar{B}C) = A(B + \bar{B})(B + C)$

$= AB + AC$



④ $x_4 = AB + A\bar{B} = A$ $A = x_4$

⑤ $x_5 = A + \bar{A}\bar{B}C = (A + \bar{A})(A + \bar{B}C) = A + \bar{B}C$



⑥ $x_6 = A + \bar{A}B = (A + \bar{A})(A + B) = A + B$



⑦ $x_7 = A + \bar{A}B + \bar{A}\bar{B}C = A + B + \bar{A}\bar{B}C = (A + \bar{A})(A + \bar{B}C) + B$
 $= A + B + \bar{B}C = A + (B + \bar{B})(B + C) = A + B + C$



分析电路: ~~①~~ ① $y_3 = x_3$

② $y_2 = x_2 \oplus x_3 = x_2\bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_2x_3$

③ $(x_2\bar{m})(\bar{m}y_2)$ ④ $x_1 = y_1 =$

$= (x_2\bar{m} + \bar{m}y_2)\bar{x}_1 + (\bar{x}_2\bar{m} + \bar{m}y_2)x_1$

$= (x_2\bar{m} + \bar{m}y_2)\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2\bar{m} \cdot \bar{m}y_2 \cdot x_1 \rightarrow \bar{x}_2\bar{m}x_1 + \bar{x}_2\bar{y}_2x_1 +$

$= \bar{x}_1x_2\bar{m} + \bar{x}_1\bar{m}x_2\bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_1\bar{m}\bar{x}_2x_3 + (\bar{x}_2 + \bar{m})(\bar{m} + y_2)(x_1)$

$= \bar{x}_1x_2\bar{m} + x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{m} + \bar{x}_1\bar{m}(x_2\bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_2x_3) + x_1\bar{y}_2(\bar{x}_2 + \bar{m})$

④ $(\bar{m}x_1)(\bar{m}y_1) \oplus x_0 = y_0 =$

$(\bar{m}x_1)(\bar{m}y_1)x_0 + (\bar{m}x_1)(\bar{m}y_1)\bar{x}_0$

$= (\bar{m} + \bar{x}_1)(\bar{m} + \bar{y}_1)x_0 + (mx_1 + \bar{m}y_1)\bar{x}_0$

$= \bar{m}\bar{y}_1x_0 + \bar{x}_1mx_0 + \bar{x}_1\bar{y}_1x_0 + mx_1\bar{x}_0 + \bar{m}y_1\bar{x}_0$

$= m(x_0\bar{x}_1 + x_1\bar{x}_0) + (\bar{m}x_0 + \bar{x}_1x_0)(\bar{x}_2\bar{m} + \bar{m}y_2)\bar{x}_1 + (x_2\bar{m} + \bar{m}y_2)x_1$
 $+ \bar{m}\bar{x}_0$

| x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | M |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

| Y_0 | Y_1 | Y_2 | Y_3 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 1 |
| | | | 1 |

..... 画图太蠢了.

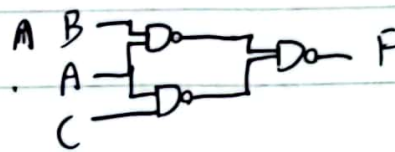
$$(\bar{x}_2 M + \bar{x}_2 \bar{Y}_2 + \bar{M} \bar{Y}_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_1 &= x_1 \oplus (\bar{x}_2 M)(\bar{M} \bar{Y}_2) = \bar{x}_1 (x_2 M + \bar{M} \bar{Y}_2) + x_1 (\bar{x}_2 + \bar{M})(M + \bar{Y}_2) \\ &= \bar{x}_1 x_2 M + \bar{x}_1 \bar{M} \bar{Y}_2 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 M + x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{Y}_2 + x_1 \bar{M} \bar{Y}_2 \quad (\bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 + x_2 x_3) \\ &= M(\bar{x}_1 x_2 + x_1 \bar{x}_2) + \bar{x}_1 \bar{M} (x_2 \bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_2 x_3) + \cancel{(x_1 + x_3)(x_2 + \bar{x}_3)} (x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{M}) \\ &= \quad \text{没法化简 a?} \end{aligned}$$

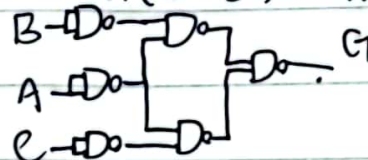
保密锁:

| C | B | A | F | G |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

$$\begin{aligned} F &= ABC\bar{C} + A\bar{B}C + ABC = ABC\bar{C} + AC \\ &= AC(C + B)(C + \bar{C}) = AB + AC \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} G &= \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C = \bar{A}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C \\ &= \bar{A}(\bar{C} + \bar{B}) = \bar{A}\bar{B} + \bar{A}\bar{C} \end{aligned}$$



4输入电路:

| A | B | C | D | F | $G = \bar{F}$ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |

$$\begin{aligned} G &= \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D + \bar{A}\bar{B}C\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}CD + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D} \\ &= \bar{A}(\bar{B} + B)(\bar{C} + C)\bar{D} = \bar{A}\bar{D} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \bar{G} = \overline{\bar{A}\bar{D}} = (A + D) \\ &= A + BC + BD \end{aligned}$$

下列函数是否会产生险象? (hazard)

1) $F_1 = AB + A\bar{C} + \bar{C}D$ 没有以互补形式出现的逻辑变量, 不会.

2) $F_2 = AB + \bar{A}CD + BC$ 有 \bar{A} 互补出现:

| BCD | F_2 |
|-----|-----------|
| 000 | 0 |
| 001 | 0 |
| 010 | 0 |
| 011 | \bar{A} |
| 100 | A |
| 101 | A |
| 111 | 1 |

无 $A + \bar{A}$ 或 $A \cdot \bar{A}$ 形式出现,
故不会产生 hazard.