

Finding Area

February 14, 2019

CVS KUSAL REDDY EE17BTECH11012
P SUNIL VARMA EE17BTECH11026

1 Question

If an equilateral triangle, having centroid at the origin, has a side along the line $(1+1)x = 2$, then find the area of this triangle.

2 solution

Given line equation of one side is

$$[1 \ 1] X = 2$$

and centroid is at origin $O(0,0)$.

Since it is an equilateral triangle, the perpendicular distance between centroid and any side $= \frac{a}{2\sqrt{3}}$

where a is side length of triangle

The perpendicular distance between point (x_1, y_1) and straight line $ax+by+c=0$ is given by $\frac{ax_1+by_1+c}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}$

let d be the perpendicular distance

$$d = \frac{|1(0)+1(0)-2|}{\sqrt{1^2+1^2}}$$

$$d = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$d = \sqrt{2}$$

From above we know that

$$d = \frac{a}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$a=2d\sqrt{3}$$

The area of equilateral is $\frac{\sqrt{3}a^2}{4}$

$$\text{Area} = 3\sqrt{3}d^2$$

$$\text{Area} = 3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$\text{Area} = 6\sqrt{3}$$

The figure of perpendicular from centroid to side of triangle

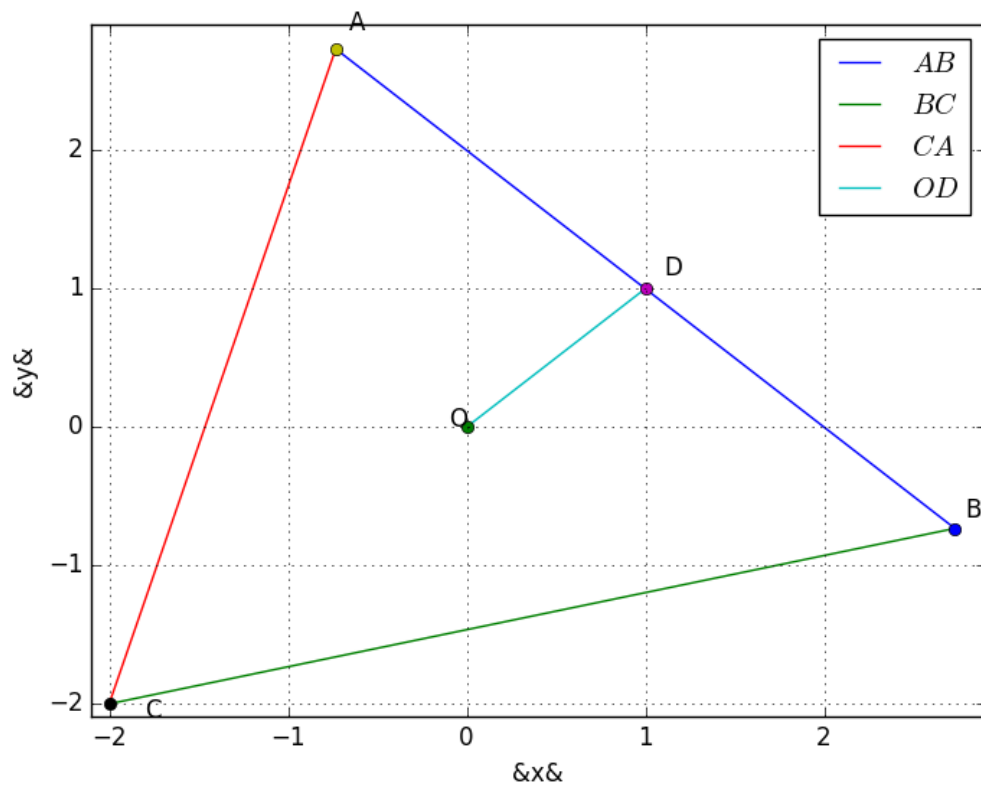


Figure 1: perpendicular from centroid