

CBSE Board
Class X Social Science
Board Paper – 2019 (Set 2)

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper has **26** questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
 - (iii) Questions from serial number **1 to 7** are Very Short Answer Questions. Each question carries **1** mark.
 - (iv) Questions from serial numbers **8 to 18** are **3** marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed **80** words each.
 - (v) Questions from serial numbers **19 to 25** are **5** marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed **100** words each.
 - (vi) Question number **26** is a map question. It has two parts **26(A)** and **26(B)**. **26(A)** of 2 marks from History and **26(B)** of 3 marks from Geography. After completion attach the map inside your answer book.
 - (vii) There is no overall choice. However internal choice has been provided in some questions. You have to attempt only one of the alternatives in all such-questions.
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SECTION A

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. What may be a development goal of a girl who belongs to a rich urban family? | 1 |
| OR | |
| What may be a developmental goal of a rich farmer? | 1 |
| | |
| 2. How are mining activities responsible for land degradation in Jharkhand? | 1 |
| OR | |
| How is overgrazing responsible for land degradation in Gujarat? | 1 |
| | |
| 3. Why were manuscripts not widely used in India before the age of print? | 1 |
| OR | |
| Why were women and children often discouraged from reading novels in the early decades of the twentieth century in India? | 1 |
| | |
| 4. Why did a civil war start in Sri Lanka? | 1 |
| | |
| 5. Why did most of 'conservative regimes' impose censorship laws to control printed material associated with the French Revolution in 1815? | 1 |
| OR | |
| Why was the "Tonkin Free School" established in Vietnam in 1907? | 1 |

6. Give two examples of economic activities of the secondary sector. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
7. In what way are MNC's different from other companies? 1

SECTION B

8. Describe any three steps taken by the Central and State governments to attract foreign investment in India. $1 \times 3 = 3$
9. "Credit can play a positive role." Justify the statement with arguments. 3

OR

"Credit can play a negative role." Justify the statement with arguments. 3

10. How can more employment be created in agriculture sector alone? Explain any three ways. $1 \times 3 = 3$

OR

How can the problem of unemployment be eradicated in India? Explain any three ways. 3

11. "India has land under a variety of relief features." Justify the statement with three examples. $1 \times 3 = 3$

12. Why should we use natural resources properly and judiciously? Explain your views. 3

13. How did Britain come into existence as a nation-state? Explain. 3

OR

How had schools in Vietnam become an important place for political and cultural battles? Explain. 3

14. "Most of the established democracies face the challenge of expansion." Support the statement with examples. 3

15. How had a large number of new readers among children, women and workers increased in nineteenth century Europe? Explain with examples. 3

OR

How were vernacular novels a valuable source of information on native life and customs for colonial administration? Explain with examples. 3

16. Describe the importance of manufacturing industries as a backbone of economic development of the country. 3

OR

Describe the role of industries in the development of agriculture. 3

17. How can caste take various forms in politics? Explain with examples. 3

OR

How had the position of women improved in our country since independence? Explain with examples. 3

18. "Democracies have had greater success in setting regular free and fair elections." Analyse the statement. 3

SECTION C

19. Describe the importance of a third-tier of government in a vast country like India. $1 \times 5 = 5$

OR

Describe any five features of federalism. $1 \times 5 = 5$

20. How did plantation workers have their own understanding of Mahatma Gandhi and the notion of Swaraj? Explain. 5

OR

How had peasants and tribals participated in the 'Non-Cooperation Movement' in different parts in India? Explain. 5

21. Describe any five technological and institutional reforms undertaken by the Government of India to improve Indian agriculture. $1 \times 5 = 5$

22. How had the U.S. economy resumed its strong growth in the early 1920s? Explain with examples. 5

OR

How did the abundance of labour in the market affect the lives of workers in England during the nineteenth century? Explain with examples. 5

OR

How had widespread use of coal in homes and industries in nineteenth century England raised serious problems? Explain with examples. 5

23. "International trade is considered the economic barometer of a country." Justify the statement with arguments. 5

24. Identify and list the symbols of the following political parties with their States: $1 \times 5 = 5$

- (i) Shiromani Akali Dal
- (ii) Samajwadi Party
- (iii) A.I.A.D.M.K
- (iv) Trinamool Congress
- (v) Rashtriya Janata Dal

25. "Consumers have the right to seek redressal against unfair trade practices and exploitation." Support the statement. 5

SECTION D

26.

- (A) Two features 'a' and 'b' are marked on the given political outline map of **India** (on page 11). Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked near them : $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (a) The place where the Indian National Congress session was held.
- (b) The place from where the movement of Indigo planters was started.

- (B) Locate and label **any three** of the following with appropriate symbols on the same given political outline map of **India** : $1 \times 3 = 3$

- (i) Hirakud - Dam
- (ii) Kochi - Major sea port
- (iii) Salem - Iron and Steel Centre
- (iv) Hyderabad - Software Technology Park
- (v) Naraura - Nuclear Power Plant