

CBSE Board Class X Summative Assessment – II English (Language and Literature) Board Question Paper 2012 – Set 1

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 80

Note:

- Please check that this question paper contains **15** printed pages.
- Code number given on the right-hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **17** questions.
- Please write the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-script during this period.

General Instructions:

The question paper is divided into four sections:

Section A – Reading	15 Marks
Section B – Writing	15 Marks
Section C – Grammar	15 Marks
Section D – Literature /Textbooks	35 Marks

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Marks are indicated against each question.



SECTION A (Reading)

15

1. Read the passage given below and complete the statements that follow by choosing the most appropriate options. $1 \times 5 = 5$

My peers always thought of me as a dull boy when I was in school and my teachers never thought differently. That was because I was indeed a dull boy. I was a backbencher, after all. I could never have been a frontbencher for obvious reasons. I had a persistent paranoia of being under the watchful eye of the teacher. It used to make me self-conscious and I hated being under supervision right from childhood. I wanted to be my own boss.

I have no regrets about having been a backbencher. It is true that I used to occupy one of the seats in the last row of the class but that does not mean that I did not listen to the teacher or that I cheated on homework.

In England, there used to be a dunce's corner for students who were slow learners. A student in the dunce's corner was supposed to be the rough equivalent of a backbencher in our country. Some eminent personalities from whom teachers didn't have very high expectations early on in life included the inventor Thomas Alva Edison as well as entrepreneurs Steve Jobs and Bill Gates. I feel honoured to be in their country!

There are others, of course, who prefer to make funny sounds, complete pending homework and throw chalks at other students – all sitting on those 'privileged seats'.

Believe me, it feels great! Because you not only learn whatever is taught but also get a backview of everything that happens in class.

(a) The paragraph describes					
i.	the simple joys of the frontbenchers				
ii.	the simple joys of the backbenchers				
iii.	the regrets of the author				
iv.	the achievement of the author				
	(b) The backbencher is considered a				
i.	popular student				
ii.	bright student				
iii.	dull student				
iv.	teacher's favourite				
(c) The	backbenchers feel great because he/she				
. ,	can complete pending homework				

iv. gets an opportunity to eat snacks in between

iii. can have a back-eye-view of everything that happens in the class

ii. can make funny sounds



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(d)		expression 'privileged seats' refers to
	i.	seats reserved for teachers' favourite students
	ii.	the last seats meant for the dull students
	iii.	seats for eminent persons like Bill Gates and Edison
	iv.	frontbenchers
(e)	The	author preferred to sit in the last row because
	i.	he was afraid of his teachers
	ii.	he always cheated on his homework
	iii.	he wanted to listen carefully what was being thought in the class
	iv.	he hated to be under the watchful eye of the teacher
2.		d the poem given below and choose the most appropriate answer to each question out ne options that follow. $1 \times 5 = 5$
		ere the mind is without fear and the land is held high;
		ere knowledge is free;
		ere the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls;
		ere words come out from the depth of truth;
		ere tireless striving stretches its arms towards perfection;
		ere the clear stream of reason has not lost its way into the dreary
		ert sand of dead habit;
		ere the mind is led forward by thee into ever-widening thought and action –
		that heaven of freedom, my Father, let my country awake.
		pindranath Tagore)
(a)	The	poem talks about a place where
(-)		there is peace and harmony
		people live in fear
		people fight with one another
	iv.	
(b)	'Kno	wledge is free' means
(-)		education for all
	ii.	education free of cost
	iii.	education for the rich
		education for the poor
(c)	The	phrase 'narrow domestic walls' refers to
(-)	i.	houses with narrow walls
	ii.	divisions of the world
	iii.	country divided on the lines of caste and religion

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iv. thin walls of a house



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(d) The people of this country could be guided by ______.

	i.	logic
	ii.	traditions
	iii.	habits
	iv.	customs
(e)	Who	is being addressed in this poem?
	i.	People
	ii.	Poet
	iii.	God
	iv.	Country
3.	Read	I the poem given below. $1 \times 5 = 5$
	One	day a rich father took his young son on a trip to the country with the firm purpose to
	shov	v him how poor people can be. They spent a day and a night in the farm of a poor
	fami	ly. When they got back from their trip, the father asked his son, "How was the trip?"
	"Ver	y good Dad!" "Did you see how poor people can be?" The father asked. "Yeah!" "And
	what	t did you learn?"
	The	son answered, "I saw that we have a dog at home, and they have four. We have a pool
		reaches to the middle of the garden; they have a creek that has no end. We have
	-	orted lamps in the garden; they have the stars. Our patio reaches to the front yard; they
		a whole horizon."
		n the little boy was finishing, his father was speechless.
		on added, "Thanks Dad for showing me how poor we are!"
		it true that it all depends on the way you look at things? If you have love, friends,
		ly, health, good humour and a positive attitude towards life, you've got everything!
		can't buy any of these things. You can have all the material possessions you can
	_	rine, but if you are poor of spirit, you have nothing!
	Con	aplete the following sentences based on your reading of the passage above in your own rds.
	(a) I	n the eyes of the boy, were poor.
		'he author's purpose in the passage is to show that
	(c) T	The father took his son on a trip to the country because
	(d) T	'he boy's father was speechless because
	(e) T	The word in the passage which means the same as 'a short journey' is
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





SECTION B (Writing)

15

4. You are Pranav/Priya, a resident of B-3/232, Sector 13, Dwarka, N. Delhi, living in a rented house. The rainy season has set in. The house needs urgent repairs. Write a letter, in about 100 words, to your landlord living at 450, Sector 20, Chandigarh, asking him to undertake the repair work immediately.

(Hints: leaking roof, loose electrical fittings, paint and polish)

6

OR

You are Diwaker/Devika living at A-10, Green Park, N. Delhi. Write a letter to a friend in about 100 words, telling him/her about the interesting things you have noticed at the wedding reception of the sister of one of your friends at Chandigarh.

5. There is a massive influx of people into the metropolitan cities from the villages and the small towns of the country. It is giving rise to slums and also causing pressure on civic amenities. Write an article in about 120 words expressing your opinion on why this influx is taking place and how this problem can be solved. You are Shreyas/Shruti. You can use the hints given below.

(Hints: coming for jobs – live in slums, pressure on transport, accommodation, schools etc. – needs planning – job opportunities in villages and towns to be created) 6

ΛR

You are Rohan/Ritu, a student of Class Xth of Sarvodya Senior Secondary School, Janakpuri, N. Delhi. Your school is holding an inter-house declamation contest in about 120 words. You can use the hints given below.

(Hints: books enlighten, cheer, encourage, break loneliness, never leave in need, a welcome escape from boredom)

6. You are Pawan/Preeti, a young reporter of the Daily Times, N. Delhi. Recently, you witnessed an explosion in a bus killing 2 and injuring 25. Being an eye witness, write a report, in about 80 words, for your newspaper giving heading, date, bus number, persons killed, injured and saved.

3

OR

Develop the following outline into a story in about 80 words.

A young boy travelling by a train has a briefcase containing a lot of money befriends a fellow traveller train stops boy goes out to buy snacks returns returns briefcase gone.



SECTION C (Grammar)

7.	Complete the followi	ng passage by cho	osing the appropriate	words from the given		
	options.			$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$		
	The tiny san	d fly (a)	the deadly Kala	Azar, a parasitic disease.		
				ear and can also (c)		
				be made part of school		
				he Bihar Government (f)		
	t	o introduce a new ch	apter on it from next ye	ear.		
	(a) (i) causes	(ii) caused	(iii) will cause	(iv) causing		
	(b) (i) affect	(ii) affected	(iii) affects	(iv) is affected		
	(c) (i) will cause	(ii) cause	(iii) has caused	(iv) to cause		
	(d) (i) was	(ii) has	(iii) has	(iv) is		
	(e) (i) can create	(ii) to create	(iii) has created	(iv) created		
	(f) (i) has decided	(ii) will decide	(iii) decided	(iv) had decided		
	 for general health, E.N.T., blood pressure, blood sugar Organised an interactive session on heart problems for the senior citizens Lecture on 'Yoga tips for good health' – a huge success Health check-up for general health, E.N.T., blood sugar and blood pressure (a by general physicians and specialists from Escorts Hospital. An interactive 					
	lth (c)a h		Sellioi Citizelis. Lectui	re on Yoga tips for good		
	(5)					
(a)	_					
i.	is carried out					
ii.	has carried out					
iii.	was carried out					
iv.	has been carried out					
(b)						
i.	has organised					
ii.	organised					
iii.	was being organised					
iv.	was organised					

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(c)						
i.	was					
ii.	has been	1				
iii.	can					
iv.	has					
	blank is g	wing passage has not b given. Write the incorre ct blank number as giv supplied.	ect word and the co	rrection	n in your ans	swer sheet against
	Master Ch	nandgi Ram's daughter,	Deepika Kaliraman	have	e.g. have	has
	set up the	e wrestling centre		(a)		
	of girls in	village Poochanpur, Dv	varka.			
	Deepika is	s an eldest daughter of			·	
	a wrestlin	ng guru, Chandgi Ram.		(d)		
	After the a	guru passed on a year a	ıgo,	(e)		
	Deepika t	ook it upon himself to c	arry on			
	the legacy	y of her father.				
a I (as shown For exampare / India Indian tem (a) the te (b) is / si	ne words and phrases given in the example. In the example. In temples / store-house In temples are a store-house In temple architecture / for It tuated in / Konark Temple It hariot / the temple / in	e / a / Indian art / o of Indian art. m an / sculpture an ple / north-eastern	f d painti	ing / of / esso	1 × 3 = 3
11.]	Read the	following dialogue bety	ween a mother and	her son	ı. Complete t	he paragraph that
	follows by	y filling in the gaps appr	ropriately.			$1 \times 3 = 3$
	Marie:	Did you see my new u	mbrella? Isn't it fine?	?		
	Tony:	Yes, it is! Did you buy i	t from the mall?			
	Marie:	No, your father has bo	ught it for me.			
		Marie asked her son it was a fine one. Ton eplied in the negative an	y agreed and asked	d his m	other (b) _	His



SECTION D (Literature/Textbooks)

35

12. (a) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow.

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

So, the world is afflicted with death and decay; therefore, the wise do not grieve, knowing the terms of the world.

"Not from weeping nor from grieving will anyone obtain peace of mind; on the contrary, his pain will be the greater and his body will suffer. He will make himself sick and pale, yet the dead are not saved by his lamentation. He who seeks peace should draw out the arrow of lamentation, and complaint, and grief."

- i. Why did Buddha give this sermon to Kisa Gotami?
- ii. What fact of life did Buddha convey to Gotami in this sermon?
- iii. How can one obtain peace?
- iv. Which word in the passage means the same as 'affected by suffering or pain'?
- (b) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow. $1 \times 4 = 4$

I whipped off the lock and tore open the lid, and Mij, exhausted and blood-spattered, whimpered and caught at my leg. He had torn the lining of the box to shreds; when I removed the last of it so there were no cutting edges left, it was just ten minutes until the time of the flight, and the airport was five miles distant. I put the miserable Mij back into the box, holding down the lid with my hand.

- i. What did Mij do to the box?
- ii. What was Mij's condition when he emerged from the box?
- iii. Why was the author in a hurry to reach the airport?
- iv. Find the word in the passage which means the same as 'worn out'.
- **13.** Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate options. Do any two extracts. $3 \times 2 = 6$
 - **(A)** So, that show their relations to me and I accept them, They bring me tokens of myself, they evince them plainly in their possession.
 - (a) The speaker accepts that ______.
 - i. animals are better than men
 - ii. animal are his best friends
 - iii. there is a close relation between man and animal
 - iv. all of the above
 - (b) By 'tokens of myself' the speaker means ______
 - i. animals are like men
 - ii. coins dropped by the speaker
 - iii. they remind him of the basic values of the human beings
 - iv. the marks of animal's goodness



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	(c) Animals have the 'tokens' dropped by man. i. retained and preserved ii. searched iii. robbed iv. lost	
(B)	"I heard an old religious man But yesternight declare That he found a text a text to prove That only God, my dear, Could love you for yourself alone And not your yellow hair."	
	 (a) The speaker prove his stand by quoting i. religious preaching ii. an old religious man iii. an old religious text iv. both (ii) and (iii) (b) The speaker wants to convince the listener that the young lover loves h 	er for her
	i. intelligence ii. youth iii. physical beauty iv. qualities	
	(c) According to the text, can love people for themselves. i. a true lover ii. only God iii. an old man iv. an old religious man	





	(C)	_	g comes	
			e cat feet.	
		It sits lo		
			arbour and city	
			nt haunches	
			e poet compares the fog with	
			a little cat	
			haunches	
		iii.	feet of the little cat	
		iv.	city	
		(b) 'It s	sits looking'. 'It' here refers to	
		i.	harbour	
		ii.	fog	
		iii.	cat	
		iv.	wind	
		(c) The	e figure of speech used by the poet is	
			simile	
		ii.	alliteration	
			metaphor	
			personification	
14.	Ansv	ver anv 1	three of the following questions in 40–50 words each.	? × 3 = 6
		-	son's death, why does Kisa Gotami go from house to house?	
			e Goan baker still an important part of the life of a Goan village?	
			s Lomov wish to propose to Natalya?	
	. ,		ppened when Maxwell took Mijbil to the bathroom?	
	. ,	•	opened two days after?	
15.	Ansv	wer the	following question in about 80 words.	5
			f person is Natalya? Give two examples to show her quarrelsome nat	ture.
		J 1	OR	
	What	t are the	various legends about the origin of tea?	
16.	Ans	wer the	following question in about 80 words.	4
_ ~.			oook become a turning point in Richard Ebright's life? OR	•
	Цот	was Dh		
	110W	was DII	oli 'like a dumb cow'? How did she become a confident person?	





17. Answer any *two* of the following questions in 40–50 words each.

 $3 \times 2 = 6$

- (a) Mention any two of Ebright's contributions to the world of Science.
- (b) What was the lawyer's first impression of Lutkins? Why did he change his opinion about him later on?
- (c) For what unusual reasons did Ramlal send Bholi to school?

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