

✓ Pass vs. Continue in Python: Skip or Chill?

Hey Python loop masters! Today, we're diving into **pass** and **continue**—two ways to control loops:

- **Pass:** Does nothing—like a placeholder.
- **Continue:** Skips to the next loop round.

We'll explore when to use each with fun scenarios. Run the cells, tweak the code, and try the challenges—let's loop smart!

✓ What's Pass?

`pass` is a "do nothing" statement. It's a placeholder when Python expects code (e.g., in loops, functions), but you don't want action yet. Think of it as "I'll fill this later!"

```
1 # Example 1: Empty Loop
2 for num in range(5):
3     if num == 3:
4         pass
5     else:
6         print(f"Number: {num}")
7
```

```
⇒ Number: 0
   Number: 1
   Number: 2
   Number: 4
```

```
1 # Example 2: Future Function
2 def plan_party():
3     pass # To be written later
4 print("Party planned? Not yet!")
```

```
⇒ Party planned? Not yet!
```

```
1 # Challenge: Use pass!
2 for i in range(4):
3     if i % 2 == 0:
4         pass # Leave this blank for now
5     else:
6         print(f"Odd number: {i}")
```

✓ What's Continue?

`continue` skips the rest of the current loop iteration and jumps to the next one. It's like saying, "Nah, skip this round—next!"

```
1 # Example 3: Skip a Number
2 for num in range(15):
3     if num == 7:
4         continue # Skip 2, move to next
5     print(f"Number: {num}")
```



```
Number: 0
Number: 1
Number: 2
Number: 3
Number: 4
Number: 5
Number: 6
Number: 8
Number: 9
Number: 10
Number: 11
Number: 12
Number: 13
Number: 14
```

```
1 # Example 4: Skip Negatives
2 numbers = [1, -2, 3, -4, 5]
3 for n in numbers:
4     if n < 0:
5         continue # Skip negatives
6     print(f"Positive: {n}")
```

```
1 # Challenge: Skip your pick!
2 limit = int(input("Enter a number to skip (0-4): "))
3 for i in range(5):
4     if i == limit:
5         continue
6     print(f"Kept: {i}")
7 # Try skipping 1 or 3—what's printed?
8
```

✓ Pass vs. Continue: The Showdown

- **Pass:** Stays in the loop, does nothing extra—just chills.
- **Continue:** Jumps out of this round, skips to the next.

Let's compare!

```

1 # Scenario: Loop with a condition
2 print("With pass:")
3 for num in range(5):
4     if num == 3:
5         pass # Does nothing, keeps going
6     print(num, end=" ")
7 print("\nWith continue:")
8 for num in range(5):
9     if num == 3:
10         continue # Skips 3
11     print(num, end=" ")

```

```

1 # Challenge: Spot the difference!
2 print("\nYour turn with pass:")
3 for x in range(6):
4     if x % 2 == 0:
5         pass
6     print(x, end=" ")
7 print("\nYour turn with continue:")
8 for x in range(6):
9     if x % 2 == 0:
10        continue
11    print(x, end=" ")
12

```

✓ Real Scenarios: When to Use Each

- **Pass:** Placeholder for unfinished code (e.g., empty `if`, function stub).
- **Continue:** Skip unwanted cases (e.g., ignore bad data, filter in loops).

```

1 # Scenario 1: Pass as Placeholder
2 def check_grade(score):
3     if score > 90:
4         pass # TODO: Add "A" logic later
5     else:
6         print("Not an A yet!")
7 check_grade(85)

```

```

1 # Scenario 2: Continue to Filter
2 words = ["cat", "", "dog", "bird", ""]
3 for word in words:
4     if word == "":
5         continue # Skip empty strings
6     print(f"Word: {word}")

```

```
1 # Challenge: Filter with continue!
2 colors = ["red", "blue", "", "green", "pink", ""]
3 for color in colors:
4     if color == "":
5         continue
6     print(f"Color: {color}")
```

✓ Interactive Challenges: Test Your Loop Fu!

Predict, run, and tweak these scenarios!

```
1 # Challenge 1: Numbers Game
2 nums = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
3 for n in nums:
4     if n < 3:
5         continue
6     elif n == 4:
7         pass
8     print(f"Number: {n}")
9 # What's printed? Why?
```

```
1 # Challenge 2: Word Filter
2 text = input("Enter words (space-separated): ").split()
3 for word in text:
4     if len(word) < 4:
5         continue
6     elif word.startswith("a"):
7         pass
8     print(f"Long word: {word}")
9 # Try "cat apple dog banana ant"—what's the output?
```

Wrap-Up: Pass and Continue Pros!

You've mastered:

- **Pass:** Placeholder for “later” (does nothing).
- **Continue:** Skips to the next loop round.

Keep looping! Use `pass` for a to-do, `continue` to skip junk. What's your favorite scenario? Share it in class!

