

PERCENTAGE

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{50}{100}$$

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CONCEPT - PERCENTAGE

$$50 \rightarrow 60$$

$$\frac{10}{50} \times 100$$

$$= +20\%$$

$$50 \rightarrow 40$$

$$\frac{10}{50} \times 100$$

$$= -20\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\underline{\text{CHANGE \%}}} &= \frac{\text{New} - \text{Old}}{\text{Old}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{\text{Change}}{\text{Old Value}} \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

I. The population of a town, named Mirzapur, is 8000. It decreases annually at the rate of 20% p. a. What will be its population after 2 years?

A) 1600

B) 4800

C) 6400

✓ D) 5120

8000

↓ -20% = 1600

6400

↓ -20% = 1280

5120

$$8000 \times \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{80}{100}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5120}}$$

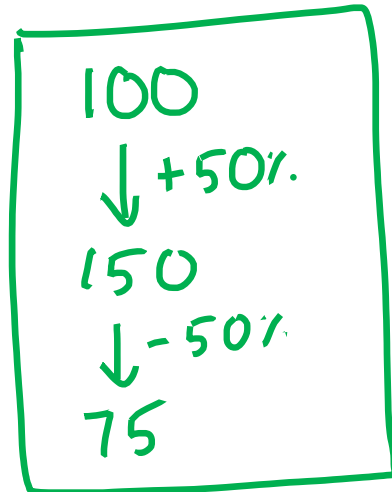
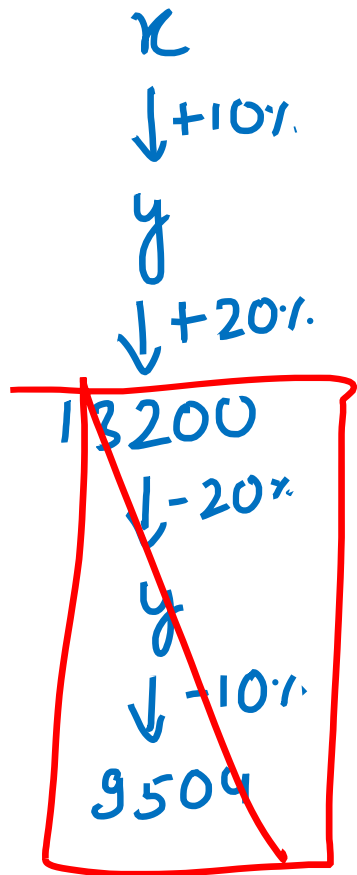
2. The population of a town, named Winterfell, increases 10% and 20% respectively in two consecutive years. The present population of the town is 13200. Then what was the population of the town 2 years ago?

A) 9504

B) 10001

✓ C) 10000

D) 10100



$$x \times \frac{110}{100} \times \frac{120}{100} = 13200$$

$$x = \cancel{13200} \times \frac{100}{110} \times \frac{100}{120} = 10000$$

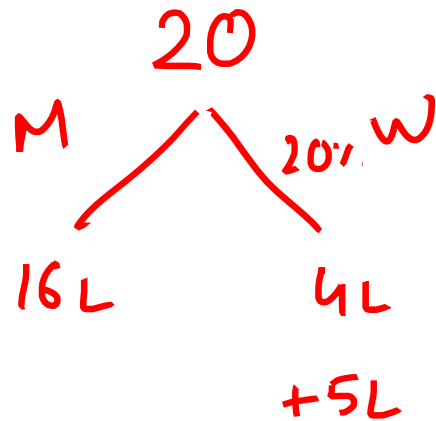
3. A mixture of 20 litres of milk and water contains 20% of water. A new mixture is formed by adding 5 litres of water. What is the percentage of milk in the new mixture?

A) 36%

B) 20%

✓ C) 64%

D) 46%



$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Milk in new mix} &= \frac{16}{25} \times 100\% \\ &= \underline{\underline{64\%}} \end{aligned}$$

4. When a number is first increased by 10% and then reduced by 10%, the number:

- A) Does not change ☒ B) Decreases by 1% C) Increases by 1% D) None of these

100
↓ +10% = 10
110
↓ -10% = 11
99

(-1%)

100
↓ -10%
90
↓ +10%
99

+10% -20%

100
↓ +10%
110
↓ -20% = 22
88

-20% +10%

100
↓ -20%
80
↓ +10%
88

+20% -10% $100 \xrightarrow{+20} 120 \xrightarrow{-10} 108$

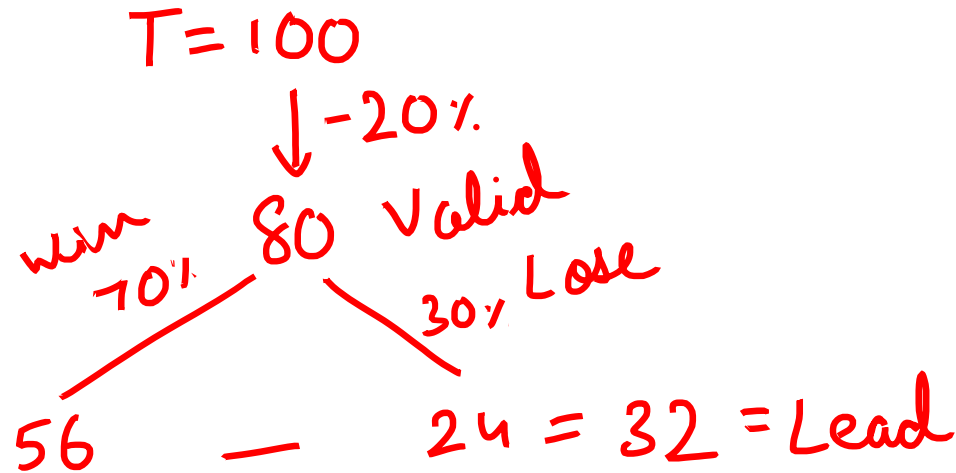
5. In an election between two candidates, 20% of votes were declared invalid. First candidate got 70% of the valid votes and a lead of 1600 votes. The total number of votes enrolled in that election was:

A) 5000 votes

B) 5400 votes

C) 10000 votes

D) 6667 votes



Lead	Total
32	100
1600	T

$$32T = 100 \times 1600$$

$$T = 100 \times \frac{1600}{32}$$

$$= 5000$$

$$WVV - LVV = 1600$$

$$70\% \text{ of } 80\% \text{ of } x - 30\% \text{ of } 80\% \text{ of } x = 1600$$

$$40\% \text{ of } 80\% \text{ of } x = 1600$$

$$\frac{40}{100} \times \frac{80}{100} \times x = 1600$$

$$x = \frac{1600 \times 100 \times 100}{40 \times 80}$$

$$= 5000$$

6. If the price of petrol increases by 25%, by how much must Batman cut down his consumption so that his expenditure on petrol remains constant?

A) 25%

B) 16.67%

✓ C) 20%

D) 33.33%

$$P = 100$$

$$P_2 = 125$$

$$C = 100$$

$$C_2 = ?$$

$$P \times C = E$$

$$C = \frac{10000}{125} = 80$$

$$E = 100 \times 100 = 10000$$

$$E_2 = 10000$$

-20%

$$\rightarrow P = 100$$

$$P_2 = 125$$

$$E = 100$$

$$E_2 = 100$$

$$\frac{25}{125} \times 100 = 20\%$$

7. If the price of petrol increases by 50% and Stark intends to spend only an additional 25% on petrol, by how much will he reduce the quantity of petrol purchased?

A) 25%

✓ B) 16.66%

C) 50%

D) 20%

$$P = 100$$

$$P_2 = 150$$

$$C = 100$$

$$C_2 = ?$$

$$C_2 = \frac{12500}{150} = 83.33$$

$$E = 100 \times 100 = 10000$$

$$E_2 = 10000 \times \frac{125}{100} = 12500$$

$$16.66\%$$

$$P = 100$$

$$E = 100$$

$$P = 150$$

$$E = 125$$

$$\frac{25}{150} \times 100 = 16.66\%$$

8. If **X** and **Y** are **20%** and **25%** greater than **Z** respectively, by how much percentage is **X** smaller than **Y**?

A) 20%

~~B) 4%~~

C) 5%

D) 4.16%

$$Z = 100$$

$$X = 120$$

$$Y = 125$$

$$\frac{5}{125} \times 100$$

$$= 4\%$$

Y bigger than X

$$\frac{5}{120} \times 100$$

$$= 4.16\%$$

$$50 \xleftarrow{-50\%} 100 \xrightarrow{100\%}$$

9. In XYZ College, 65% of students are less than 20 years of age. The number of students more than 20 years of age is $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of number of students of 20 years of age, which is 42. What is the total number of students in the college?

A) 75

B) 90

C) 130

✓ D) 200

$$N_{<20} = 65\% \text{ of } T \quad N_{20} + N_{>20} = 35\% \text{ of } T$$

$$N_{20} = 42$$

$$N_{>20} = \frac{2}{3} \times 42 = 28$$

$$42 + 28 = \frac{35}{100} \times T = 70^2$$

$$T = 200 //$$

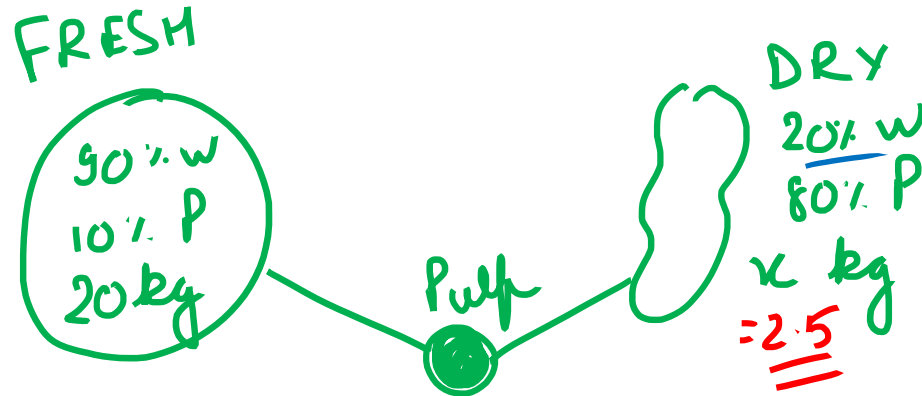
10. Fresh grapes contain 90% water by weight while dried grapes contain 20% water by weight. What is the weight of dry grapes available from 20 kg of fresh grapes?

A) 2 kg

B) 2.4 kg

✓ C) 2.5 kg

D) None of these



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Pulp Fresh} &= \text{Pulp Dry} \\ 10\% \text{ of } 20 \text{ kg} &= 80\% \text{ of } x \text{ kg} \\ 2 &= \frac{80}{100} \times x \\ x &= \frac{2 \times 100}{80} = \underline{\underline{2.5 \text{ kg}}}\end{aligned}$$

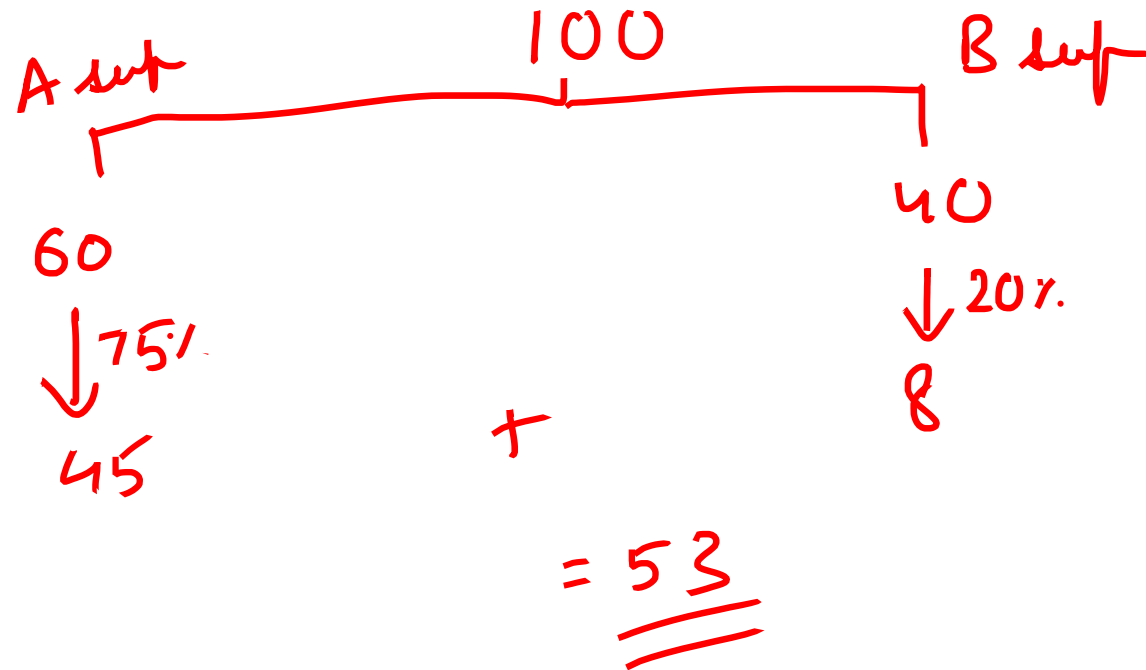
11. In a certain city, 60 percent of the registered voters are Party A supporters and the rest are Party B supporters. In an assembly election, if 75% of the registered Party A supporters and 20% of the registered Party B supporters are expected to vote for Candidate A, what percent of the registered voters are expected to vote for Candidate A?

A. 20

B. 60

C. 75

✓ D. 53



12. Hulk mistakenly divided a number by 2 instead of multiplying it by 2. Find the percentage of error.

A) 35%

B) 45%

C) 65%

☒ D) 75%

$$O \rightarrow N$$

$$C \rightarrow W$$

$$\text{Error \%} = \frac{\text{Error}}{\text{Correct}} \times 100$$

$$N = 100$$

$$C = 2 \times 100 = 200$$

$$W = \frac{100}{2} = 50$$

$$\text{Error \%} = \frac{150}{200} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{75\%}}$$

PROFIT & LOSS



CONCEPT – PROFIT & LOSS

$$G = SP \uparrow$$

$$L = SP \downarrow$$

$$O \rightarrow N$$

$$CP \rightarrow SP$$

$$G/L\% = \frac{\text{Diff}}{CP} \times 100$$

G, CP	L, CP
$SP \rightarrow +$	$SP \rightarrow -$
G, SP	L, SP
$CP \rightarrow -$	$CP \rightarrow +$

$$CP \xrightarrow{+10\%} SP$$

$$\begin{aligned} G &= 10\% \\ SP &= \frac{110}{100} \times CP \end{aligned}$$

$$CP = \frac{100}{110} \times SP$$

$$\begin{aligned} L &= 10\% \\ SP &= \frac{90}{100} \times CP \end{aligned}$$

$$CP = \frac{100}{90} \times SP$$

13. Alfred buys an old scooter for Rs.4700 and spends Rs.800 on its repairs. If he sells the scooter for Rs.5800, his gain percent is:

A) $4\frac{4}{7}\%$

✓ B) $5\frac{5}{11}\%$

C) 10%

D) 12%

$$CP = 4700 + 800 = 5500$$

$$SP = 5800$$

$$G\% = \frac{300}{5500} \times 100 = \frac{60}{11} = 5\frac{5}{11}\%$$

14. If loss is 1/3rd of SP, the loss percentage is _____?

A) 16%

✓ B) 25%

C) 30%

D) 33.33%

$$SP = 100$$

$$L = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$CP = 100 + \frac{100}{3} = \frac{400}{3}$$

$$L\% = \frac{\frac{100}{3}}{\frac{400}{3}} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{25\%}}$$

15. A shopkeeper marks all his goods at 50% above the cost price and offers a discount of 25% on the marked price. What is his actual profit?

A) 27%

✓ B) 12.50%

C) 20%

D) 15%

$$CP = 100$$

$$MP = 150$$

$$Dis = 25\% \text{ of } 150 = 37.5$$

$$SP = 150 - 37.5 = \underline{\underline{112.5}}$$

16. In a certain store, the profit is 320% of the cost. If the cost increases by 25% but the selling price remains constant, approximately what percentage of the selling price is the profit?

A) 30%

B) 70%

80%

C) 100%

D) 236%

$$CP = 100$$

$$G_1 = 320\% \text{ of } 100 = 320$$

$$SP = 100 + 320 = 420$$

$$CP_2 = 125$$

$$G_2 = 420 - 125 = 295$$

$$G\% \text{ w.r.t } SP$$

$$= \frac{G}{SP} \times 100 = \frac{295}{420} \times 100$$

$$\approx \frac{300}{400} \times 100 = 75\%$$

$$= \text{Ans} = \underline{\underline{70\%}}$$

17. An object is sold for Rs. 150 making a profit of 50% on the selling price. If the article is bought for Rs. 25 less, what price must be marked so as to gain 40% by selling the object at marked price?

A) 90

B) 80

C) 50

✓ D) 70

$$SP = 150$$

$$G_1 = 50\% \text{ of } 150 = 75$$

$$CP = 150 - 75 = 75$$

$$CP_2 = 75 - 25 = 50$$

$$G_2 = 40\% \text{ of } 50 = 20$$

$$S.P._2 = 50 + 20 = \underline{\underline{70}}$$

18. Joey has 12 eggs with him. He sells x at a profit of 10% and remaining at a loss of 10%. He gains 5% on the whole. What is the value of x ?

A) 7

B) 9

C) 8

D) 10

19. Some articles were bought at 6 articles for Rs.5 and sold at 5 articles for Rs.6. Gain percent is:

A) 30%

B) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$

C) 35%

D) 44%

CP of 6 art = 5
SP of 5 art = 6
→ CP of 1 art = $\frac{5}{6}$
→ SP of 1 art = $\frac{6}{5}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Gain} &= \frac{\frac{6}{5} - \frac{5}{6}}{\frac{5}{6}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{36 - 25}{30} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{11}{30} \times \frac{6}{5} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{11}{5} \times 40 = 44\% \end{aligned}$$

20. The cost price of 20 articles is the same as the selling price of x articles. If the profit is 25%, then x is:

A) 15

B) 16

C) 18

D) 25

EXTRA QUESTIONS:

21. In an election between two candidates, 10% of votes were declared invalid. First candidate got 60% of the valid votes and a lead of 1800 votes. The total number of votes enrolled in that election was:

- A) 3000 votes B) 5400 votes C) 10000 votes D) 6667 votes

22. By selling 33 meters of cloth, one gains the selling price of 11 meters. Find the gain percent.

- A) 50% B) 60% C) 75% D) 66%

23. The difference between a discount of 35% and 2 successive discounts of 20% on a certain bill was Rs.22. Find the amount of the bill.

- A) Rs.1000 B) Rs.440 C) Rs.1100 D) Rs.2200

24. A vendor bought toffees at 6 for a rupee. How many for a rupee must he sell to gain 20%?

- A) 3 B) 4 C) 5 D) 6

25. Scrooge purchases 50 dozen eggs at Rs. 4 per dozen. Of these, 40 eggs were found broken. At what price should he sell the remaining eggs in order to make a profit of 5% on the whole?

- A) Rs.5/dozen B) Rs.4.5/dozen C) Rs.6/dozen D) Rs.4.25/dozen

ANSWER KEY – PERCENTAGE, PROFIT & LOSS

QUESTION	ANSWER	QUESTION	ANSWER	QUESTION	ANSWER
1	D	11	D	21	C
2	C	12	D	22	A
3	C	13	B	23	D
4	B	14	B	24	C
5	A	15	B	25	B
6	C	16	B		
7	B	17	D		
8	B	18	B		
9	D	19	D		
10	C	20	B		