

 $(v_c, \theta, U) = -\log(\sigma(v_o^T v_c)) - \sum_{k=1}^{k} \log(\sigma(-v_k^T v_c))$ 1-0(voTvo)]vc+ [1-o(-upTvc)] Vo In pant (b) of (c) computing the summation vocabulory is very computationally expersur summation is one just K negative samples -médérn DVc