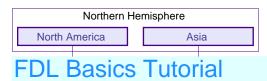
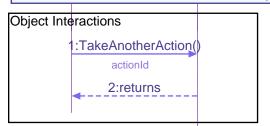
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A block remark is shown across the full sequence diagram. A block remark may be shown across multiple lines.



 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ISSUE}}\xspace$. Why is 42 the answer to the ultimate question of life the universe and everything?

Advanced Tutorial tier4.pdf Northern Hemisphere Southern Hemisphere North America Africa **Advanced Tutorial** Preconditions 1:Completed the Basic Tutorial A block remark is shown across the full sequence diagram. A block remark may be shown across multiple lines. Messages 2:Message with Bold Arrow Use the => or <= to represent messages with bold arrows. Model bi-directional message interactions with <-> or <=>. 3:Bidirectional Interaction 4:Multi Line Message Represent compound messages with the multi-line message syntax. - Sub header 1 - Sub header 2 par1, par2 Model a lost message. 5:Lost Message Message interactions with the environment Represent a message from an external entity (shown on the left). 6:Message from the Left Environment 7:Message from the Right Environment External interaction from an external entity (shown on the right side). Compound Messages 8:Chain Message 2 Represent a chain of message interactions in a single line. Separate message names and parameters may be specified for each message attribute1 = Value1. interaction. attribute2 = Value2 Represent a chain of message interactions involving forwarding of the 9:Message Cascade same message. One set of message name and parameters may be param1, specified. param2 = Value 10:Bidirectional Interaction Cascade Cascades work for bidirectional interactions as well. Multicasts 11:Academy Awards (Oscars) Model multicasts using this statement. The multicast sources is shown with a circle. BestActor, BestActress. BestMovie

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