Week 1 Exercise Set

Kushnava Singha - 2872230

1.

```
A.
```

```
abs(x) Absolute value of a real number; 10magnitude of complex number
acos(x) Arccosine with result in radians
acosh(x) Inverse hyperbolic cosine
angle(x) Phase angle of complex number (in radians)
asin(x) Arcsine with result in radians
asinh(x) Inverse hyperbolic sine
atan(x) Arctangent with result in radians
atan2(x,y) Four quadrant arctangent with result in radians
atanh(x) Inverse hyperbolic tangent
ceil(x) Round toward plus infinity
conj(x) Complex conjugate
cos(x) Cosine with x in radians
cosh(x) Hyperbolic cosine
exp(x) Exponential of x
fix(x) Round toward zero
floor(x) Round toward minus infinite
gcd(x,y) Greatest common divisor of integer x and y
imag(x) Imaginary part of complex number x (i.e. imag(x+iy) = y)
lcm(x,y) Least common multiple of integers x and y
log(x) Natural logarithm of x, i.e.: ln(x) = e log(x)
log10(x) Base-10 logarithm of x, i.e.: 10 log(x)
mod(x,y) \times modulo y  (i.e. mod(5,2) = 1)
prod(x) Product of elements
real(x) Real part of complex number x (i.e. real(x+iy) = x)
rem(x,y) Remainder after division of x/y (i.e. rem(5,3)=2)
```

round(x) Round toward nearest integer

```
sign(x) Signum-function (i.e.: -1 for x<0, 0 for x=0 and 1 for x>0)
sin(x) Sine with x in radians
sinh(x) Hyperbolic sine
sqrt(x) Square root
sum(x) Sum of elements
tan(x) Tangent
tanh(x) Hyperbolic tangent
B.
Syntaxes for
Cosine : y = cos(x)
Natural Logarithm : y = log(x)
Square Root : y = sqrt(x)
2.
 Hungry = true;
 Cookies = 0;
 while Hungry == true
      Cookies = Cookies + 1;
      quest = "Still Hungry ?"
      Hungry = questdlg(quest, 'Question', 'Yes', 'No', 'Yes');
      switch Hungry
           case 'Yes'
                Hungry = true;
           case 'No'
                Hungry = false;
      end
 end
 quest =
 "Still Hungry ?"
 disp('')
 disp(['Not hungry anymore after:', num2str(Cookies),' cookies.'])
```

Not hungry anymore after:4 cookies.

3.

```
function area = calcarea(R)
    area = 4*pi*R^2;
end

function vol = calcvol(R)
    vol = (4/3)*pi*R^3;
end
R = input('What is the radius of the Sphere ?')
R =
```

```
area = calcarea(R);
vol = calcvol(R);
fprintf('Sphere with radius of %0.1f units has a volume of %0.2f unit cubed
and a surface area of %0.2f unit squared.',R,vol,area)
```

Sphere with radius of 10.0 units has a volume of 4188.79 unit cubed and a surface area of 1256.64 unit squ

4.

10

```
function [x,y]=convert_rectangular(r, phi)
    x = r*cos(phi);
    y = r*sin(phi);
end
prompt ={'Enter the value of R : ', 'Enter the value of Phi : '};
polar = inputdlg(prompt,"Input");
r = str2double(polar{1});
phi = str2double(polar{2});
[x,y]=convert_rectangular(r, phi);
fprintf('The equivalent rectangular coordinates for the polar coordinates
(%0.1f units, %0.1f radians) are (%0.2f units, %0.2f units).\n',r, phi,x,y)
```

The equivalent rectangular coordinates for the polar coordinates (10.0 units, 45.0 radians) are (5.25 units)

5.

```
N=10;
v = zeros(1,N);
v = changem(v,N);
M = diag(v);
%Change the Main Diagonal
for i = 2:N
    v = zeros(1,N-i+1);
    v = changem(v,N-i+1);
    d1 = diag(v,i-1);%Changing Superdiagonal
    d2 = diag(-v, -(i-1));%Changing Subdiagonal
    M = M + d1+d2;
end
disp(M)
```

```
10
           9
                                    5
                 8
                        7
                              6
                                           4
                                                 3
                                                       2
                                                             1
    -9
          10
                 9
                       8
                              7
                                    6
                                           5
                                                 4
                                                       3
                                                             2
    -8
          -9
                10
                       9
                              8
                                    7
                                           6
                                                 5
                                                       4
                                                             3
    -7
                                          7
                                                       5
          -8
                -9
                       10
                              9
                                    8
                                                             4
                                                 6
          -7
    -6
                -8
                                                 7
                       -9
                             10
                                    9
                                          8
                                                       6
                                                             5
    -5
-4
-3
-2
                -7
          -6
                       -8
                             -9
                                          9
                                                 8
                                                       7
                                   10
                                                             6
          -5
                       -7
                                                             7
                -6
                             -8
                                   -9
                                          10
                                                 9
                                                       8
          -4
                -5
                       -6
                             -7
                                   -8
                                          -9
                                                10
                                                       9
                                                             8
          -3
                -4
                       -5
                             -6
                                   -7
                                          -8
                                                -9
                                                      10
                                                             9
                -3
                             -5
                                   -6
                                          -7
                                                -8
                                                      -9
                                                            10
N = input('Enter an Aribtrary uneven Natural Number Larger than 3 : ');
x = zeros(1, N)
x = 1 \times 7
           0
                  0
                        0
                              0
                                    0
                                           0
     0
for i = 1:N
     x(1,i) = i;
end
x = x * 10
x = 1 \times 7
                             50
                                          70
          20
                30
                       40
                                   60
    10
```

x1 = x

 $x1 = 1 \times 7$ 20 30 40 50 60 70 10

x1(2) = [];x1(end) = [];disp(x1)

30 10 40 50 60

6.

```
x2 = x;
x2(ceil(N/2))=[]
```

 $x2 = 1 \times 6$ 20 30 50 60 70 10

```
x3 = zeros(1,ceil(N/2));
count = 1;
for i = 1:N
    if mod(i,2) \sim = 0
        x3(1,count) = x(1,i);
        count = count +1;
    end
end
disp(x3)
```

70 10 30 50

```
x4 = zeros(1,N);
 count =0;
 for i = 1:N
      if mod(x(1,i),2) \sim = 0
          count = count +1;
          x4(1,count) = x(1,i);
      end
 end
 x4 = x4(1:count)
 x4 =
   1×0 empty double row vector
 x5 = fliplr(x(1:N))
 x5 = 1 \times 7
                50
                     40
                           30
                                20
                                      10
     70
          60
 x6 = zeros(1, N);
 for i = 1:N
      if x(1,i) >= mean(x)
          count = count+1;
          x6(1,count) = x(1,i);
      end
 end
 x6 = x6(1:count)
 x6 = 1 \times 4
     40
          50
                60
                     70
7.
 A = [1,2;3,4];
 B = ones(size(A));
 c = [10, 20]';
 disp(A*B);% Matrix Multiplication
      7
           7
 disp(A.*B);% Individual element in A is multiplies by the element in the
 same position in matrix B
      1
           2
```

disp(A./B);% Individual element in A gets divided by the element in the same position in matrix B

1 2 3 4 disp(A.^B);% Individual element in A is raisded to power of the element in the same position in matrix B

1 2 3 4

```
disp(A*c);% Matrix multiplication operation
```

50 110

```
disp(c'*A);% c is Transposed and matrix multiplied with A
```

70 100

8.

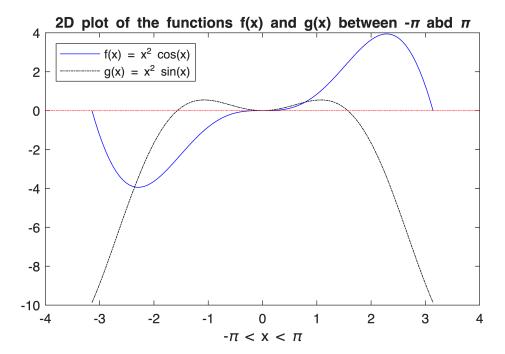
```
function f = f(x)
    f = x^2*cos(x);
end
function g = g(x)
    g = x^2*sin(x);
end
x = linspace(-pi,pi);
disp(size(x,2))
```

100

```
y_sin = zeros(1,size(x,2));
y_cos = zeros(1, size(x, 2));
for i = 1: size(x,2)
    y_sin(1,i) = f(x(i));
    y_cos(1,i) = g(x(i));
end
p1 = plot(x, y_cos, 'b'); hold on
p2 = plot(x, y_sin, '-.k');
p3 = yline(0, '-.r');

legend([p1 p2],'f(x) = x^2 cos(x)','g(x) = x^2 sin(x)','Location',
'northwest');

title('2D plot of the functions f(x) and g(x) between -\pi abd \pi')
xlabel('-\pi < x < \pi')</pre>
```



9.

```
deltat =1;
t=0:deltat:60*8;
pmax = 10;
tmax = 4*60;
spread = 120;
p =pmax*exp(-((tmax-t)/spread).^2);
qmax=8;
kr=0.05;
N0=0;
N=zeros(length(t),1); q=zeros(length(t),1); r=zeros(length(t),1);
N(1)=N0;
for it=2:length(t)
    q(it)=min(N(it-1)/deltat,qmax);
    r(it)=kr*N(it-1);
    N(it) = N(it-1) + (p(it)-q(it)-r(it)) * deltat;
end
figure;
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(t, p, 'b', 'LineWidth', 1.5); hold on;
plot(t, q, 'r', 'LineWidth', 1.5);
plot(t, r, 'y', 'LineWidth', 1.5);
xlabel('Time [min]');
ylabel('Passenger Fluxes [n/min]');
title('Schiphol Security Queue ');
```

```
legend('Influx', 'Passed', 'Left', 'Location', 'northwest');
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(t,N,'b','LineWidth',1.5);
xlabel('Time[min]');
ylabel('Number of Passengers in Queue');
```

