- RO:0002629/0002630 directly positively (or negatively) regulates
 - Occurrent
 ⇔ Occurrent
 - 最小条件: (必須) E1、
 - 直接連結できる箇所
- RO:0002304/0002305 causally upstream of, positive (or negative) effect
 - Occurrent
 ⇔ Occurrent
 - 最小条件: E2(推奨)、E3(暫定)
 - 機序が未特定
- RO:0004034/0004035 acts upstream of, positive (or negative) effect
 - "material entity → process (pathological processを除く) (Occurrent)
 - 最小条件: E2(推奨)、E3(暫定)
 - IL-6 —acts upstream of, positive effect→ 急性期応答(GO:0006953)
- RO:0002599/0002600 capable of inhibiting or preventing (or upregulating or causing) pathological process
 - "material entity → pathological process (Occurrent)
 - 最小条件: E2(推奨)、E3(暫定)
 - IL-6 —capable of upregulating or causing pathological process→ ハイパー炎症(病的プロセス)
- RO:0003302/0003303 causes (or contributes to) condition
 - entity (e.g. a genotype, genetic variation, chemical, or environmental exposure) and a condition (a phenotype or disease) (Continuant)
 - [ro-causal サブセットで定義]
 - 最小条件: E2 (推奨)、E3 (暫定)
- RO:0002610 correlated with
 - ・ domainとrangeは、continuant, occurrentどっちでもいい(定義文)
 - http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/RO_0002610,"A relationship that holds between two entities, where the entities exhibit a statistical dependence relationship. The entities may be statistical variables, or they may be other kinds of entities such as diseases, chemical entities or processes.",
 - 最小条件: E4のみ