Kush Patel

HW 4

a) Praide the 4-tuple for your CFG

V= {5, A}

2= {0/1}

$$R = \longrightarrow \{s \to 015 \mid A$$

$$S = A \qquad \{A \to 01 \mid S\}$$

b) Convert your grammar (a) Into Chamsky Normal Form,

5 -> 015 /A

 $A \rightarrow 015$

50 75

5 -> 015 /A A > 01/5

 $S_0 \rightarrow S$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_o \rightarrow 015 \mid 01 \mid s \\ S \rightarrow 015 \mid 01 \mid s \\ A \rightarrow 01 \mid 015 \mid 01 \mid s \end{array}$$

So > abslabls s > abs lab1s

A -> ablabslab15

$$a \rightarrow 0$$

64 1

3. I Pravide the 4-tuple For you CFG by = {w = (01) 0 × 1 n, k & Z, and n, k = 0 and n > k } \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 015 \ 0150 V= {53 2 = 80,13 $A \rightarrow 01/5$ B= 5 = A,B 3.) Convert DFA to CFG. Provide the 4-tuple for your CFG DFA: (2) 1 (Q1) 2/2 (Q3) $(, \rightarrow d,$ (, y OC, 11C2 2 (, -> 1(z $(2 \rightarrow 0)$ $C_2 \rightarrow OC_3$ V= & 8,192, 933 (3 → O(3 /163 4 (2 -> 1 (3 Z= £0/13 R= C, -> 1C2, 1C2 >011C3, 5 (3 -> 063 6 (3 -> 163 0/16, 7011 5 = A 7 6,78 (,) 162 3,4 0116 3 011

4.) Give a CFG for generating the complement of the language {a^b^ 11 ≥ 0}

G= {V, E, R, 5}

V= {5,A}

£={a,b}

BE

5 = A

Complement:

6= {a'b": n + m}

5 -> a56/A

 $A \rightarrow ab/s$

 $\rightarrow (5 \rightarrow a5b)A$ $(A \rightarrow ab)S$