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Final Exam

1.) $L_1 = \{0^a 1 0^a \mid a \geq 0\}$ where a is an integer and $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Is $L_1 \in REG$?

$$S = 0101$$

$$x = 0 \quad y = 1001 \quad z = 11$$

$$x = 0 \quad y = 10010 \quad z = 1$$

$$s' = 010011$$

$$s' \notin L$$

This proves this is not Regular. NO.
 S' is not a subset of L . NO

Using Pumping
Lemma

$$xyz \in A$$

$$y = 4 > 0$$

$$xy = 5 \leq p$$

2.) $L_2 = \{1^a 01^a 0^a 10^a \mid a \geq 0\}$

where a is an integer and $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Is $L_2 \in REG$?

$$S = 101010$$

$$x = 11 \quad y = 01001 \quad z = 101$$

$$x = 11 \quad y = 01001 \quad z = 101$$

$$s' = 1101001101$$

$$s' \notin L$$

This proves this is not regular. NO
 s' is not a subset of L . NO

Using Pumping
Lemma

$$xyz \in A$$

$$y = 5 > 0$$

$$xy = 7 \leq p$$

3.) $L_1 = \{01^a 0^a \mid a \geq 0\}$ where a is an integer and $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Is L_1 a CFL?

$V = \{S, A, B, C\}$
 $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
 $R =$
 $S \rightarrow A$
 $S \rightarrow AS \mid BS \mid C$
 $A \rightarrow 01$
 $B \rightarrow 0$
 $C \rightarrow 1$

Yes, since I used ^{create} a CFG to prove this problem, it means L_1 is a CFL. Also, the left side, " $01^a 0^a$ " has at least one non-terminal symbol, a .

4.) $L_2 = \{1^a 01^a 0^a 10^a \mid a \geq 0\}$ where a is an integer and $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Is L_2 a CFL?

Let $S = 1101000101$

$S = xyz$

$x = 11$

$y = 01000$

$z = 101$

$xy^2z = 11(01000)^3 101$

$= 11010000100001000101$

$a = 20$

L_2 is not a CFL because 20 is not equal to 10, original string length.

NO

$S \rightarrow ABCD$

$A \rightarrow aA$

$B \rightarrow bB$

$C \rightarrow cC$

$D \rightarrow dD$

5.) Using L_2 from the previous problem, is $L_2 \in \Sigma_0$?

Yes, since $L_2 = \{0^a 1^a 0^a 10^a\}$, where $a \geq 0$

1.) Construct a TM T

$T =$ "on input $\langle M, w \rangle$, Run TM T

1.) Run $\langle M, w \rangle$

2. If M accepts, then accept. Reject?, then reject.

Yes, it is decidable because, a language can still be decidable even if it's not a CFL. Also, a HALT is not used, and a halt is not decidable. It is decidable because it will be accepted.

6.) Using L_2 from previous problem, is $L_2 \in \Sigma_1$?

Yes, L_2 is recognizable or $\in \Sigma_1$, because any decidable (from 5) language is also recognizable. Tape T recognizes L_2 (from 5) making it recognizable.

7.) $L_5 = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a Turing Machine that halts when started on an empty tape} \}$. Is $L_5 \in \Sigma_0$?

$L = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a Turing Machine} \}$ —:

1.) Use K' to construct a tape TM T

$T = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid \text{on input } \langle M, w \rangle$

Using $K' = \text{Halt}_{TM}$

1. Run TM T

2. Run $\langle M, w \rangle$ until it Halts

3. If it halts then $\langle M, w \rangle$ is an input on the tape.

NO, Since a HALT is used, a HALT is not decidable. Which would mean that L_5 is also not decidable.

Then M is not on the tape and $L_5 \notin \Sigma_0$.

8.) FIN, ALL, REG, CFL, \emptyset , Σ_0 , Σ_1

$\emptyset \subseteq \text{FIN} \subseteq \text{REG} \subseteq \text{CFL} \subseteq \Sigma_0 \subseteq \Sigma_1 \subseteq \text{ALL}$