

# ■ Pandas Functions with Working Examples

## 1. Creating Objects

- `pd.Series([1,2,3])` # Creates a 1D array-like object
- `pd.DataFrame({'A':[1,2],'B':[3,4]})` # Creates a 2D table
- `pd.read_csv('file.csv')` # Reads CSV file into DataFrame
- `df.to_csv('out.csv')` # Exports DataFrame to CSV

## 2. Viewing & Inspecting Data

- `df.head()` # Shows first 5 rows
- `df.tail()` # Shows last 5 rows
- `df.info()` # Summary of DataFrame
- `df.describe()` # Statistical summary of numeric columns
- `df.shape` # Returns (rows, cols)
- `df.columns` # Lists column names
- `df.dtypes` # Shows data types of columns

## 3. Selection & Indexing

- `df['col']` # Select single column
- `df[['col1','col2']]` # Select multiple columns
- `df.loc[0]` # Select row by label/index name
- `df.iloc[0]` # Select row by position
- `df.at[0,'col']` # Fast access by label
- `df.iat[0,1]` # Fast access by integer position

## 4. Data Cleaning

- `df.isnull()` # Detect missing values
- `df.dropna()` # Drop missing values
- `df.fillna(0)` # Fill missing values with 0
- `df.duplicated()` # Check for duplicates
- `df.drop_duplicates()` # Remove duplicate rows
- `df.replace(5,10)` # Replace 5 with 10
- `df.astype(float)` # Convert column datatype

## 5. Filtering & Querying

- `df[df['col']>10]` # Filter rows where col > 10
- `df.query('col > 10 and col2 < 5')` # SQL-like query

## 6. Sorting

- `df.sort_values('col')` # Sort by values in a column
- `df.sort_index()` # Sort by index

## 7. Aggregation & Statistics

- df.sum() # Sum of all numeric values
- df.mean() # Mean of numeric columns
- df.median() # Median of numeric columns
- df.min(), df.max() # Min and Max values
- df.std(), df.var() # Standard deviation and variance
- df.corr() # Correlation between columns
- df.count() # Non-null counts
- df.nunique() # Number of unique values
- df['col'].value\_counts() # Frequency of unique values

## 8. Group & Pivot

- df.groupby('col').mean() # Group by and take mean
- df.agg({'col':['min','max']}) # Multiple aggregations
- df.pivot(index='A', columns='B', values='C') # Reshape data
- df.pivot\_table(values='val', index='A', columns='B', aggfunc='sum')
- df.melt() # Unpivot wide to long format

## 9. Merging & Joining

- pd.concat([df1, df2]) # Concatenate along rows
- df.merge(df2, on='id') # SQL-style join
- df.join(df2) # Join on index

## 10. String Operations

- df['col'].str.lower() # Convert to lowercase
- df['col'].str.upper() # Convert to uppercase
- df['col'].str.contains('abc') # Check substring
- df['col'].str.replace('a','b') # Replace text
- df['col'].str.split('-') # Split strings

## 11. Datetime Functions

- pd.to\_datetime(df['date']) # Convert to datetime
- df['date'].dt.year # Extract year
- df['date'].dt.month # Extract month
- df['date'].dt.day # Extract day
- df['date'].dt.strftime('%Y-%m') # Format date
- df.resample('M').mean() # Resample monthly and calculate mean

## 12. Reshaping & Reindexing

- df.T # Transpose rows and columns
- df.stack() # Stack columns into rows
- df.unstack() # Unstack rows into columns
- df.reset\_index() # Reset index
- df.set\_index('col') # Set a column as index
- df.reindex([0,1,2]) # Reindex rows

## **13. Advanced Functions**

- `df.apply(lambda x:x*2)` # Apply function to each column/row
- `df['col'].map(lambda x:x*2)` # Apply function to Series
- `df.applymap(lambda x:x*2)` # Apply function element-wise
- `df.pipe(lambda df: df.dropna())` # Chain functions

## **14. Window Functions**

- `df.rolling(window=3).mean()` # Moving average over 3 rows
- `df.expanding().sum()` # Cumulative sum
- `df.ewm(span=3).mean()` # Exponential weighted mean

## **15. Exporting Data**

- `df.to_csv('file.csv')` # Save DataFrame to CSV
- `df.to_excel('file.xlsx')` # Save to Excel
- `df.to_json('file.json')` # Save to JSON
- `df.to_sql('table', conn)` # Save to SQL database