Performance Improvement for Hotspot Prediction Model Using SBi-LSTM-XGBoost and SBi-GRU-XGBoost

Husni Teja Sukamana a,1,*, Saepul Aripiyanto a,2, Aryajaya Alamsyah b,3, Amir Acalapati Henry a,5

^a Departement of Informatics Technology , State Islamic University Syarif Hidayatullah, Jl. Ir. H. Djuanda No. 95, South Tangerang, 15412, Indonesia ^b Department of Computer Science, Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, IPB University, Jl. Meranti, IPB Dramaga Campus. Bogor, 16680, West Java, Indonesia ¹ husniteja@uinjkt.ac.id*; ² saepul.aripiyanto@uinjkt.ac.id; ³ kusinalamsyah@apps.ipb.ac.id; ⁴ amir.acalapati@uinjkt.ac.id;

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Abstract

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Keywords: Type your keywords here, separated by semicolons;

1. Introduction

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2. Related Works

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3. Method

3.1. Data Collections

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3.2. Data Preprocessing

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$$Normalization = a + \frac{(x - min(x)) * (b - a)}{max(x) - min(x)}$$
(1)

3.3. Exploration Data Analysis

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3.4. Time Series Analysis

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$$\Delta Y_t = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 t + \gamma Y_{t-1} + \beta_i \sum_{i=1}^p \Delta Y_{t-i} + e_t$$
(2)

$$\overline{t_a} = t_a \left(\frac{Y_0}{f_0}\right)^{1/2} - \frac{T(f_0 - Y_0)(se(\hat{\alpha}))}{2 * f_0^{1/2} * s}$$
(3)

$$Y_t = \delta_t + r_t + e_t \tag{4}$$

3.5. Data Splitting

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3.6. Model Prediction Hotspot

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$$f_t = \sigma(w_f.[s_{t-1}, x_t] + b_f) \tag{5}$$

$$i_t = \sigma(w_i.[s_{t-1}, x_t] + b_i) \tag{6}$$

$$\widetilde{C}_t = \tanh(w_c, [s_{t-1}, x_t] + b_c) \tag{7}$$

$$C_t = f_i * C_{t-1} + i_t * \widetilde{C}_t \tag{8}$$

$$o_t = \sigma(w_0, [s_{t-1}, x_t] + b_0) \tag{9}$$

$$s_t = \sigma * \tanh(C_t) \tag{10}$$

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$$r_t = \sigma(W_r x_t + U_r h_{t-1} + b_r) \tag{11}$$

$$z_t = \sigma(W_z x_t + U_z h_{t-1} + b_z) \tag{12}$$

$$\hat{h}_t = \phi(W_h x_t + U_h(r_t \odot h_{t-1}) + b_h) \tag{13}$$

$$h_t = \phi(1 - z_t) \odot h_{t-1} + z_t \odot \hat{h}_t \tag{14}$$

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Algorithms	:	SBi-LSTM-XGBoost	Algorithms : SBi-GRU-XGBoost						
Input	:	xtrue, ytrue, lstm_pred		Input	:	xtrue, ytrue, gru_pred			
Output	:	xgb_pred		Output	:	xgb_pred			
# 1. calculate residuals = yt		siduals - lstm_pred[:, 0]		# 1. calcula residuals =		residuals ue - grud_pred[:, 0]			
# 2. xgboost m xgb_model = XG		l on residuals gressor()	# 2. xgboost model on residuals xgb_model = XGBRegressor()						
# 3. fitting m xgb_model.fit(ls ue, residuals)		# 3. fitting xgb_model.fi		dels true, residuals)			
	<pre># 4. predict models predictions = xgb_model.predict(xtrue)</pre>				# 4. predict models predictions = xgb_model.predict(xtrue)				
	<pre># 5. Combine Model with XGBoost predictions xgb_predictions = lstm_pred[:, 0] + predictions</pre>					del with XGBoost predictions = grud_pred[:, 0] + predictions			

3.7. Model Evaluations

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$$R = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$
(15)

$$MAE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} |\hat{y}_i - y_i|$$
 (16)

$$RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2}$$
 (17)

$$MAPE = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left| \frac{\hat{y}_i - y_i}{y_i} \right| \tag{18}$$

4. Results and Discussion

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4.1. Data Collections

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Characteristics	SST Nino 3.4	Index ONI	Index SOI	Hotspot
Count	276,00	276,00	276,00	276,00
Mean	0,01	-0,03	0,39	595,02
Std	0,77	0,82	1,53	1664,50
Min	-1,59	-1,64	-5,20	3,00
25%	-0,55	-0,61	-0,60	20,00
50%	-0,07	-0,14	0,30	54,00
75%	0,47	0,47	1,32	255,75
Max	2,72	2,64	4,80	14437,00

Tabel 1. Metdadata of dataset

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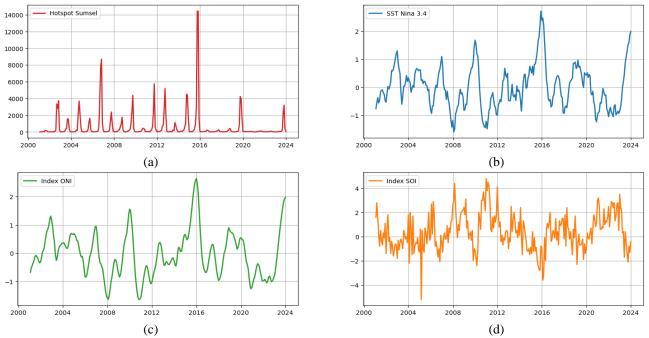


Fig 2. Results of Data Collections

4.2. Data Preprocessing

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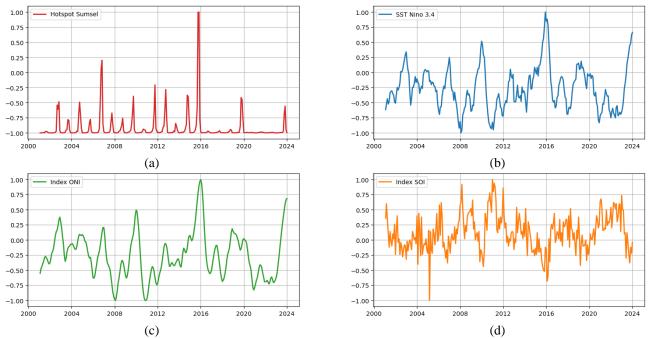


Fig 2. Results of normalized min-max

4.3. Exploration Data Analysis

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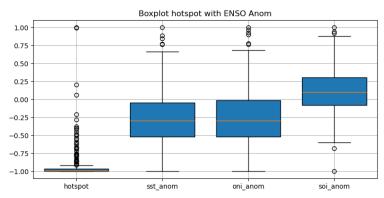
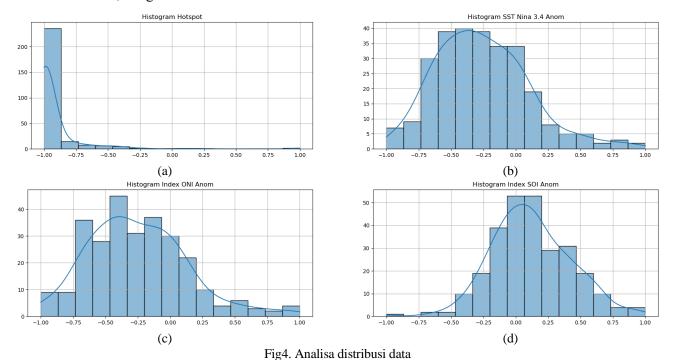
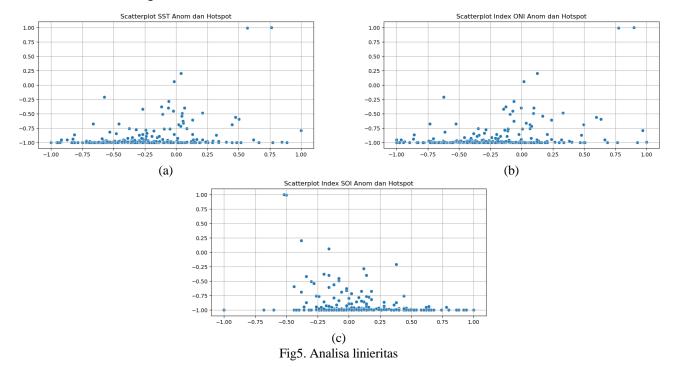


Fig 3. Hasil deteksi pencilan

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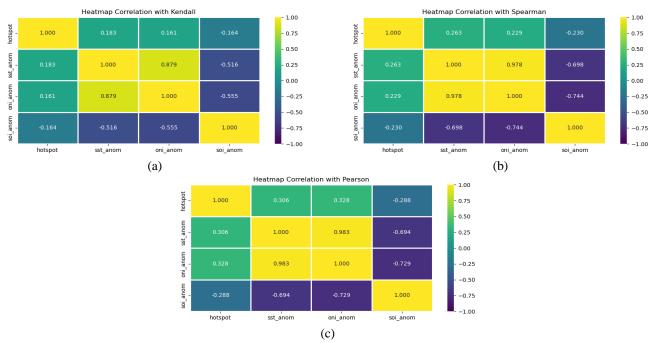


Fig6. Analisa korelasi antar fitur

4.4. Time Series Analysis

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		•	,	
Madhada	Dala	Cri	tical values	
Methods	P-value —	1%	5%	10%
ADF				_
Lag 1	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 6	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 12	0,004	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 24	0,074	-4,00	-3,43	-3,14
PP				
Lag 1	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 6	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 12	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
Lag 24	0,000	-3,99	-3,43	-3,14
KPSS				
Lag 1	0,815	0,22	0,15	0,12
Lag 6	0,304	0,22	0,15	0,12
Lag 12	0,232	0,22	0,15	0,12
Lag 24	0,201	0,22	0,15	0,12

Tabel 2. Statistical Analysis of Stationarity

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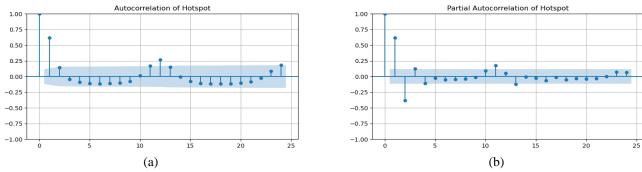


Fig 7. Analisa ACF dan PACF

4.5. Data Splitting

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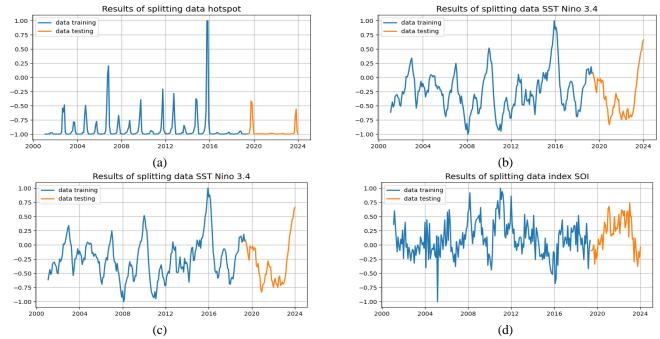


Fig8. Analisa distribusi data

4.6. Model Prediction Hotspot

4.6.1 Initialisation of neural network parameters and model

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Tabel 3. Initialization of tuning hyperparameters

Parameter tuning	Values
Activation function	ReLU, SeLU, ELU, Softplus.
Optimizers	Adam, Adamax, RMSprop, SGD.
Dropout	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20, 0.25
Batch Size	2, 4, 8, 16, 32
Epoch	1500

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Desain NN yang dibuat:

- 1 input layers dengan 4 neuron (hotspot, sst nina 3.4, index oni, index soi pada t-1 sebagai input)
- 3 hidden layers dengan 10 neuron. Setiap hidden layers mewakili 1 layes lstm atau gru. (Sehingga terdapat 3 layers lstm atau gru yang ditumpuk).
- 1 dropout layer
- 1 output layers (hotspot pada t+1 sebagai output)

Note:

Desain ini berlaku umum untuk M1 dan M2.

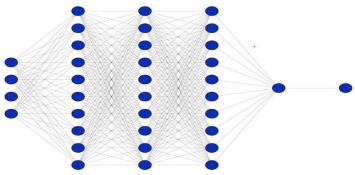


Fig 9. Desain Neural Network for LSTM-RNN dan GRU-RNN

4.6.2 Results of finding the best parameters.

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Tabel 4. Results of hyperparameter tuning with gridsearch algorithm

Algorithms		Parameter Tuning										
	Activation function	Optimizers	Dropout	Batch Size	Epoch							
SBi-LSTM												
Univariate	SeLU	SGD	0,15	8	1500							
Multivariate	ReLU	RMSprop	0.20	32								
SBi-GRU												
Univariate	SeLU	SGD	0,25	8	1500							
Multivariate	ReLU	RMSprop	0.20	16	1500							

Univariate = hanya titik panas (M1) Multivariate = titik panas + enso (M2)

4.6.3 Results of training and validation models

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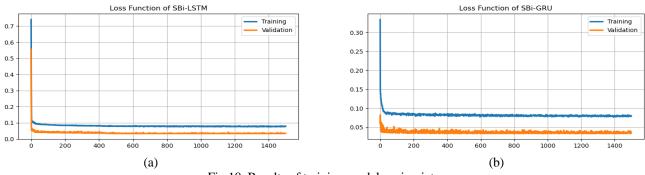


Fig 10. Results of training models univariate

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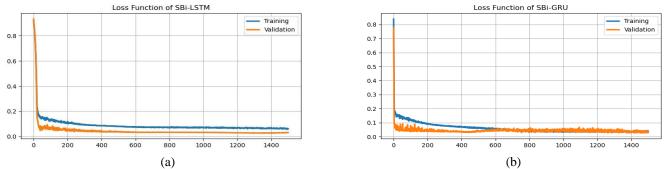


Fig11. Results of training models multivariate

4.6.3 Results of prediction hotspot with univariate and multivariate models

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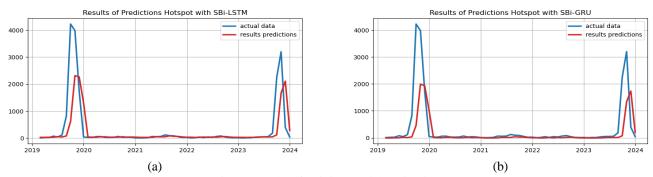


Fig12. Results of training models univariate

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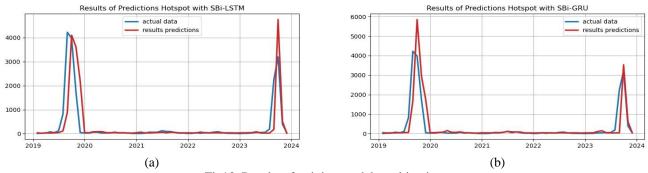


Fig13. Results of training models multivariate

tincidunt est. Orci varius natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Nam exaugue, semper attempus, tincidunt anibh. Fusce efficitur ex nisl, sed gravida. — Analisa hasil dari proses training dan prediksi

tincidunt est. Orci varius natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus etnetus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Nam exaugue, semper attempus, tincidunt anibh. Fusce efficitur ex nisl, sed gravida. — Hasil lengkap prediksi titik panas.

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Table 4. Results of prediction hotspot using univariate SBi-LSTM

Year -		Month													
rear –	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des			
2019		31	30	33	34	57	43	80	618	2314	2266	1307			
2020	44	37	36	50	50	37	36	37	52	37	41	38			
2021	30	29	29	32	51	49	51	83	68	64	46	34			
2022	35	29	31	42	32	43	38	52	61	41	32	31			
2023	31	28	31	31	39	45	46	48	121	1675	2108	282			

Table 5. Results of prediction hotspot using multivariate SBi-LSTM

Voor		Month												
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des		
2019		35	14	33	26	36	43	112	890	4102	3613	2180		
2020	47	36	78	83	86	45	39	42	40	34	25	22		
2021	39	62	35	32	40	46	58	37	59	51	34	31		
2022	34	30	33	65	35	34	36	36	33	35	35	27		
2023	32	37	38	44	80	24	23	22	175	4755	508	20		

Table 6. Results of prediction hotspot using univariate SBi-GRU

Voor	Month													
Year -	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des		
2019		55	55	59	60	85	70	106	528	2237	2159	1098		
2020	70	62	61	77	77	62	61	63	80	63	68	64		
2021	55	54	54	57	78	76	78	109	94	90	73	59		
2022	61	54	56	68	57	69	64	79	88	68	57	55		
2023	56	53	56	56	66	72	73	75	147	1441	1907	269		

Table 7. Results of prediction hotspot using multivariate SBi-GRU

Year	Month												
1 ear	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des	
2019		50	36	40	44	48	51	61	1669	5849	2948	1745	
2020	53	53	64	72	157	69	66	88	48	44	27	27	
2021	43	42	40	43	44	70	111	53	89	81	39	38	
2022	34	34	43	42	40	35	44	45	35	40	42	30	
2023	39	40	45	112	150	45	42	39	39	3526	608	46	

tincidunt est. Orci varius natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus etnetus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Nam exaugue, semper attempus, tincidunt anibh. Fusce efficitur ex nisl, sed gravida. – Analisa hasil dari prediksi selama 5 tahun 2019 – 2023.

Letak kebaharuan dari sisi penerapan SBi-LSTM-XGBoost dan SBi-GRU-XGBoost

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results SBi-GRU

2023

2024

results SBi-GRU-XGBoos

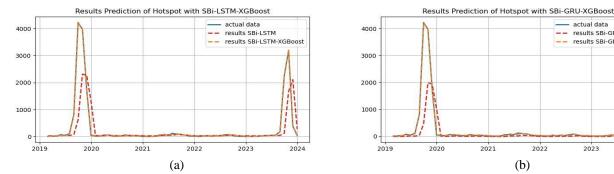


Fig9. Results of training models univariate

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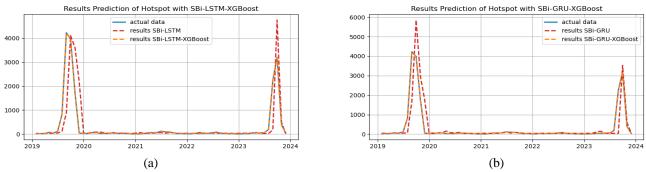


Fig10. Results of training models multivariate

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Table 8. Results of prediction hotspot using univariate SBi-LSTM-XGBoost

Year -		Month													
1 ear –	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des			
2019		13	12	32	54	43	96	809	4205	3969	1736	53			
2020	43	32	35	61	43	32	35	41	39	41	26	38			
2021	12	12	12	35	85	60	85	101	87	50	36	33			
2022	29	12	34	27	35	30	38	81	47	26	35	13			
2023	13	11	13	34	40	47	48	168	2238	3190	402	49			

Table 9. Results of prediction hotspot using multivariate SBi-LSTM-XGBoost

Year -	Month												
i ear –	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des	
2019		11	18	28	65	49	104	812	4202	3973	1743	57	
2020	30	26	58	62	45	24	32	62	39	48	27	12	
2021	4	13	14	53	64	55	106	96	86	55	27	23	
2022	13	14	37	23	33	24	50	73	38	14	16	12	
2023	1	12	21	37	51	50	57	184	2236	3202	388	46	

Table 10. Results of prediction hotspot using univariate SBi-GRU-XGBoost

Year -		Month													
rear –	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des			
2019		13	12	32	42	43	94	808	4207	3968	1735	52			
2020	46	33	36	60	44	33	36	44	38	44	29	39			
2021	12	11	11	35	85	63	85	101	87	51	32	33			
2022	29	11	34	29	35	30	39	82	46	29	35	13			
2023	13	10	13	34	41	47	48	167	2238	3189	402	49			

Table 11. Results of prediction hotspot using multivariate SBi-GRU-XGBoost

Year -	Month												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mei	Jun	Jul	Ags	Sep	Okt	Nov	Des	
2019		14	14	25	70	51	105	814	4207	3985	1737	49	
2020	31	24	57	61	33	25	32	70	34	48	26	13	
2021	11	6	17	52	59	60	113	96	86	59	26	24	
2022	14	14	36	14	31	24	49	73	35	20	21	13	
2023	4	12	14	34	56	51	57	179	2239	3199	386	48	

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4.7. Model Evaluations

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Table 12. Summary Results of model evaluation

E-manimant	Model evaluations								
Experiment -	R	MAE	RMSE	MAPE					
SBi-LSTM									
Univariate	0,6452	0,0341	0,0956	0,0568					
Multivariate	0,7354	0,0312	0,0929	0,0494					
SBi-LSTM-XGBoost									
Univariate	0,9999	0,0014	0,0019	0,0015					
Multivariate	1,0000	0,0007	0,0010	0,0008					
SBi-GRU									
Univariate	0,6449	0,0357	0,0986	0,0602					
Multivariate	0,8068	0,0289	0,0808	0,0469					
SBi-GRU-XGBoost									
Univariate	0,9999	0,0015	0,0020	0,0016					
Multivariate	1,0000	0,0007	0,0008	0,0008					

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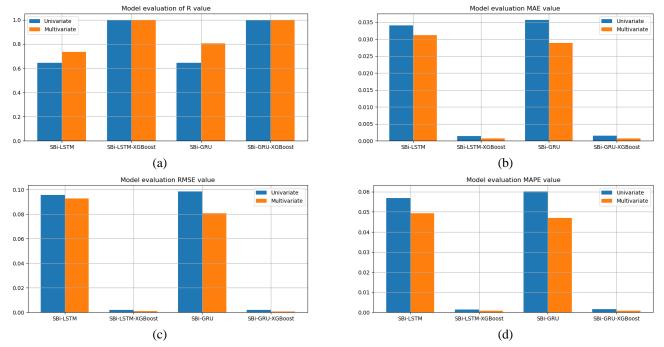


Fig11. Summary Results of model evaluation

5. Conclusion

Provide a statement that what is expected, as stated in the "Introduction" chapter can ultimately result in "Results and Discussion" chapter, so there is compatibility. Moreover, it can also be added the prospect of the development of research results and application prospects of further studies into the next (based on result and discussion).

Acknowledgment (HEADING 5)

The preferred spelling of the word "acknowledgment" in America is without an "e" after the "g." Avoid the stilted expression "one of us (R. B. G.) thanks ...". Instead, try "R. B. G. thanks...". Put sponsor acknowledgments in the unnumbered footnote on the first page.

References

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- [1] G. Eason, B. Noble, and I.N. Sneddon, "On certain integrals of Lipschitz-Hankel type involving products of Bessel functions," Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. London, vol. A247, pp. 529-551, April 1955. (references)
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