

Jurusan Teknik Komputer dan Informatika

Politeknik Negeri Bandung

## Pertemuan 11 Test Driven Development Junit 5

D3 Kelas 2A/2B

Dosen Pengampu:

Zulkifli Arsyad, Wendy Wirasta, Ardrian Ekawijana

### Introduction

- Test-driven development adalah pemrograman praktis yang menggunakan siklus pengembangan pendek yang berulang di mana persyaratan diubah menjadi kasus uji, dan kemudian program dimodifikasi untuk membuat tes pass:
  - Write a failing test before writing new code.
  - Write the smallest piece of code that will make the new test pass.

## Introduction

- In a classical approach, developing a program means we write code and then do some testing by observing its behavior. So, the conventional development cycle goes something like this: [code, test, (repeat)]
- TDD uses a surprising variation: [test, code, (repeat)]
- In fact, it looks like this: [test, code, refactor, (repeat)]

 Refactoring adalah proses memodifikasi sistem perangkat lunak dengan cara yang tidak memengaruhi perilaku eksternalnya tetapi meningkatkan struktur internalnya. Untuk memastikan perilaku eksternal tidak terpengaruh, kita perlu mengandalkan tes

# The flight-management application

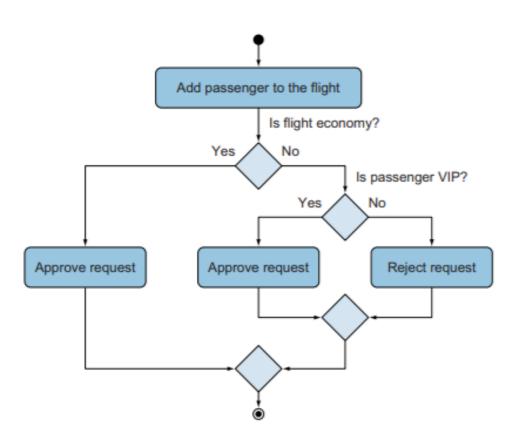


Figure 20.1 The business logic of adding passengers to a flight: if it is a business flight, only VIP passengers may be added to it. Any passenger can be added to an economy flight.

## Preparing the flight-management application for TDD

### Apache Maven

- Apache Maven is a software project management and comprehension tool. Based on the concept of a project object model (POM), Maven can manage a project's build, reporting and documentation from a central piece of information.
- Using dependency junit-jupiter-api and junit-jupiter-engine

#### Listing 20.4 JUnit 5 dependencies added to the pom.xml file

# Annotations JUnit Jupiter

 @DisplayName digunakan untuk mendeklarasikan nama kelas pengujian atau metode pengujian beranotasi.

### @ BeforeEach

- Metode yang dianotasi dengan anotasi @ BeforeEach dijalankan sebelum setiap pengujian. Ini berguna ketika kita ingin mengeksekusi beberapa kode umum sebelum menjalankan tes.
- @BeforeEach digunakan untuk memberi sinyal bahwa metode beranotasi harus dieksekusi sebelum setiap metode @Test di kelas pengujian saat ini

#### @test

Menandakan bahwa method tersebut adalah method pengujian (yang di ujikan)

### @Nested

- Menunjukkan bahwa kelas tersebut adalah kelas pengujian
- https://junit.org/junit5/docs/current/user-guide/

## Example

```
public class AirportTest {
[...]
@DisplayName("Given there is a business flight")
@Nested
class BusinessFlightTest {
   private Flight businessFlight;
    @BeforeEach
    void setUp()
       businessFlight = new Flight("2", "Business");
    @Test
   public void testBusinessFlightRegularPassenger() {
        Passenger mike = new Passenger ("Mike", false);
        assertEquals(false, businessFlight.addPassenger(mike));
        assertEquals(0, businessFlight.getPassengersList().size());
        assertEquals(false, businessFlight.removePassenger(mike));
        assertEquals(0, businessFlight.getPassengersList().size());
    @Test
   public void testBusinessFlightVipPassenger()
        Passenger james = new Passenger ("James", true);
        assertEquals(true, businessFlight.addPassenger(james));
        assertEquals(1, businessFlight.getPassengersList().size());
        assertEquals(false, businessFlight.removePassenger(james));
        assertEquals(1, businessFlight.getPassengersList().size());
```

## Bahan Praktikum

- Cobakan Chapter Test-driven development with Junit
  - Listing 20.1 Passanger Class
  - Listing 20.2 Flight Class
  - Listing 20.3 Airport Class, including the Main Method
  - Listing 20.4 Junit 5 Dependencies added to the pom.xml
  - Listing 20.5 Testing the business logic for an economic flight
  - Listing 20.6 Testing the business logic for an business flight
  - Listing 20.7 Abstract Flight class, the basis of the hierarchy
  - Listing 20.8 EconomyFlight class, extending the abstract Flight class
  - Listing 20.9 BusinessFlight class, extending the abstract Flight class
  - Listing 20.10 Refactoring propagation into the AirportTest class