### UNIVERSITY OF GUELPH School of Computer Science

CIS\*6180/DATA\*6300 Total Marks: 14

## Analysis of Big Data Assignment# 4

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Assignment date: March 20, 2023

Assignment due date: April 03, 2023, 3:00 pm

### Overview

The aim of this assignment is to introduce you to MLlib, and you should complete it using Jupyter notebook.

Please use CourseLink for all communications. Ask a private question if necessary.

#### What to submit?

Please provide screenshots and/or a Jupyter notebook in both PDF and ipynb formats, and then zip all the files. The zipped file should be named as "first-name\_last-name.zip".

Note: The time should be visible in all the screenshots

## Classification:

You will be using the craft beer data set for performing a binary classification using Spark's MLib library. The classification task is to predict the beer style using the Alcohol by volume and International Bittering Units.

### Import data into Postgres SQL (0.25 points):

You are provided with craft beer data set in three csv files beers\_abv.csv, beers\_oun.csv, breweries.csv). Explore the provided data and import the csv files to create three tables named BeersAbv, BeerOun and Breweries, with the same schema as the csv files.

### Query the Postgres SQL to get the data (0.25 points):

Using the appropriate SQL queries only import appropriate the data required to solve this task into a spark DataFrame.

#### Data processing (1 point):

Explore the data for data quality issues ,clean and transform the data using appropriate methods. After the data cleaning split the data into train and test sets.

### Binary classification (2 points):

Train and evaluate a Random Forest and a Linear Support vector machine classifier using five-fold cross validation.

### Compare classification models (1 point):

Compare the both trained classification models using accuracy, precision, recall, f1-score, and area under the receiver operating characteristic curve (AuROC)

# Regression

You will use regression analysis to explore relationship between water salinity & water temperature? The goal is to predict water temperature using salinity.

### Import the data into MongoDB (0.25 points):

You are provided with CalCOFI dataset provided as a csv file (bottle.csv). Import this data into a MongoDB collection named Bottle

### Query the MongoDB collection to get the data (0.25 points):

Using the appropriate MongoDB queries only import appropriate the data required to solve this task into a spark DataFrame.

### Data processing (1 point):

Explore the data for data quality issues ,clean and transform the data using appropriate methods. After the data cleaning split the data into train and test sets.

## Regression analysis (2 points):

Train and evaluate a Random Forest Regressor and Gradient-boosted Tree Regressor using five-fold cross validation.

### Compare regression models (1 point):

Compare the both regression models using Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE), R-squared, and Explained Variance.

# Clustering

You will use clustering analysis to analyse Facebook live sellers in Thailand dataset.

### Data import and processing (1 point):

You are provided with Facebook live sellers in Thailand dataset as a csv file (Live.txt). You will use the 'status\_type' column as the ground truth for checking the quality of clustering. Do not use the 'status\_id', 'status\_published' columns for clustering analysis.

Import the data into a Spark DataFrame and Explore the data for data quality issues ,clean and transform the data using appropriate methods. Convert any categorical variables to integers.

### Clustering Analysis (2 points):

Using the elbow method find the optimal number of clusters for k-means and Gaussian Mixture Models (GMM) clustering algorithms. Use the elbow method with both WSSSE (Within Set Sum of Squared Errors) and Silhouette Scores as evaluation metrics.

### Compare clustering models (2 points):

Calculate the accuracy of clustering for both algorithms using both evaluation metrics, based on the optimal number of clusters determined, with the 'status\_type' column serving as the ground truth.