# LIBRARY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

### A CAPSTONE PROJECT REPORT

(Object Oriented Programming with C++ with operators-DSA0163)

#### Submitted to

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# SAVEETHA SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

# **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report "LIBRARY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM" is the Bonafide work of "S. Kusuma Sree, CH. Sravani, V. Ranjitha" who carried out the project work under my supervision.

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#### **INTRODUCTION:**

A library management system is a software-based solution that helps manage and organize the daily operations of a library. It enables librarians to efficiently manage the cataloging, circulation, and acquisition of library materials, as well as maintain patron records and track borrowing transactions. By automating these tasks, a library management system saves time, reduces errors, and improves the overall efficiency of library operations. A library management system typically includes features such as cataloging and classification, circulation management, acquisition management, serials management, and reporting and analytics. It may also include additional features such as online public access catalog (OPAC), patron management, and inventory management. By streamlining library operations, a library management system enables librarians to focus on more strategic activities, such as collection development, programming, and community outreach, ultimately leading to improved services for library patrons.

A library management system offers numerous benefits, including improved cataloging accuracy, enhanced patron experience, and better resource allocation. It also enables librarians to generate reports and analytics, helping them make informed decisions. Furthermore, it allows for remote access, enabling patrons to search the catalog and access their accounts online. Additionally, it automates routine tasks, reducing the workload of library staff. It also provides a secure and reliable way to manage sensitive patron information. Moreover, it can be integrated with other library systems, such as online databases and e-resource platforms. Overall, a library management system is an essential tool for modern libraries, helping them to stay organized, efficient, and patron-focused. By leveraging technology, libraries can better serve their communities and fulfill their mission. By automating routine tasks, libraries can free up resources to focus on more strategic initiatives.

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND GOALS:

The Library Management System (LMS) project aims to design, develop, and implement a comprehensive software solution to manage the daily operations of the library. The system will automate and streamline processes such as cataloging, circulation, acquisition, and inventory management, providing a user-friendly interface for librarians and patrons alike.

Project Goals:

### 1. Improved Efficiency:

Automate manual processes to reduce errors and increase staff productivity.

#### 2. Enhanced Patron Experience:

Provide a user-friendly online public access catalog (OPAC) and self-service

features for patrons.

#### 3. Better Resource Management:

Optimize collection development and management, and improve tracking and reporting of library resources.

#### 4. Increased Accessibility:

Provide remote access to library resources and services for patrons.

#### **5. Data-Driven Decision Making:**

Generate accurate and timely reports and analytics to inform library strategic planning.

#### 6. Scalability and Flexibility:

Design a system that can adapt to changing library needs and technological advancements.

#### 7. Security and Privacy:

Ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of patron data and library resources.

# **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):**

- Reduction in manual errors
- Increase in patron satisfaction
- Improvement in staff productivity
- Increase in online resource usage
- Accuracy and timeliness of reports and analytics
- System uptime and availability

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS:**

## **Functional Requirements:**

# - User Management:

- Patron and staff authentication
- Role-based access control

# - Cataloging:

- MARC21/ISBN/ISSN support
- Book, journal, and media cataloging

#### - Circulation:

- Check-in/check-out
- Fines and penalties management

### - Acquisition:

- Purchase order management
- Invoice and payment tracking

# - Inventory Management:

- Stock tracking
- Automatic inventory updates

# - Reporting and Analytics:

- Circulation statistics
- Collection development reports
- Patron behavior analysis

# **Non-Functional Requirements:**

### - Security:

- Data encryption
- Access controls
- Regular backups

#### - Performance:

- Response time < 2 seconds
- Uptime > 99%

# - Usability:

- Intuitive interface
- Accessibility compliance (WCAG 2.1)

### - Scalability:

- Horizontal scaling (load balancing)
- Vertical scaling (resource upgrades)

#### TASKS AND MILESTONES:

#### Tasks:

- Conduct needs assessment and feasibility study
- Research and evaluate different library management systems
- Select and procure the chosen system
- Configure system settings and parameters
- Migrate data from existing systems
- Test system functionality and performance

- Develop training plan and materials
- Train library staff on new system
- Provide ongoing support and maintenance

#### **Milestones:**

- Completion of needs assessment and feasibility study
- Selection of library management system
- Successful data migration
- Completion of system testing and quality assurance
- Successful go-live and implementation
- Completion of training and staff proficiency
- Post-implementation review and evaluation

#### **COST ANALYSIS:**

- .- Hardware Costs: Servers, storage, networking equipment, and other hardware required to run the LMS.
- Software Costs: License fees for the LMS software, operating system, database management system, and other required software.
- Implementation Costs: Costs associated with setting up and configuring the LMS, including consulting fees, training, and data migration.
- Maintenance and Support Costs: Ongoing costs for software updates, bug fixes, security patches, and technical support.
- Staffing Costs: Salaries and benefits for library staff to manage and maintain the LMS, including cataloging, circulation, and technical services.
- Training and Development Costs: Costs for training library staff on the LMS, including online courses, workshops, and conferences.
- Infrastructure Costs: Costs for utilities, internet connectivity, and other infrastructure required to support the LMS.

#### **RESULT:**

- Improved cataloging accuracy and efficiency
- Enhanced patron experience and satisfaction
- Better resource allocation and management
- Increased productivity and reduced workload for library staff
- Enhanced reporting and decision-making capabilities
- Enhanced patron experience and satisfaction
- Better resource allocation and management
- Increased productivity and reduced workload for library staff
- Enhanced reporting and decision-making capabilities

#### **DISCUSSION:**

A library management system is a crucial tool for modern libraries, enabling them to efficiently manage their resources and provide better services to patrons. By automating tasks such as cataloging, circulation, and acquisition, libraries can reduce errors, save time, and improve productivity. Moreover, a library management system provides a platform for patrons to access library resources remotely, making it easier for them to search the catalog, renew books, and access digital resources. This not only enhances the patron experience but also increases library visibility and engagement.

The benefits of a library management system extend beyond mere automation. It also provides valuable insights and analytics, enabling librarians to make informed decisions about collection development, programming, and community outreach. By analyzing circulation trends and patron behavior, libraries can identify areas of high demand and tailor their services accordingly. Furthermore, a library management system can integrate with other library systems, such as online databases and e-resource platforms, creating a seamless and unified experience for patrons. By leveraging technology, libraries can stay relevant, innovative, and responsive to the evolving needs of their communities.

#### **SUMMARY:**

A library management system is a software solution that streamlines library operations, improving efficiency and productivity. It manages tasks such as cataloging, circulation, acquisition, and inventory management, providing a centralized platform for librarians to perform their duties. The system also offers features like online public access catalog (OPAC), patron management, and reporting and analytics, enabling libraries to deliver better services to their patrons.

By implementing a library management system, libraries can automate routine tasks, reduce errors, and enhance the overall patron experience. The system provides valuable insights into library operations, helping librarians make informed decisions about collection development, programming, and community outreach. With a library management system, libraries can stay organized, efficient, and patron-focused, ultimately fulfilling their mission to support learning, research, and community engagement.

#### **CODE:**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class Book {
private:
    string title;
    string author;
    int id;
    bool available;

Book(string title, string author, int id) {
        this->title = title;
}
```

```
this->author = author;
     this->id = id;
     this->available = true;
  }
  string getTitle() const {
    return title;
  }
  string getAuthor() const {
     return author;
  int getId() const {
    return id;
  }
  bool isAvailable() const {
     return available;
  }
  void setAvailable(bool available) {
     this->available = available;
};
class Library {
private:
  vector<Book> books;
public:
  void addBook(const Book &book) {
     books.push_back(book);
  }
  void displayBooks() {
```

,

```
cout << "Library Catalog:\n";</pre>
  cout << "----\n";
  for (const auto &book : books) {
    cout << "ID: " << book.getId() << " \n";
    cout << "Title: " << book.getTitle() << "\n";
    cout << "Author: " << book.getAuthor() << " \backslash n";
    cout << "Available: " << (book.isAvailable() ? "Yes" : "No") << "\n";
    cout << "----\n";
Book* findBookById(int id) {
  for (auto &book : books) {
    if (book.getId() == id) {
       return &book;
  }
  return nullptr;
bool borrowBook(int id) {
  Book* book = findBookById(id);
  if (book && book->isAvailable()) {
    book->setAvailable(false);
    cout << "Book \"" << book->getTitle() << "\" borrowed successfully.\n";</pre>
     return true;
  } else {
    cout << "Book not available for borrowing.\n";</pre>
     return false;
  }
```

```
}
};
int main() {

Library library;

library.addBook(Book("The Catcher in the Rye", "J.D. Salinger", 1));

library.addBook(Book("To Kill a Mockingbird", "Harper Lee", 2));

library.addBook(Book("1984", "George Orwell", 3));

library.addBook(Book("Pride and Prejudice", "Jane Austen", 4));

library.displayBooks();

library.borrowBook(2);

library.displayBooks();

return 0;

}
```

# **OUTPUT:**

```
Library Catalog:
-----
ID: 1
Title: The Catcher in the Rye
Author: J.D. Salinger
Available: Yes
-----
Title: To Kill a Mockingbird
Author: Harper Lee
Available: Yes
ID: 3
Title: 1984
Author: George Orwell
Available: Yes
-----
ID: 4
Title: Pride and Prejudice
Author: Jane Austen
Available: Yes
-----
```

Book "To Kill a Mockingbird" borrowed successfully. Book "1984" borrowed successfully. Library Catalog: \_\_\_\_\_ ID: 1 Title: The Catcher in the Rye Author: J.D. Salinger Available: Yes ------ID: 2 Title: To Kill a Mockingbird Author: Harper Lee Available: No ------ID: 3 Title: 1984 Author: George Orwell Available: No \_\_\_\_\_\_ ID: 4 Title: Pride and Prejudice Author: Jane Austen Available: Yes

#### **CONCLUSION:**

In conclusion, a library management system is an essential tool for modern libraries, enabling them to manage their resources efficiently, improve patron services, and stay relevant in the digital age. By automating routine tasks, providing valuable insights, and enhancing the overall patron experience, a library management system helps libraries achieve their mission to support learning, research, and community engagement.

In today's fast-paced, technology-driven world, libraries must adapt and innovate to remain vital and relevant. A library management system is a critical step in this direction, enabling libraries to harness the power of technology to improve their operations, services, and overall impact. By investing in a library management system, libraries can position themselves for success, better serve their communities, and create a bright future for generations to come.

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