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M80-405B-18

1) Memogan ompancement nongrenns pemenne nephoù novamonokpaeboù zagarn que bamobaro yp-2

$$\int Utt - 4xx \qquad x>0, t>0$$

$$U|_{x=0} = 0$$

$$U|_{t=0} = \Psi(x), \quad ut|_{t=0} = \Psi(x)$$

Observenumb magnorms knaceur. penneme $4 \in C^2(\bar{Q})$, zge. $Q = f(r,t) \in \mathbb{R}^2$: x>0, t>0, nozbonesom var. gammue $q(r) \in C^2(0,+\infty)$, $q(r) \in C^1(0,+\infty)$

$$\begin{cases} 4 = x + t \\ y = x - t \end{cases}$$

$$u(x,t) = f(x+t) + g(x+t)$$

$$\begin{cases}
f(x) + g(x) = \Psi(x) \\
f'(x) - g'(x) = \Psi(x)
\end{cases}$$

$$\forall x \ge 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \Psi(x) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{K} \Psi(x) dx + C$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2} \Psi(x) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{K} \Psi(x) dx - C$$

$$\forall x \ge 0$$

$$f(t) + g(-t) = 0$$
 $\forall t \geq 0$

$$g(s) = -f(-s)$$
 $\forall s = 0$

$$G(s) = -\frac{1}{2}\Psi(-x) - \frac{1}{2}\int_{0}^{s} \Psi(s) ds - C \quad \forall s < 0$$

Tyrobepune cornacobannocme zaganner nor. u yanırınıx yellin $\begin{cases} g(-0) = g(+0) & -\frac{1}{2} \varphi(0) - C = \frac{1}{2} \varphi(0) - C \\ g'(-0) = g'(+0) & \Rightarrow & \frac{1}{2} \varphi'(0) + \frac{1}{2} \varphi(0) = \frac{1}{2} \varphi'(0) - \frac{1}{2} \varphi(0) = 0 \\ g''(-0) = g''(+0) & & -\frac{1}{2} \varphi''(0) - \frac{1}{2} \varphi''(0) - \frac{1}{2} \varphi''(0) & \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \varphi(0) = 0 \\ \varphi''(0) = 0 \end{cases}$ $\psi(x,t) = \frac{1}{2} \varphi(x+t) + \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \varphi(x-t) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-t}^{x-t} \varphi(1) df, \quad x \ge t \\ -\frac{1}{2} \varphi(t-x) + \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-t}^{x-t} \varphi(1) df, \quad x \le t \end{cases}$

2) Troave pegykusun k ognopognomi upaeboun yes-su nationer pemenne briopon narasono-kpaeboui zagoru gus yp-s menso-rpobognocimu siemogan ompancemuii:

ut = uxx, x>0, t>0 $ux|_{x=0} = g(t)$ $u|_{t=0} = 0$

Segyevene $U = V + g(t) \cdot S(x)$ g(0) = 0 S'(0) = 0

 $V_t = V_{xx} - g(t) S(x) + g(t) \cdot S''(x)$ $V_x|_{x=0} = 0$

V/6=0=0

ucnontzyen
$$q - uy$$
 Tyaccona ryu $u(x) = 0$

$$V = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(x-y)^2}{u(t-x)} \cdot f(x,y) dx dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(x-y)^2}{u(t-x)} + e^{-\frac{(x-y)^2}{u(t-x)}}$$

$$u = g(t)S(x) + \int_{0}^{t} \int_{0}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{(x-t)^{2}}{4(t-\sigma)}} - \frac{(x+t)^{2}}{4(t-\sigma)}}{2\sqrt{\pi(t-\sigma)}} f(t,\sigma) dt d\sigma$$

3) базденением перешенного решинь погольно-краевую задочу для ур-я гиперботического типа:

$$\int U f f = u_{xx} + 4u + 2 \sin^{2}x, \quad 0 < x < \sqrt{5}, \quad f > 0$$

$$u_{x}|_{x=0} = 0, \quad u_{x}|_{x=\sqrt{5}} = 0$$

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$$U(x,t) = X(x) T(t)$$

$$T''(t) X(x) - X''(x) T(t) + 4 X(x) T(t) \implies \frac{T''(t)}{T(t)} - 4 = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\lambda^2$$
$$-X'' - \lambda^2 X$$

$$X'(6) = 6, X'(\pi) = 0$$

A)
$$\lambda = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\chi &= A \times + B \\
A &= 0 \\
\chi_0 &= 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\chi &= A \cos \lambda \times + B \sin \lambda \times \\
\beta &= 0 \\
- \lambda A \sin \lambda \lambda = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$U = \sum_{\kappa=0}^{\infty} T_{\kappa} \cos \kappa \kappa$$

$$\sum_{\kappa=0}^{N} (T_{\kappa}^{"} + \kappa^{2}T - 4T) \cos \kappa \kappa = 2 \sin^{2} \kappa$$

$$\int_{\kappa=0}^{\infty} T_{\kappa}^{"} + (\kappa^{2} - 4) T = \lambda \kappa$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} T_{\kappa} | + (\kappa^{2} - 4) T = d\kappa$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} T_{\kappa} | (0) = T_{\kappa} | (0) = 0$$

$$K = 0,1,2...$$

$$\begin{cases} A+B-\frac{1}{4}=0\\ 2A-2B=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A=B=\frac{1}{3}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{1}{8} \left(e^{2t} + e^{-2t} \right) - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$K \ge 3$$
 $K^2 - 4 = \omega^2$

$$\begin{cases} B = 0 \\ A \omega = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$K = \frac{1}{8} \left(e^{2t} + e^{-2t} \right) - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2 \sin^2 x = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_{k=0}^{\infty} k \cos kx$$

$$L_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} 2 \sin^2 x \, dx = 1$$

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