

Admin@LAPTOP-Q5U6S2UH:/mnt/c/Users/Admin/desktop/Все для вуза\$ gcc laba9.c

Admin@LAPTOP-Q5U6S2UH:/mnt/c/Users/Admin/desktop/Все для вуза\$ ./a.out

0 10 20 -1

1 12 12 9

2 3 8 13

3 12 3 19

4 17 13 15

5 7 -7 11

Admin@LAPTOP-Q5U6S2UH:/mnt/c/Users/Admin/desktop/Все для вуза\$ gnuplot

GNUPLOT

Version 5.0 patchlevel 3 last modified 2016-02-21

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Thomas Williams, Colin Kelley and many others

gnuplot home: <http://www.gnuplot.info>

faq, bugs, etc: type "help FAQ"

immediate help: type "help" (plot window: hit 'h')

Terminal type set to 'qt'

gnuplot> set terminal dumb

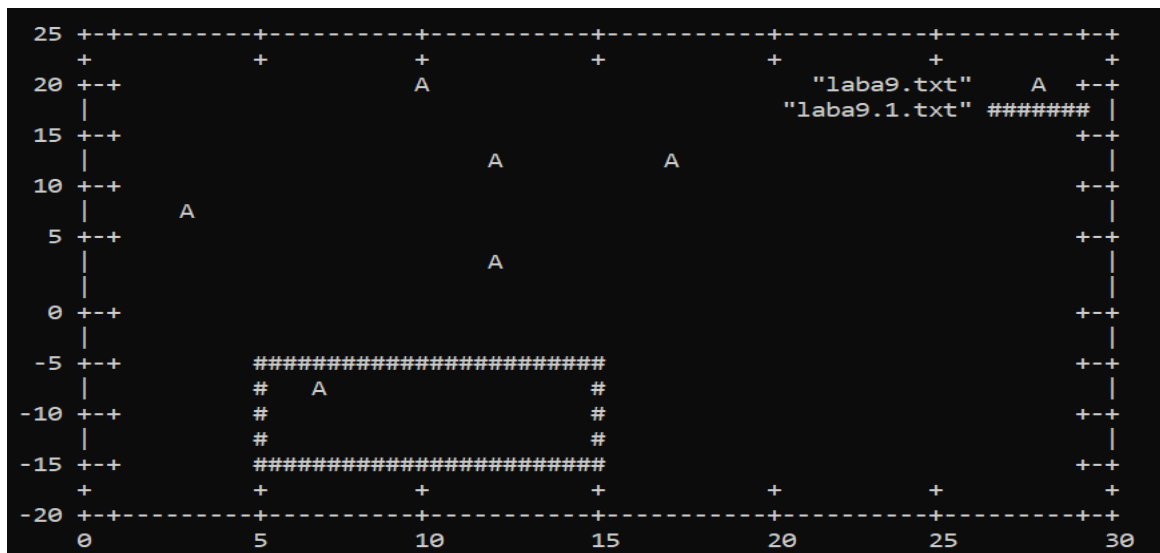
Terminal type set to 'dumb'

Options are 'feed size 79, 24 aspect 2, 1'

gnuplot> set xrange[0:30]

gnuplot> set yrange[-20:25]

gnuplot> plot "laba9.txt", "laba9.1.txt" with lines



```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int cel(int num, int den) {
    return (num*den > 0) ? num / den : (num%den == 0) ? num / den : num / den - 1;
}

int ost(int a, int b) {
    return a - b * (cel(a, b));
}

int max(int a, int b) {
    return (a > b) ? a : b;
}

int min(int a, int b) {
    return (a > b) ? b : a;
}

int min2(int a, int b, int c) {
    int minimal;
    if (a < b) {
        minimal = a;
    }
    else {
        minimal = b;
    }
    if (minimal > c) {
        minimal = c;
    }
    return minimal;
}

int main() {
    int i = 10, j = 20, l = -1, sign, k = 0, x, y, z;
    printf ("%d %d %d %d\n", k, i, j, l);
    for (k ; k < 50; k++) {
        if (i > j) {
            sign = 1;

```

```

    }

    if (i = j) {
        sign = 0;
    }

    if (i < j) {
        sign = -1;
    }

    x = ost((abs(max(i*(k+5),j*(k+6))) - abs(min(j*(k+7),l*(k+8)))), 20);
    y = ost(((3 - sign)*abs(min2(i*l+5,j*l-3,i*j+6))), 25) - 7;
    z = ost(i, 10) + ost(j, 10) + ost(l, 10);

    i = x;
    j = y;
    l = z;

    printf("%d %d %d %d\n", k+1, i, j, l);

    if (i > 5 && i < 15 && j < -5 && i > -15) {
        break;
    }

}

return 0;

}

```