Basic Structure

<?php phpinfo(); ?>

Comment

<?php

//this is single comment
#this is single comment
/*this is multiline comment
comment
comment
*/

If error doesn't display on php 5.5.9 ubuntu

delete; before production value /etc/php5/apache2

- ; error_reporting
- ; Default Value: E_ALL & ~E_NOTICE & ~E_STRICT & ~E_DEPRECATED
- ; Development Value: E_ALL

Production Value: E_ALL & ~E_DEPRECATED & ~E_STRICT

Printing/output (echo or print)

```
<?php
echo "printing single line in php";
echo "<p>";
echo "printing multiline <br> in php";
?>
```

Using variabel (\$) and connector (.)

```
<?php
$a=3;
$b=2;
$c=$a+$b;
echo $a.'+'.$b.'='.$c;
?>
```

```
<?php
$a="php";
$b="javascript";
$c=$a.$b;
echo $a.'+'.$b.'='.$c;
?>
```

Replacement character

\n is replaced by the newline character
\r is replaced by the carriage-return character
\t is replaced by the tab character
\\$ is replaced by the dollar sign itself (\$)
\" is replaced by a single double-quote (")
\\ is replaced by a single backslash (\)

Variable global and local, function with parameter and return value

```
<?php
$a=8;
function number($g) // function name : number, parameter : $g
   GLOBAL $a; // set a as global variable, position a must be outside function
   $b=$g; // local variable $b and $c
   c = b+a;
   return $c; // return value
}
                                              local variable: 14
echo "local variable : ".number(6);
                                              global variable: 8
echo "";
echo "global variable: ".$a;
<mark>?></mark>
Variable static
<?php
                                          Static will hold the last value
function number()
                                            every time function called
   STATIC $a=0;
                       123
                                                Without STATIC
   $a++;
                                       Result $a after 3 times call will be
   echo $a;
                                                       111
}
echo number();
echo number();
echo number();
echo "<br>";
?>
Constant
<?php
define("NUM",5); // number constant
                                                   5
define("STRING", "asri"); // string constant
                                                   asri
function number()
   echo NUM;
   echo "<br>";
   echo STRING;
}
number();
?>
```

Arithmetic Operators

Operator	Description
+, -	add, substracts
*	multiply
/	divide
%	modulus
++,	Increment, decrement

Comparison operators

Operator	Description
==	If left equal right \rightarrow if(a==b)
!=	If left not equal right
>	If left greater than right
<	If left less than right
>=	If left greater than or equal to right
<=	If left less than or equal to right

Logical operators

Operator	Description
and, &&	And operator (\$a && \$b)
or,	Or operator (\$a \$b)
!	Not operator (!\$a)

Assignment operators

Operator	Description
=	Place right(a+b) to left(c) \rightarrow \$c=\$a+\$b;
+= , -=	\$b=\$b+\$a, \$b=\$b-\$a
= , /=	\$b=\$b\$a, \$b=\$b/\$a
%=	\$b=\$b%\$a

Conditional operator

Operator	Description
?:	if(a==true)? then: otherwise

Condition: If .. elseif .. else

```
<!php
function number($a, $b)
{
    if(($a==0) || ($b==0))
    {       $c=0;    }
    elseif($a==$b)
    {       $c=$a;    }
    else
    {       $c=$a+$b;    }
    return $c;
}

$g=number(2,5);
echo $g;
?>
```

Condition: Switch.. case

```
<?php
function number($g)
   switch($g)
      case (0):
        $c="0";
        break;
     case ($g<5):
        $c=$g." less than 5";
        break;
      case ($g<10):
        $c=$g." more than or equal 5";
        break;
      default:
        $c=$g." more than or equal 10";
   return $c;
}
                          1 less than 5
echo number(1);
?>
```

Looping: for

```
<?php
function number($g)
  for($a=1; $a<=$g; $a++)
     $c= "cumi : ". $a . "<br>";
     echo $c;
}
number(3);
?>
                                    Looping: while
<?php
function number($g)
  $a=1;
                                                               cumi:1
  while($a<=$g)
                                                               cumi: 2
                                                               cumi:3
     $c= "cumi : ". $a . "<br>";
     echo $c;
     $a++;
  }
}
number(3);
?>
                                  Looping: do.. while
<?php
function number($g)
  $a=1;
  do
     $c= "cumi : ". $a . "<br>";
     echo $c;
     $a++;
     while($a<=$g);
}
number(3);
?>
```

Looping: foreach (looping in array)

```
<!php
function number($g)
{
    foreach($g as $k)
    {
        echo $k. "<br>";
    }
}

$myarray = array(1,4,3,2,8);
number($myarray);
}
```

break and continue

```
<?php
function number($g)
{
    $a=0;
    while($a<=$g)
    {
        $a++;
        echo $a;
        if($a==4)
        { break; }
    }
}
number(10);
?>
```

```
1234
```

```
<?php
function number($g)
{
    $a=0;
    while($a<$g)
    {
        $a++;
        if($a==4)
        { continue; }
        echo $a;
    }
}
number(10);
?>
```

1235678910

arrays

```
<?php
function number() // first method to create array
   $number=array(1,2,3,4,5);
   foreach($number as $num)
   { echo $num. " ";
}
function string() // second method to create array
                                                           12345
                                                           one two three four five
   $string[0] = "one";
   $string[1] = "two";
  $string[2] = "three";
   $string[3] = "four";
   $string[4] = "five";
   foreach ($string as $str)
   { echo $str. " "; }
}
number();
echo "<br>";
string();
<mark>?></mark>
                                      associative arrays
<?php
function mai()
{
   $programmer = array (
                                                      $programmer['kuki'] = "javascript";
                    "kuki" => "javascript",
                                                      $programmer['woki'] = "php";
                    "woki" => "php",
                                                      $programmer['aiki'] = "nodejs";
                    "aiki" => "nodejs"
                 );
  foreach ($programmer as $prog)
        echo $prog. " "; } //echo $programmer['woki'];
}
mai();
?>
```

Learn since 2006

Passing array as parameter of function

```
<?php
function momo($a)
  foreach($a as $ab)
                                        13536
     echo $ab. " ";
}
$a=array(1,3,5,3,6);
momo(\$a);
?>
                        function : count() → count amount of array
<?php
$a=array(1,3,5,3,6,7);
echo count($a); // sizeof()
                              6
<?php
$a=array("lion", "bear", "cow");
                                       3
echo count($a);
?>
                      sort array (ascending), rsort array (descending)
<?php
                                              <?php
$a=array("lion", "bear", "cow");
                                              $a=array("lion", "bear", "cow");
sort($a); // rsort
                                              sort($a); // rsort
$lenghta = count($a);
                                              $lenghta = count($a);
                             1
                                                                                    2
echo $lenghta;
                                              echo $lenghta;
echo "<br>";
                                              echo "<br>";
for($x=0; $x<$lenghta; $x++)
                                              for($x=0; $x<$lenghta; $x++)
  if($x<$lenghta-1)
```

bear, cow, lion

echo **\$a[\$x**]. ", ";

echo **\$a**[**\$x**]. " ";

else

}

?>

asort array (ascending), ksort array (descending)

```
<?php
$a=array("lion"=>2, "bear"=>5, "cow"=>3);
asort($a);
                                                        lion = > 2 cow = > 3 bear = > 5
foreach($a as $b => $bvalue)
   if(!each($a))
      echo $b . "=>" . $bvalue . " ";
   else
      echo $b . "=>" . $bvalue . ", ";
?>
                function : array_push() → add element to the end of an array
<?php
$a=array("lion", "bear", "cow");
                                                        <?php
array_push($a, "goat", "elephant");
                                                        $a=array("lion", "bear", "cow");
                                                        array_push($a, "goat", "elephant");
foreach($a as $b)
                                                        print_r($a);
   if(!each($a))
                                                        ?>
      echo $b . " ";
   else
                                    Array ([0] => lion [1] => bear [2] => cow [3] => goat [4] => elephant)
      echo $b . ", ";
?>
         lion, bear, cow, goat, elephant
                  function : array_splice() → replace array with new array
<?php
function printarr($a)
{
   foreach($a as $aa)
   { echo $aa, " "; }
}
$a=array(1,2,3,4,5);
$b=array(6,7);
                                               first array: 1 2 3 4 5
echo "first array : ", printarr($a). "<br>";
                                               second array: 67
echo "second array : ", printarr($b). "<br>";
                                               array after delete & add new array: 16745
echo "array after delete & add new array: ";
$start=1; //from array
$amount=2; //how much element in array to replace
array_splice($a,$start,$amount,$b);
printarr($a);
?>
```

```
function : array_pop() → delete last element in array
```

```
<?php
$a=array("php","javascript","pascal");
array_pop($a);
                                            php javascript
foreach($a as $b)
{ echo $b. " "; }
?>
           function : array_count_values() → count amount of element in array
<?php
$a=array("php","javascript","pascal", "c++", "php", "c++", "php");
print_r(array_count_values($a)); // must use print_r to print
?>
                            Array ( [php] => 3 [javascript] => 1 [pascal] => 1 [c++] => 2)
                function : array_product() → multiply all element in array
<?php
$a=array(4,5,6);
                               120
echo array_product($a);
?>
    function : array_replace() → replace first array with second array in right position
<?php
$a=array("php","javascript","pascal");
$b=array("c++","nodejs");
$c=array_replace($a, $b);
                                          c++ nodejs pascal
foreach ($c as $cc)
{ echo $cc. " "; }
?>
                   function : array_reverse() → reverse element in array
<?php
$a=array("php","javascript","pascal","c++");
$c=array_reverse($a);
                                             c++ pascal javascript php
foreach ($c as $cc)
{ echo $cc. " "; }
?>
```

```
function : array_slice() → cut array
<?php
$a=array("php","javascript","pascal","c++");
$c=array_slice($a,1);
                                             javascript pascal c++
foreach ($c as $cc)
{ echo $cc. " "; }
?>
                     function : array_sum() → sum all element in array
<?php
$a=array(2,5,1,3);
                            11
$c=array_sum($a);
echo $c;
?>
                 function : array_search() → get element position in array
<?php
$a=array("js","java","php","c++","pascal");
                                                  3
$c=array_search("c++",$a);
echo $c;
?>
                function : array_unique() → remove double element in array
<?php
$a=array("js","java","php","c++","pascal", "php", "js");
$c=array_unique($a);
                                     is java php c++ pascal
foreach($c as $cc)
{ echo $cc. " "; }
?>
               function : current() → get current value/first element in array
<?php
$a=array("js","java","php","c++","pascal", "nodejs", "phyton");
                                                                         js
echo current($a) . "<br>"; // show current pointer position
                                                                         java
echo next($a). "<br>"; // next position
                                                                         java
echo current($a). "<br>"; // show current position
                                                                         js
echo prev($a) . "<br>"; // show previous position
                                                                         phyton
echo end($a). "<br>"; // go to last element
                                                                         js
echo reset($a) . "<br>"; // back to first element
?>
```

function : max(), min() → get max and min value element from array

```
<?php
$a=array(4,7,3,6,2,9,1);
                                   9
echo max($a). "<br>";
                                   1
echo min($a);
?>
                 function : array_merge() → merge array into one array
<?php
$a=array(4,7,3,6,2,9,1);
$b=array("php","js");
$c=array_merge($a,$b);
                                  4736291 php js
foreach($c as $cc)
{ echo $cc. " "; }
?>
           function : array_walk() → matching array element with user function
<?php
function pui($a, $b)
   echo "No: $b, language: $a <br>";
                                                 No: 1, language: php
}
                                                 No: 2, language: js
$a=array(1=>"php",2=>"js");
array_walk($a, pui);
?>
                      function : in_array() → search element in array
<?php
$a=array("php","js", "c++", "nodejs");
$b='js';
                                                  js found
if(in_array($b, $a))
{ echo $b . " found"; }
else
{ echo $b . " not found"; }
?>
```

function: ceil, floor, round

```
<?php
// round numbers up to the nearest integer
                                                    1
echo(ceil(0.6)."<br>");
                                                    1
echo(ceil(0.4)."<br>");
                                                    5
echo(ceil(5)."<br>");
                                                    6
echo(ceil(5.1)."<br>");
                                                    6
echo(ceil(5.9)."<br>");
                                                    -5
echo(ceil(-5.1)."<br>");
                                                    -5
echo(ceil(-5.9)."");
                                                    0
// round number down to the nearest integer
                                                    0
echo(floor(0.6)."<br>");
                                                    5
echo(floor(0.4)."<br>");
                                                    5
echo(floor(5)."<br>");
                                                    5
echo(floor(5.1)."<br>");
                                                    -6
echo(floor(5.9)."<br>");
                                                    -6
echo(floor(-5.1)."<br>");
echo(floor(-5.9)."");
                                                    1
                                                    1
// round floating-point numbers
                                                    0
echo(round(0.60)."<br>");
                                                    -4
echo(round(0.50)."<br>");
                                                    -5
echo(round(0.49)."<br>");
echo(round(-4.49)."<br>");
echo(round(-4.50)."");
?>
                                     function: sqrt, pow
<?php
echo(sqrt(9)."<br>"); // square root
                                                3
echo(pow(2,5)."<br>"); // 2*2*2*2*2
                                                32
?>
                 function: fmod (get result of two variable dividing 0 or 1)
<?php
$a = 9;
$b = 3;
sc = 4;
                                  0
                                  1
d = fmod(a,b);
echo $d ."<br>";
e = fmod(a,sc);
echo $e;
?>
```

function: bindec (convert biner to decimal) & decbin (decimal to biner)

```
<?php
$num = "0011";
$nim = bindec($num);
                            3
echo $nim;
?>
<?php
$num = "3";
$nim = decbin($num);
                             11
echo $nim;
?>
               function: dechex (convert decimal to hexadecimal) & hexdec
<?php
$num = "3000";
                               bb8
$nim = dechex($num);
echo $nim;
?>
                   function: decoct (convert decimal to octal) & octdec
<?php
$num = "70";
$nim = decoct($num);
                              106
echo $nim;
?>
```

function: isset (is variable has been set), unset (unset a variable)

```
<?php
$word = "pui";

if(isset($word))
{    echo "Yes"; }
    else
{    echo "No"; }
?>
```

```
$\times_{\text{php}}
$\text{word} = "pui";
unset($\text{word}); // if we try to put
unset function

if(isset($\text{word}))
{ echo "Yes"; }
else
{ echo "No"; }
?>
```

function: empty() → if a variable doesn't has a value

```
<!php
$word = "";

if(empty($word))
{    echo "variable ha no value"; }
    else
{     echo "variable has a value inside"; }

?>

variable ha no value
```

function : $gettype() \rightarrow get what type of variable$

```
<?php
$a = 5;
$b = "5";
$c = "five";
$d = array(1,2,3);
$e = 5.3;
f = true;
class pui
   function name()
    { echo "my name"; }
g = \text{new pui};
                                                 a integer
echo "a " . gettype($a). "<br>";
                                                 b string
echo "b " . gettype($b). "<br>";
                                                 c string
echo "c " . gettype($c). "<br>";
                                                 d array
echo "d " . gettype($d). "<br>";
                                                 e double
echo "e " . gettype($e). "<br>";
echo "f " . gettype($f). "<br>";
                                                 f boolean
                                                 g object
echo "g " . gettype($g);
```

The Get & Post Method

```
<?php
if($_GET["name"] || $_GET["age"])
                                                         Note: Use Post for password
   echo "Name : ", $_GET['name']."<br/>";
   echo "Age: ", $_GET['age']. "<br/>";
   exit();
?>
                                       Name : jiko
                                                                     Age : 90
                                        Submit Query
<html>
<body>
                                                                                    Name: jiko
                                                                                    Age : 90
<form action="<?php $_PHP_SELF ?>" method="GET">
   Name : <input type="text" name="name">
   Age : <input type="text" name="age">
   <input type="submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

The Request Variable

(can receive the result from data sent with both the GET and POST methods)

```
<?php
if($_REQUEST["name"] || $_REQUEST["age"])
   echo "Name: ", $_REQUEST['name']."<br/>";
   echo "Age: ", $_REQUEST['age']. "<br/>";
   exit();
}
?>
<html>
<body>
   <form action="<?php $_PHP_SELF ?>" method="POST">
      Name : <input type="text" name="name">
      Age : <input type="text" name="age">
      <input type="submit">
   </form>
</body>
</html>
```

require dan include (call another php file in php)

require() function will produce error and scripts should not continue executing. include() function will continue run scripts although there was an error.

```
index.php
<?php
require("wa.php"); //include
echo "macan";
?>
```

```
wa.php
<?php
echo "yuhu";
?>
```

open and reading file

```
index.php
<?php
$filename = "mao.txt";
$file = fopen($filename,"roooo"); // open file
if($file==false)
{
   echo("error in opening file");
   exit();
}
$filesize = filesize($filename); // get file size
$filetext = fread($file, $filesize); // read file
fclose($file); // close file
echo("File size: $filesize bytes");
echo("$filetext");
<u>?></u>
mao.txt
lala
trilili
lolo
```

File size: 22 bytes

lala trilili lolo mumu

write file

make file **coba.txt** rhen change permisson

mumu

```
$\filename = "coba.txt";

if(file_exists(\filename))
{
    \file=fopen(\filename,"w");

    \file = "This is the file/n
        we want to write";
    fputs(\file, \file, \file);
}
else
echo "File doesn't exist";
?>
```

"r" = mode file read only, posisi pointer pada awal file

"w" = mode file write only, membuat file baru posisi pointer pada awal file, jika file telah ada maka isi File langsung dihapus.

"r+" = mode read-write, pointer pada awal file, file dapat dibaca dan ditulis.

"a" = append (hanya tulis), posisi pointer pada akhir file, Data tidak akan dihapus namun ditambah, jika file tidak ada maka file baru akan dibuat.

"a+" = append (baca tulis), seperti mode "a" dengan tambahan dapat melakukan pembacaan file

class php (function var_dump)

```
<?php
class fruit
   var $color="red";
                                             object(fruit)#1 (4)
   var $price=4000;
   var $taste;
                                                ["color"]=> string(3) "red"
   var $amount;
                                                ["price"]=> int(4000)
                                                ["taste"]=> string(5) "sweet"
   function getTaste($tas)
                                                ["amount"]=> int(20)
      $this->taste=$tas;
   function getAmount($am)
   { $this->amount=$am;
                                }
}
$mia = new fruit;
$mia->getTaste("sweet");
$mia->getAmount(20);
var_dump($mia); // var_dump = function to check all content in class
```

function: strlen() = length of string

```
<?php
function mai($acem)
   $mongki= strlen($acem);
   return $mongki;
}
                                                   Amount of Character: 15
$g = "mamamia lezatoz";
echo "Amount of Character : ". mai($g);
<u>?></u>
            function: strpos() = search for a string or character within a string
<?php
function mai($acem)
                                        Start position of lezatoz is: 8 at mamamia lezatoz
   $koki = "mamamia lezatoz";
   $mongki = strpos($koki, $acem);
  return $mongki . " at " . $koki;
}
$g = "lezatoz";
echo "Start position of " . $g ." is : ". mai($g);
                           function : str_repeat() = repeat variable
<?php
   $a = "eat";
                                                              eat eat eat eat
   $b = str_repeat($a. " ",5); // repeat $a 5x
   echo $b;
          function: strtoupper & strtolower = convert to uppercase & lowercase
<?php
$a = "eat";
b = strtoupper(a);
                                  eat EAT
echo $a . " " . $b;
?>
<?php
                                  EAT eat
a = \text{"EAT"};
b = strtolower(a);
echo $a . " " . $b;
?>
```

function: substr = take string from ... to ...

function : substr_count = count substr from variable

```
<!php

$a = "javascript javascript";
$b = substr_count($a, "pt");
echo $a . "<br>
}

javascript javascript
2

2
```

integer and string

```
<?php
$integer=123;
$string="123";
echo "Integer number: ";
echo $integer;
echo "<br>";
echo "String number: ";
echo $string;
echo "";
echo "Adding integer with integer 2:";
echo $integer + 2;
echo "<br>";
echo "Adding string with string 2:";
echo $string . "2";
echo "";
echo "Adding integer with string 2:";
echo $integer . "2";
echo "<br>";
echo "Adding string wth integer 2:";
echo $string + 2;
echo "";
echo "Length of integer: ";
echo strlen($integer);
echo "<br>";
echo "Length of string: ";
echo strlen($string);
echo "";
echo "Adding integer and string ";
$integerstring = $integer+$string;
echo $integerstring;
?>
```

```
Integer number: 123
String number: 123
Adding integer with integer 2: 125
Adding string with string 2: 1232
Adding integer with string 2: 1232
Adding string wth integer 2: 125
Length of integer: 3
Length of string: 3
Adding integer and string 246
```

convert integer to string

```
$integer=123;
$integertostring = strval($integer); // way 1 (convert integer to string using strval)
echo $integertostring+4; // after convert we still can add string to integer
echo "";
$integertostring2 = (string) $integer; // way 2 (convert integer to string using string)
echo $integertostring2+4;
echo "";
}
```

convert string to integer

```
$\text{string} = "123";
$\text{stringtointeger} = intval(\string); // way 1 (convert string to integer using intval)
echo \text{$\text{stringtointeger} + "4"; // after convert we still can add integer to string
echo "";
$\text{$\text{stringtointeger} 2 = (integer) \text{$\text{string}; // way 2 (convert string to integer using integer)}
echo \text{$\text{$\text{stringtointeger} 2 + "4";}
echo "";
}
```

function: ucwords (change uppercase every first word) & ucfirst (only first word)

```
$a = "javascript javascript";
$b = ucwords($a);
$c = ucfirst($a);
echo $a . "<br>" . $b . "<br>" . $c;

javascript javascript
Javascript javascript
Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

Javascript javascript

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```

function: is_numeric (this variable is a number/integer or not)

```
<?php
$integer=123;
$string="123";
$string2="satu";
$string3=satu;
if(is_numeric($integer))
{ echo "{$integer} is integer<br>"; }
else
{ echo "{\sinteger} is string < br > ";}
if(is_numeric($string))
{ echo "{$string} is integer<br>";
else
   echo "{$string} is string<br>"; }
if(is_numeric($string2))
{ echo "{$string2} is integer<br>"; }
else
  echo "{$string2} is string<br>";
if(is_numeric($string3))
{ echo "{$string3} is integer<br>"; }
else
   echo "{$string3} is string<br>";
```

123 is integer 123 is integer satu is string satu is string

function: is_string (this variable is string or not) is_int (integer or not)

```
<?php
$integer=123;
                         123 is integer
$string="123";
                         123 is string
$string2="satu";
                         satu is string
$string3=satu;
                         satu is string
if(is_string($integer))
{ echo "{$integer} is string<br>";
else
{ echo "{$integer} is integer<br>"; }
if(is_string($string))
{ echo "{$string} is string<br>"; }
else
{ echo "{$string} is integer<br>";
if(is_string($string2))
  echo "{$string2} is string<br>";
{
else
   echo "{$string2} is integer<br>"; }
if(is_string($string3))
   echo "{$string3} is string<br>";
else
   echo "{$string3} is integer<br>"; }
```

```
<?php
$integer=123;
                             123 is integer
$string="123";
                             123 is string
$string2="satu";
                             satu is string
$string3=satu;
                             satu is string
if(is_int($integer))
{ echo "{$integer} is integer<br>"; }
  echo "{$integer} is string<br>";
                                      }
if(is_int($string))
{ echo "{$string} is integer<br>";
else
{ echo "{$string} is string<br>"; }
if(is_int($string2))
{ echo "{$string2} is integer<br>"; }
{ echo "{$string2} is string<br>";
if(is_int($string3))
   echo "{$string3} is integer<br>"; }
else
{
   echo "{$string3} is string<br>";
```

function: explode & implode

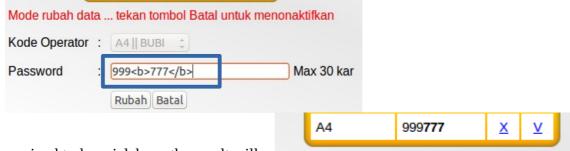
function : rand() = generate a random number with-in a given range function : srand() = specifies the seed number as its argument

```
<?php
function mixer()
   srand(microtime()*1000000);
   $num=rand(1,4);
   switch($num)
      case 1: $im = "js.svg";
                                 break;
      case 2: $im = "css.svg";
                                 break;
      case 3: $im = "html.svg";
                                                                   Random image
                                 break;
      case 4: $im = "php.svg";
                                     break;
   echo "Random image <br> <img src=$im>";
}
mixer();
?>
```

function: htmlspecialchars

Get variable input without htmlspecialchars, if we try to fill data with html tag 777, the result will return only number without tag

\$pass = \$_GET['pass'];



if we using htmlspecialchars, the result will show number and tag all at once.

\$pass = htmlspecialchars(\$_GET['pass']);



function: trim = cut all space

```
$pass = trim($_GET['pass']); Password : 999
```

cut all space when we input a number or string.

function: number_format

```
echo "Rp. ". number_format(doubleval("$rowtotaljual[jual]"),2, ", ", ".");
```

```
Jumlah : Rp. 0, 00
```

function : preg_match = must number

```
if (preg_match("\D/",$jlhber))
     { echo "Jumlah barang harus angka"; }
```

Get variable and send variable to other file using form

function: getdate

```
<?php
   $tglsekarang=getdate();
                                    2016-07-29
   $tgl=$tglsekarang[0];
   $tglsek=date('Y-m-d', $tgl);
   echo $tglsek;
?>
<?php
   $tglsekarang=getdate();
   $tgl=$tglsekarang[0];
                                          Friday-29-July-2016
   $tglsek=date('l-d-F-Y', $tgl);
   echo $tglsek;
?>
<?php
   $tglsekarang=getdate();
   $tgl=$tglsekarang[0];
                                         day: 5 th in month
   $tglsek=date('w S', $tgl);
   echo "day: ". $tglsek; . " in month ";
?>
<?php
   $tglsekarang=getdate();
   $tgl=$tglsekarang[0];
                                          day: 210 th in year
   $tglsek=date('z S', $tgl);
   echo "day: ". $tglsek." in year ";
?>
                                  funtion: mail (send email)
<?php
   from = "From: bob@gmail.com";
   $to = "sus@yahoo.com";
   $subject = "Hello";
   $fill = "tihs is only for you";
   mail($to,$subject,$fill,$from);
?>
```

version of php

php.ini-production contains settings which hold security, performance and best practices at its core. But please be aware, these settings may break compatibility with older or less security conscience applications. We recommending using the production ini in production and testing environments.

php.ini-development is very similar to its production variant, except it's much more verbose when it comes to errors. We recommending using the development version only in development environments as errors shown to application users can inadvertently leak otherwise secure information.

This is php.ini-production INI file.

We recommending using the development version only in development environments as errors shown to application users can **inadvertently leak** otherwise secure information.

Kami merekomendasikan menggunakan versi pengembangan hanya dalam lingkungan pengembangan sebagai kesalahan ditampilkan kepada pengguna aplikasi secara tidak sengaja dapat membocorkan informasi dinyatakan aman .

Hasil translate

Kami merekomendasikan menggunakan versi pengembangan hanya dalam lingkungan pengembangan dimana kesalahan ditampilkan kepada pengguna aplikasi secara tidak sengaja dapat membocorkan informasi dinyatakan aman

documenting properties

```
You should document each of your properties with a PHPDoc block. The comment includes a short description, any pertinent or confusing information, the @var tag to signal that this is a variable, and the type of variable expected, such as string, integer, fl oat, array, Boolean, or object.

/**

* The phone number of this cell phone

* @var string

*/
```