EXTENDS Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, TLC

Indicates that a configuration change is waiting to be applied to the network CONSTANT Pending

Indicates that a configuration change is being applied to the network CONSTANT Applying

Indicates that a configuration change has been applied to the network CONSTANT Complete

Indicates that a configuration change was successful CONSTANT Succeeded

Indicates that a configuration change failed CONSTANT Failed

The set of all nodes CONSTANT Node

The set of all devices
CONSTANT Device

An empty constant CONSTANT Nil

Per-node election state VARIABLE leadership

Per-node per-device election state VARIABLE mastership

A sequence of network-wide configuration changes Each change contains a record of 'changes' for each device VARIABLE networkChange

A record of sequences of device configuration changes

Each sequence is a list of changes in the order in which they
are to be applied to the device

VARIABLE deviceChange

A record of sequences of pending configuration changes to each device. VARIABLE deviceQueue

A record of device states derived from configuration chagnes pushed to each device.

VARIABLE deviceState

```
Node variables node Vars \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \langle leadership, \, mastership \rangle
Configuration \, variables
config Vars \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \langle networkChange, \, deviceChange \rangle
Device \, variables
deviceVars \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \langle deviceQueue, \, deviceState \rangle
vars \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \langle leadership, \, mastership, \, networkChange, \, deviceChange, \, deviceState \rangle
```

The invariant asserts that any configuration applied to a device implies that all prior configurations of the same device have been applied to all associated devices.

```
TypeInvariant \triangleq \\ \land \forall \ d \in \text{DOMAIN} \ \ deviceState: \\ deviceState[d] \neq Nil \Rightarrow Cardinality(\{x \in deviceChange: \\ \{y \in deviceChange[d]: \\ \land \ y < deviceState[d].network \\ \land \ deviceChange[d][y].status \neq Complete\}\}) = 0
```

This section models leader election for control loops and for devices. Leader election is modelled as a simple boolean indicating whether each node is the leader for the cluster and for each device. This model implies the ordering of leadership changes is irrelevant to the correctness of the spec.

This section models the northbound API for the configuration service. The API exposes a single step to enqueue a configuration change. Rollback is not explicitly modelled as it can be implemented in an additional Configure step performing the inverse of the change being rolled back. When a configuration change is enqueued, it's simply added to network change for control loops to handle.

```
Enqueues a configuration change to be applied to devices Configure(c) \triangleq \land networkChange' = Append(networkChange, [changes \mapsto c, status \mapsto Pending]) \land UNCHANGED \land node Vars, deviceChange, deviceVars \rangle
```

This section models a configuration change scheduler. The roll of the scheduler is to determine when network changes can be applied and enqueue the relevant changes for application by changing their status from 'Pending' to 'Applying'. The scheduler supports concurrent application of non-overlapping configuration changes (changes that do not impact intersecting sets of devices) by comparing 'Pending' changes with 'Applying' changes.

```
Returns the set of all device changes prior to the given change 'c'
PrevChanges(c) \triangleq
    UNION \{\{deviceChange[d][i]:
                   i \in \{x \in DOMAIN \ deviceChange[d] : x < c\}\}:
                       d \in \text{DOMAIN } deviceChange
 Returns the set of all incomplete device changes prior to the given change 'c'
IncompleteChanges(c) \triangleq
   UNION \{\{d: i \in \{x \in DOMAIN \ device Change[d]: x < c \land device Change[d][x]. status \neq Complete\}\}\}:
                   d \in \text{DOMAIN } deviceChange
Returns the set of all devices configured by network change 'c'
NetworkDevices(c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} DOMAIN networkChange[c].changes
 Node 'n' handles a network configuration change event 'c'
NetworkSchedulerNetworkChange(n, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \wedge leadership[n] = TRUE
    \land IF Cardinality(NetworkDevices(c) \cap IncompleteChanges(c)) = 0 THEN
            \land networkChange' = [networkChange \ EXCEPT \ ![c].status = Applying]
        ELSE
            \land UNCHANGED \langle networkChange \rangle
    \land UNCHANGED \langle nodeVars, deviceChange, deviceVars \rangle
```

This section models the network-level change controller. The network control loop reacts to both network and device changes. The network controller runs on each node in the cluster, and the control loop can only be executed on a node that believes itself to be the leader. Note, however, that the model does not require a single leader.

When a network change is received:

- If the network change status is 'Pending', add device changes for each configured device
- If the network change status is 'Applying', update device change statuses to 'Applying' When a device change is received: If all device change statuses for the network are 'Complete', mark the network change

'Complete' with a result of 'Succeeded' if all device changes succeeded, otherwise 'Failed'

Updates to network and device changes are atomic, and real-world implementations of the spec must provide for atomic updates for network and device changes as well. This can be done using either optimistic or pessimistic concurrency control.

Returns a boolean indicating whether the given device change already exists  $HasDeviceChange(d, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$ 

```
Cardinality(\{x \in DOMAIN \ deviceChange[d] : deviceChange[d][x].network = c\}) \neq 0
```

Adds a change to a device

```
AddDeviceChange(d, c, s) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    Append(deviceChange[d], [network \mapsto c, status \mapsto s, value \mapsto networkChange[c].changes[d]])
 Updates the status of a device cannge
UpdateDeviceChange(d, c, s) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    [deviceChange[d]] EXCEPT ! [CHOOSE x \in DOMAIN \ deviceChange[d] :
                      deviceChange[d][x].network = c].status = s]
Adds or updates a device change
SetDeviceChange(d, c, s) \triangleq
    If d \in \text{DOMAIN} networkChange[c].changes then
        IF HasDeviceChange(d, c) THEN
             UpdateDeviceChange(d, c, s)
         ELSE
             AddDeviceChange(d, c, s)
     ELSE
        deviceChange[d]
 Returns the set of all device changes for the given network change 'c'
DeviceChanges(c) \triangleq
    \{d \in \text{DOMAIN } networkChange[c].changes:
        \{x \in deviceChange[d] : deviceChange[d][x].network = c\}\}
 Returns a boolean indicating whether all device changes for the given network change are complete
DeviceChangesComplete(c) \triangleq
    Cardinality(\{x \in DeviceChanges(c) : x.status = Complete\}) = Cardinality(DeviceChanges(c))
 Returns a boolean indicating whether all device changes for the given network change were successful
DeviceChangesSucceeded(c) \triangleq
    Cardinality(\{x \in DeviceChanges(c) : x.result = Succeeded\}) = Cardinality(DeviceChanges(c))
Node 'n' handles a network configuration change 'c'
NetworkControllerNetworkChange(n, c) \triangleq
     \begin{array}{l} \wedge \; leadership[n] = \text{TRUE} \\ \wedge \; \text{LET} \; \; change \; \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \; networkChange[c] \text{IN} \end{array} 
             \lor \land change.status = Pending
                \land deviceChange' = [d \in Device \mapsto SetDeviceChange(d, c, Pending)]
             \lor \land change.status = Applying
                \land deviceChange' = [d \in Device \mapsto SetDeviceChange(d, c, Applying)]
             \lor \land change.status = Complete
                \land UNCHANGED \langle deviceChange \rangle
    \land UNCHANGED \langle nodeVars, networkChange, deviceVars \rangle
 Node 'n' handles a device configuration change 'c'
NetworkControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \wedge leadership[n] = TRUE
    \land LET change \stackrel{\triangle}{=} deviceChange[d][c]
```

```
\lor \land change.status = Complete
         \land \lor \land DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
               \land DeviceChangesSucceeded(change.network)
               \land networkChange' = [networkChange Except ![change.network] = [
                                           networkChange[change.network] EXCEPT
                                               !.status = Complete, !.result = Succeeded]]
            \lor \land DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
               \land \neg DeviceChangesSucceeded(change.network)
               \land networkChange' = [networkChange \ EXCEPT \ ![change.network] = [
                                           networkChange[change.network] EXCEPT
                                               !.status = Complete, !.result = Failed]]
            \vee \wedge \neg DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
               \land UNCHANGED \langle networkChange \rangle
      \lor \land change.status \neq Complete
         \land UNCHANGED \langle networkChange \rangle
\land UNCHANGED \langle nodeVars, deviceChange, deviceVars \rangle
```

This section models the device-level change controller. The device control loop reacts to device changes and applies changes to devices. The device controller runs on each node in the cluster. A master is elected for each device, and the control loop can only be executed on the master for the device targeted by a change. Note, however, that the model does not require a single master per device. Multiple masters may exist for a device without violating safety properties.

When a device change is received: - If the node believes itself to be the master for the device and the change status

- is 'Applying', apply the change
- Set the change status to 'Complete'
- If the change was applied successfully, set the change result to 'Succeeded'
- If the change failed, set the change result to 'Failed'

Note: the above is modelled in two separate steps to allow the model checker to succeed and fail device changes.

Updates to network device changes are atomic, and real-world implementations of the spec must provide for atomic updates for network and device changes as well. This can be done using either optimistic or pessimistic concurrency control.

```
Node 'n' handles a device configuration change event 'c' DeviceControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c) \triangleq \\ \land mastership[n][d] = \text{TRUE} \\ \land \text{LET } change \triangleq deviceChange[d][c] \\ \text{IN} \\ \lor \land change.status = Applying \\ \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \text{ EXCEPT } ![d] = Append(deviceQueue[d], deviceChange[d][c])] \\ \lor \land change.status \neq Applying \\ \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle deviceQueue \rangle \\ \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle nodeVars, configVars, deviceState \rangle
```

```
Returns a sequence with the head removed
Pop(q) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} SubSeq(q, 2, Len(q))
 Marks a device change as succeeded
SucceedChange(d, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
     \land device Change' = [device Change EXCEPT ![d] = [device Change[d] EXCEPT ![c] = [
                                  deviceChange[d][c] EXCEPT !.status = Complete, !.result = Succeeded]]]
     \land deviceState' = [deviceState \ EXCEPT \ ! [d] = deviceQueue[d]]
     \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = Pop(deviceQueue[d])]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, network Change \rangle
 Marks a device change as failed
FailChange(d, c) \triangleq
     \land deviceChange' = [deviceChange EXCEPT ![d] = [deviceChange[d] EXCEPT ![c] = [
                                  deviceChange[d][c] EXCEPT !.status = Complete, !.result = Failed]]]
     \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = Pop(deviceQueue[d])]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle nodeVars, networkChange, deviceState \rangle
Init and next state predicates
Init \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
     \land leadership = [n \in Node \mapsto FALSE]
     \land mastership = [n \in Node \mapsto [d \in Device \mapsto FALSE]]
     \land networkChange = \langle \rangle
     \land deviceChange = [d \in Device \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land deviceQueue = [d \in Device \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land \ deviceState \ \ = [d \in Device \mapsto Nil]
Next \triangleq
     \vee \exists d \in \text{SUBSET } Device :
          Configure([x \in d \mapsto 1])
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
         \exists \ l \in Node:
            SetNodeLeader(n, l)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
         \exists d \in Device :
            \exists l \in Node:
              SetDeviceLeader(n, d, l)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
         \exists c \in DOMAIN \ networkChange :
            NetworkSchedulerNetworkChange(n, c)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
         \exists c \in DOMAIN \ networkChange:
           NetworkControllerNetworkChange(n, c)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
         \exists d \in Device :
```

```
\exists \ c \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceChange[d]: \\ NetworkControllerDeviceChange(n, \ d, \ c) \\ \lor \exists \ n \in Node: \\ \exists \ d \in Device: \\ \exists \ c \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceChange[d]: \\ DeviceControllerDeviceChange(n, \ d, \ c) \\ \lor \exists \ d \in Device: \\ \exists \ c \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceQueue[d]: \\ SucceedChange(d, \ c) \\ \lor \exists \ d \in Device: \\ \exists \ c \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceQueue[d]: \\ FailChange(d, \ c) \\ Spec \triangleq Init \land \Box[Next]_{vars}
```

<sup>\ \*</sup> Last modified Sun Sep 29 00:07:20 PDT 2019 by jordanhalterman

<sup>\\*</sup> Created Fri Sep 27 13:14:24 PDT 2019 by jordanhalterman