EXTENDS Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, TLC

An empty value CONSTANT Nil

The set of clients to model CONSTANT Client

The set of possible keys in the map CONSTANT Key

The set of possible values in the map CONSTANT Value

An update entry identifier CONSTANT Update

A tombstone entry identifier CONSTANT *Tombstone* 

The system state, modelled as a strongly consistent consensus service using a single mapping of  $key \to value$  pairs VARIABLE state

A sequential version number, used by the consensus service to assign logical timestamps to entries  ${\tt VARIABLE} \ state \ Version$ 

The cache state VARIABLE cache

The maximum version propagated to the cache VARIABLE  $cache\,Version$ 

An unordered bag of pending cache entries VARIABLE cachePending

A strongly ordered sequence of update events VARIABLE events

The history of operations VARIABLE history

Instance MapHistory with  $history \leftarrow history$ 

 $vars \triangleq \langle state, state Version, cache, cache Pending, cache Version, events, history \rangle$ 

This section models helpers for managing the system and cache state

```
Drop a key from the domain of a function  \begin{aligned} &DropKey(s,\,k) \; \triangleq \; [i \in \text{DOMAIN} \; s \setminus \{k\} \mapsto s[i]] \end{aligned}  Put an entry in the given function  \begin{aligned} &PutEntry(s,\,e) \; \triangleq \\ &\text{IF} \; e.key \in \text{DOMAIN} \; s \; \text{THEN} \\ & \; [s \; \text{EXCEPT} \; ![e.key] = e] \end{aligned}  ELSE  s \; @@ \; (e.key:>e)
```

This section models the map cache. When a client updates the map, it defers updates to the cache to be performed in a separate step. The cache also listens for events coming from a consensus service, which must provide sequentially consistent event streams. Entries are arbitrarily evicted from the cache.

```
from the cache.
 Defer an entry 'e' to be cached asynchronously on client 'c'
 Updates are deferred in no particular order to model the potential reordering of
 concurrent thhistory by the operating system.
DeferCache(c, e) \triangleq
    cachePending' = [cachePending \ Except \ ![c] = cachePending[c] @@(e.version:> e)]
 Remove a deferred entry 'e' from cache deferrals for client 'c'
RemoveCacheDeferral(c, e) \triangleq
    cachePending' = [cachePending \ EXCEPT \ ! [c] =
         [v \in DOMAIN \ cachePending[c] \setminus \{e.version\} \mapsto cachePending[c][v]]]
 Cache an entry 'e' on client 'c'
 The entry is read from the pending cache entries. An entry will only be updated
 in the cache if the entry version is greater than the cache propagation version,
 ensuring the cache cannot go back in time.
 Note that removals are inserted into the cache as tombstones to be removed once
 updates have been propagated via event queues.
Cache(c, e) \triangleq
     \wedge LET entry \stackrel{\triangle}{=} cachePending[c][e]
           \land \lor \land entry.version > cacheVersion[c]
                 \land \lor entry.key \notin domain \ cache[c]
                    \lor \land entry.key \in DOMAIN \ cache[c]
                       \land entry.version > cache[c][entry.key].version
                 \land cache' = [cache \ EXCEPT \ ![c] = PutEntry(cache[c], entry)]
                 \land Record(c, entry.key, entry.version)
              \lor \land \lor entry.version \le cache Version[c]
                    \lor \land entry.key \in DOMAIN \ cache[c]
                       \land entry.version \leq cache[c][entry.key].version
```

 $\land$  UNCHANGED  $\langle cache, history \rangle$ 

```
\land RemoveCacheDeferral(c, entry)
    ∧ UNCHANGED ⟨state, state Version, cache Version, events⟩
 Enqueue a cache update event 'e' for all clients
 Events are guaranteed to be delivered to clients in the order in which they
 occurred in the consensus layer, so we model events as a simple strongly ordered
 sequence.
EnqueueEvent(e) \triangleq
    events' = [i \in Client \mapsto Append(events[i], e)]
 Learn a map update from the event queue of 'c'
 The learner learns the first entry in the event queue for client 'c'.
 If the key is already in the cache, the learner updates the key only if
 the update version is at least as great as the cached version.
 If the key is not present in the map, the entry is cached.
 Tombstone types are removed from the cache. Entry types are inserted.
 Once caching is complete, the 'cacheVersion' is updated to ensure the
 deferred cache remains consistent.
Learn(c) \triangleq
    \land Cardinality(DOMAIN\ events[c]) > 0
    \wedge LET entry \stackrel{\triangle}{=} events[c][1]
           \land \lor \land entry.key \in DOMAIN \ cache[c]
                 \land entry.version \ge cache[c][entry.key].version
                 \land \lor \land entry.type = Update
                       \land cache' = [cache \ EXCEPT \ ![c] = PutEntry(cache[c], entry)]
                    \lor \land entry.type = Tombstone
                       \land cache' = [cache \ EXCEPT \ ![c] = DropKey(cache[c], entry.key)]
              \lor \land \lor entry.key \notin DOMAIN \ cache[c]
                    \lor \land entry.key \in DOMAIN \ cache[c]
                       \land entry.version < cache[c][entry.key].version
                 \land UNCHANGED \langle cache \rangle
           \land cache Version' = [cache Version EXCEPT ! [c] = entry.version]
    \land events' = [events \ EXCEPT \ ![c] = SubSeq(events[c], 2, Len(events[c]))]
    \land UNCHANGED \langle state, stateVersion, cachePending, history <math>\rangle
 Evict a map key 'k' from the cache of client 'c'
 To preserve consistency, each key for each client must be retained until updates
 prior to the key version have been propagated to the client. If keys are evicted
 before updates have been propagated to the cache, evicting a key can allow a
 concurrent Put or Remove to cache an older entry.
Evict(c, k) \triangleq
    \land k \in \text{DOMAIN } cache[c]
    \land cache[c][k].version < cacheVersion[c]
    \land cache' = [cache \ EXCEPT \ ![c] = DropKey(cache[c], k)]
    \land UNCHANGED \langle state, state Version, cache Pending, cache Version, events, history <math>\rangle
```

This section models the method calls for the Map primitive. Map entries can be created, updated, deleted, and read. The Put and Remove steps model writes to a consensus service. Steps do not atomically cache reads/updates but instead defer them to be cached in a separate step. This models the reordering of threads by the OS.

```
Get an entry for key 'k' in the map on client 'c'
 If the key is present in the cache, read from the cache.
 If the key is not present in the cache, read from the system state and update the
 cache if the system entry version is greater than the cache version.
 If the key is neither present in the cache or the system state, read the cache version.
 If the step reads from the cache, the cached version is added to the history. Otherwise,
 if the step reads from the consensus service, the cache is updated in a separate step
 before recording the value.
Get(c, k) \triangleq
      \land \lor \land k \in DOMAIN \ cache[c]
            \land Record(c, k, cache[c][k].version)
            \land UNCHANGED \langle cachePending \rangle
         \vee \wedge k \notin DOMAIN \ cache[c]
            \land k \in \text{DOMAIN } state
            \land DeferCache(c, state[k])
            \land UNCHANGED \langle history \rangle
         \lor \land k \notin DOMAIN \ cache[c]
            \land k \notin \text{DOMAIN } state
            \land DeferCache(c, [type \mapsto Tombstone,
                                    key \mapsto k,
                                    value \mapsto Nil,
                                    version \mapsto stateVersion)
            \land UNCHANGED \langle history \rangle
      \land UNCHANGED \langle state, state Version, cache, cache Version, events <math>\rangle
 Put key 'k' and value 'v' pair in the map on client 'c'
 Increment the system state version and insert the entry into the system state.
 Enqueue update events to notify all clients and defer a local cache update to
 client 'c'.
Put(c, k, v) \triangleq
      \land state Version' = state Version + 1
      \land LET entry \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto Update, key \mapsto k, value \mapsto v, version \mapsto state Version']
        IN
             \wedge state' = PutEntry(state, entry)
             \land EnqueueEvent(entry)
             \land DeferCache(c, entry)
      \land UNCHANGED \langle cache, cache Version, history \rangle
```

Remove key 'k' from the map on client 'c'  $\,$ 

Increment the system state version and remove the entry from the system state.

```
Enqueue tombstone events to notify all clients and defer a local cache update
 to client 'c'.
Remove(c, k) \triangleq
      \land k \in \text{domain } state
      \land state Version' = state Version + 1
      \land LET entry \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto Tombstone, key \mapsto k, value \mapsto Nil, version \mapsto state Version']
              \wedge state' = DropKey(state, k)
              \land EnqueueEvent(entry)
              \land DeferCache(c, entry)
      \land UNCHANGED \langle cache, cache Version, history \rangle
Init \triangleq
      \wedge LET nilEntry \triangleq [type \mapsto Nil,
                                   key \mapsto Nil,
                                   value \mapsto Nil,
                                   version \mapsto Nil
         IN
              \land state = [i \in \{\} \mapsto nilEntry]
              \land \mathit{stateVersion} = 0
              \land cache = [c \in Client \mapsto [i \in \{\} \mapsto nilEntry]]
              \land cachePending = [c \in Client \mapsto [i \in \{\} \mapsto nilEntry]]
              \land cache Version = [c \in Client \mapsto 0]
              \land events = [c \in Client \mapsto [i \in \{\} \mapsto nilEntry]]
      \land \ history = [c \in \mathit{Client} \mapsto [k \in \mathit{Key} \mapsto \langle \rangle]]
Next \triangleq
      \vee \exists c \in Client :
           \exists\, k\in \mathit{Key}\,:\,
              Get(c, k)
      \lor \exists c \in Client:
           \exists k \in Key :
              \exists \ v \in \ Value :
                Put(c, k, v)
      \lor \exists c \in Client:
           \exists k \in Key :
              Remove(c, k)
      \vee \exists c \in Client:
           \exists e \in \text{DOMAIN } cachePending[c]:
              Cache(c, e)
      \vee \exists c \in Client:
           Learn(c)
      \lor \exists c \in Client:
           \exists k \in Key :
```

$$Evict(c, k)$$
 
$$Spec \ \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \ Init \land \Box [Next]_{\langle vars \rangle}$$