EXTENDS Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, TLC

Indicates that a configuration change is waiting to be applied to the network CONSTANT Pending

Indicates that a configuration change is being applied to the network CONSTANT Applying

Indicates that a configuration change has been applied to the network CONSTANT Complete

Indicates that a configuration change was successful CONSTANT Succeeded

Indicates that a configuration change failed CONSTANT Failed

The set of all nodes CONSTANT Node

The set of all devices
CONSTANT Device

An empty constant CONSTANT Nil

A zero constant
CONSTANT Zero

Per-node election state VARIABLE leadership

Per-node per-device election state VARIABLE mastership

A sequence of network-wide configuration changes $\hbox{Each change contains a record of 'changes' for each device } \\ \hbox{VARIABLE } network Change$

A record of sequences of device configuration changes

Each sequence is a list of changes in the order in which they are to be applied to the device

VARIABLE deviceChange

A record of sequences of pending configuration changes to each device. VARIABLE deviceQueue

A record of device states derived from configuration chagnes pushed

```
to each device.
```

Variable deviceState

A count of leader changes to serve as a state constraint VARIABLE electionCount

A count of configuration changes to serve as a state constraint VARIABLE confiqCount

```
Node variables node Vars \triangleq \langle leadership, mastership \rangle
Configuration variables
config Vars \triangleq \langle networkChange, deviceChange \rangle
Device variables
device Vars \triangleq \langle deviceQueue, deviceState \rangle
State constraint variables
constraint Vars \triangleq \langle electionCount, configCount \rangle
vars \triangleq \langle leadership, mastership, networkChange, deviceChange, deviceState \rangle
```

The invariant asserts that any configuration applied to a device implies that all prior configurations of the same device have been applied to all associated devices.

```
TypeInvariant \triangleq \\ \land \forall \ d \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceState: \\ deviceState[d] \neq Zero \Rightarrow \\ Cardinality(\text{UNION} \ \{\{y \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceChange[x]: \\ \land \ deviceChange[x][y].network < deviceState[x] \\ \land \ deviceChange[x][y].status \neq Complete\}: \\ x \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceChange\}) = 0
```

This section models leader election for control loops and for devices. Leader election is modelled as a simple boolean indicating whether each node is the leader for the cluster and for each device. This model implies the ordering of leadership changes is irrelevant to the correctness of the spec.

```
 \land \ mastership' = [mastership \ \ \text{EXCEPT} \ ![n] = [mastership[n] \ \ \text{EXCEPT} \ ![d] = n = l]] \\ \land \ \ electionCount' = electionCount + 1 \\ \land \ \ \ \text{UNCHANGED} \ \ \langle leadership, \ configVars, \ deviceVars, \ configCount \rangle \\
```

This section models the northbound API for the configuration service. The API exposes a single step to enqueue a configuration change. Rollback is not explicitly modelled as it can be implemented in an additional Configure step performing the inverse of the change being rolled back. When a configuration change is enqueued, it's simply added to network change for control loops to handle.

```
Enqueue network configuration change c Configure(c) \triangleq \land networkChange' = Append(networkChange, [changes \mapsto c, status \mapsto Pending, result \mapsto Nil]) \land configCount' = configCount + 1 \land unchanged \land nodeVars, deviceChange, deviceVars, electionCount \rangle
```

This section models a configuration change scheduler. The role of the scheduler is to determine when network changes can be applied and enqueue the relevant changes for application by changing their status from *Pending* to *Applying*. The scheduler supports concurrent application of non-overlapping configuration changes (changes that do not impact intersecting sets of devices) by comparing *Pending* changes with Applying changes.

Return the set of all devices configured by network change c $NetworkChangeDevices(c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \text{DOMAIN } networkChange[c].changes$

```
Node n handles a network configuration change event c
NetworkSchedulerNetworkChange(n, c) \triangleq \\ \land leadership[n] = \text{TRUE} \\ \land \text{IF } Cardinality(NetworkChangeDevices(c) } \cap IncompleteChanges(c)) = 0 \text{ THEN} \\ \land networkChange' = [networkChange \text{ EXCEPT } ![c].status = Applying] \\ \text{ELSE} \\ \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle networkChange \rangle \\ \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle nodeVars, deviceChange, deviceVars, constraintVars} \rangle
```

This section models the network-level change controller. The network control loop reacts to both network and device changes. The network controller runs on each node in the cluster, and the control loop can only be executed on a node that believes itself to be the leader. Note, however, that the model does not require a single leader.

When a network change is received:

- If the network change status is *Pending*, add device changes for each configured device

- If the network change status is Applying, update device change statuses to Applying

When a device change is received:

- If all device change statuses for the network are Complete
- Mark the network change Complete with a Succeeded result if all device changes succeeded
- Otherwise mark the network change Complete with a Failed result

Updates to network and device changes are atomic, and real-world implementations of the spec must provide for atomic updates for network and device changes as well. This can be done using

```
either optimistic or pessimistic concurrency control.
 Return a boolean indicating whether change c on device d already exists
HasDeviceChange(d, c) \triangleq
    Cardinality(\{x \in DOMAIN \ deviceChange[d] : deviceChange[d][x].network = c\}) \neq 0
 Add change c on device s with status s
AddDeviceChange(d, c, s) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    Append(deviceChange[d], [
        network \mapsto c,
        status \mapsto s,
        value \mapsto networkChange[c].changes[d],
        result \mapsto Nil
 Update change c on device d to status s
UpdateDeviceChange(d, c, s) \triangleq
    [deviceChange[d]] except ![CHOOSE x \in DOMAIN deviceChange[d]:
                    deviceChange[d][x].network = c].status = s]
 Set change c on device d to status s
SetDeviceChange(d, c, s) \triangleq
    If d \in \text{DOMAIN} networkChange[c].changes then
        IF HasDeviceChange(d, c) THEN
             UpdateDeviceChange(d, c, s)
         ELSE
             AddDeviceChange(d, c, s)
     ELSE
        deviceChange[d]
 Return the set of all device changes for network change c
DeviceChanges(c) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
    \{deviceChange[d] | CHOOSE \ x \in DOMAIN \ deviceChange[d] : deviceChange[d] | x \}. network = c \}
        d \in \{d \in DOMAIN \ networkChange[c].changes : HasDeviceChange(d, c)\}\}
 Return a boolean indicating whether all device changes for network change c are complete
DeviceChangesComplete(c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    Cardinality(\{x \in DeviceChanges(c) : x.status = Complete\}) = Cardinality(DeviceChanges(c))
 Return a boolean indicating whether all device changes for network change c were successful
DeviceChangesSucceeded(c) \triangleq
```

 $Cardinality(\{x \in DeviceChanges(c) : x.result = Succeeded\}) = Cardinality(DeviceChanges(c))$

```
Node n handles a network configuration change c
NetworkControllerNetworkChange(n, c) \triangleq
    \land leadership[n] = TRUE
    \land LET change \stackrel{\triangle}{=} networkChange[c]IN
             \lor \land change.status = Pending
                \land deviceChange' = [d \in Device \mapsto SetDeviceChange(d, c, Pending)]
             \lor \land change.status = Applying
                \land deviceChange' = [d \in Device \mapsto SetDeviceChange(d, c, Applying)]
             \lor \land change.status = Complete
                \land UNCHANGED \langle deviceChange \rangle
    \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, network Change, device Vars, constraint Vars <math>\rangle
 Node n handles a device configuration change c
NetworkControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \land leadership[n] = TRUE
    \land LET change \stackrel{\triangle}{=} deviceChange[d][c]
       ΙN
            \lor \land change.status = Complete
               \land \lor \land DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
                     \land DeviceChangesSucceeded(change.network)
                     \land networkChange' = [networkChange \ EXCEPT \ ! [change.network] = [
                                                   networkChange[change.network] EXCEPT
                                                        !.status = Complete, !.result = Succeeded]
                  \lor \land DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
                     \land \neg DeviceChangesSucceeded(change.network)
                     \land networkChange' = [networkChange \ EXCEPT \ ! [change.network] = [networkChange \ EXCEPT \ ! ]
                                                   networkChange[change.network] EXCEPT
                                                        !.status = Complete, !.result = Failed]
                  \lor \land \neg DeviceChangesComplete(change.network)
                     \land UNCHANGED \langle networkChange \rangle
            \lor \land change.status \neq Complete
               \land UNCHANGED \langle networkChange \rangle
    \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, device Change, device Vars, constraint Vars <math>\rangle
```

This section models the device-level change controller. The device control loop reacts to device changes and applies changes to devices. The device controller runs on each node in the cluster. A master is elected for each device, and the control loop can only be executed on the master for the device targeted by a change. Note, however, that the model does not require a single master per device. Multiple masters may exist for a device without violating safety properties.

When a device change is received: - If the node believes itself to be the master for the device and the change status

- is Applying, apply the change
- Set the change status to ${\it Complete}$
- If the change was applied successfully, set the change result to Succeeded
- If the change failed, set the change result to Failed

Note: the above is modelled in two separate steps to allow the model checker to succeed and fail device changes.

Updates to network device changes are atomic, and real-world implementations of the spec must provide for atomic updates for network and device changes as well. This can be done using either optimistic or pessimistic concurrency control.

```
Node n handles a device configuration change event c
DeviceControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
          \land \ mastership[n][d] = \texttt{true}
          \land LET change \stackrel{\triangle}{=} deviceChange[d][c]
                         \lor \land change.status = Applying
                               \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = Append(deviceQueue[d], c)]
                         \lor \land change.status \neq Applying
                               \land UNCHANGED \langle deviceQueue \rangle
          \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, config Vars, device State, constraint Vars <math>\rangle
  Return a sequence with the head removed
Pop(q) \triangleq SubSeq(q, 2, Len(q))
  Mark change c on device d succeeded
SucceedChange(d) \triangleq
          \wedge Len(deviceQueue[d]) > 0
          \land deviceChange' = [deviceChange \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = [deviceChange[d] \ EXCEPT \ ![deviceQueue[d][1]] = [deviceChange \ except \ ![d] = [deviceChange \ except \ excep
                                                                    deviceChange[d][deviceQueue[d][1]] EXCEPT
                                                                             !.status = Complete,
                                                                             !.result = Succeeded]]]
          \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = Pop(deviceQueue[d])]
          \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, network Change, constraint Vars <math>\rangle
  Mark change c on device d failed
FailChange(d) \triangleq
          \wedge Len(deviceQueue[d]) > 0
          \land deviceChange' = [deviceChange \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = [deviceChange[d] \ EXCEPT \ ![deviceQueue[d][1]] = [deviceChange] 
                                                                    deviceChange[d][deviceQueue[d][1]] EXCEPT
                                                                             !.status = Complete,
                                                                             !.result = Failed
          \land deviceQueue' = [deviceQueue \ EXCEPT \ ![d] = Pop(deviceQueue[d])]
          \land UNCHANGED \langle node Vars, network Change, device State, constraint Vars <math>\rangle
Init and next state predicates
Init \triangleq
          \land leadership = [n \in Node \mapsto FALSE]
          \land mastership = [n \in Node \mapsto [d \in Device \mapsto FALSE]]
          \land networkChange = \langle \rangle
```

```
\land \ deviceChange = [d \in Device \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land deviceQueue = [d \in Device \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land deviceState = [d \in Device \mapsto Zero]
      \land\ electionCount=0
      \land \ configCount = 0
Next \triangleq
     \vee \exists d \in \text{SUBSET } Device :
           Configure([x \in d \mapsto 1])
      \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists l \in Node:
             SetNodeLeader(n, l)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists d \in Device :
             \exists l \in Node:
               SetDeviceMaster(n, d, l)
      \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists c \in \text{DOMAIN } networkChange :
             NetworkSchedulerNetworkChange(n, c)
      \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists c \in DOMAIN \ networkChange:
             NetworkControllerNetworkChange(n, c)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists d \in Device :
             \exists c \in \text{DOMAIN} \ deviceChange[d]:
               NetworkControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c)
     \vee \exists n \in Node:
          \exists d \in Device :
             \exists c \in \text{DOMAIN } deviceChange[d]:
               DeviceControllerDeviceChange(n, d, c)
      \vee \exists d \in Device :
           SucceedChange(d)
      \vee \exists d \in Device :
           FailChange(d)
Spec \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Init \wedge \Box [Next]_{vars}
```

 $[\]backslash * \ {\bf Modification} \ {\bf History}$

^{*} Last modified Sun Sep 29 21:12:22 PDT 2019 by jordanhalterman

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