MODULE Device

EXTENDS Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, Messages

Device states

CONSTANTS Running, Stopped

The following variables are used by the device to track mastership.

The current state of the device, either Running or Stopped VARIABLE state

A mapping of stream election IDsVARIABLE election

A mapping of stream epochs VARIABLE epoch

The epoch of the last successful write to the device VARIABLE $\max Epoch$

The following variables are used for model checking.

A history of successful writes to the switch used for model checking VARIABLE $\ensuremath{history}$

Device related variables $device Vars \triangleq \langle state, election, epoch, maxEpoch, history \rangle$

Device state related variables $stateVars \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \langle state \rangle$

This section models a P4 Runtime device. For the purposes of this spec, the device has two functions: determine a master controller node and accept writes. Mastership is determined through MasterArbitrationUpdates sent by the controller nodes. The 'election_id's provided by controller nodes are stored in 'elections', and the master is computed as the node with the highest 'election_id' at any given time. The device will only allow writes from the current master node.

Returns the set of election IDs in the given elections $ElectionIds(e) \triangleq \{e[x] : x \in DOMAIN \ e\}$

Returns the maximum value from a set or undefined if the set is empty $Max(s) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \text{CHOOSE } x \in s: \forall y \in s: x \geq y$

Returns the highest election ID for the given elections $MaxElectionId(e) \triangleq Max(ElectionIds(e))$

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Returns the master for the given elections
MasterId(e) \triangleq
    IF Cardinality(\{i \in ElectionIds(e) : i > 0\}) > 0 THEN
         CHOOSE n \in DOMAIN \ e : e[n] = MaxElectionId(e)
      ELSE
          Nil
 Shuts down the device
When the device is shutdown, all the volatile device and stream variables are set back to their
initial state. The 'maxEpoch' accepted by the device is persisted through the restart.
Shutdown \triangleq
     \wedge state = Running
     \wedge state' = Stopped
     \land \mathit{responseStream'} = [n \in \mathtt{DOMAIN} \ \mathit{responseStream} \mapsto [\mathit{id} \mapsto \mathit{responseStream}[n]. \mathit{id}, \ \mathit{state} \mapsto \mathit{Closed}]]
     \land requests' = [n \in DOMAIN \ requests \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land responses' = [n \in DOMAIN \ responses \mapsto \langle \rangle]
     \land election' = [n \in DOMAIN \ election \mapsto 0]
     \land epoch' = [n \in DOMAIN \ epoch \mapsto 0]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle maxEpoch, requestStream, history \rangle
 Starts the device
Startup \triangleq
     \wedge state = Stopped
     \wedge state' = Running
     \land UNCHANGED \langle messageVars, election, epoch, maxEpoch, history, streamVars <math>\rangle
 Opens a new stream between node 'n' and the device
When a stream is opened, the 'streams' state for node 'n' is set to Open. Stream creation is
modelled as a single step to reduce the state space.
ConnectStream(n) \triangleq
     \wedge state = Running
     \land reguestStream[n].state = Open
```

Closes an open stream between node 'n' and the device

 $\land responseStream[n].state = Closed$

 $\land responseStream[n].id < reguestStream[n].id$

When a stream is closed, the 'streams' state for node 'n' is set to Closed, any 'election_id' provided by node 'n' is forgotten, and the 'requests' and 'responses' queues for the node are cleared. Additionally, if the stream belonged to the master node, a new master is elected and a MasterArbitrationUpdate is sent on the streams that remain in the Open state. The MasterArbitrationUpdate will be sent to the new master with a 'status' of Ok and to all slaves with a 'status' of AlreadyExists.

 $\land responseStream' = [responseStream \ EXCEPT \ ![n].state = Open]$

 \land UNCHANGED $\langle device Vars, message Vars, requestStream <math>\rangle$

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DisconnectStream(n) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \\ \wedge state = Running \\ \wedge responseStream[n].state = Open
```

```
\land election' = [election \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = 0]
\wedge epoch' = [epoch \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = 0]
\land responseStream' = [responseStream \ EXCEPT \ ![n].state = Closed]
\land requests' = [requests \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = \langle \rangle]
\wedge LET oldMaster \stackrel{\triangle}{=} MasterId(election)
        newMaster \triangleq MasterId(election')
  IN
       \lor \land oldMaster \neq newMaster
          \land responses' = [i \in DOMAIN \ responseStream' \mapsto
                                IF responseStream'[i].state = Open THEN
                                    If i = newMaster then
                                         Append(responses[i], [
                                                           \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                             type
                                                           \mapsto Ok,
                                             election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election')])
                                     ELSE
                                         Append(responses[i], [
                                                           \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                             type
                                             status
                                                           \mapsto AlreadyExists,
                                             election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election')])
                                 ELSE
       \lor \land oldMaster = newMaster
           \land responses' = [responses \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = \langle \rangle]
\land UNCHANGED \langle stateVars, maxEpoch, requestStream, history <math>\rangle
```

The device receives and responds to a MasterArbitrationUpdate from node 'n'

If the 'election_id' is already present in the 'elections' and does not already belong to node 'n', the stream is Closed and 'requests' and 'responses' are cleared for the node. If the 'election_id' is not known to the device, it's added to the 'elections' state. If the change results in a new master being elected by the device, a Master Arbitration Update is sent on all Open streams. If the change does not result in a new master being elected by the device, node 'n' is returned a

Master Arbitration Update. The device master will always receive a

Master Arbitration Update response with 'status' of Ok, and slaves will always receive a 'status' of Already Exists.

```
Handle Master Arbitration Update(n) \triangleq \\ \land state = Running \\ \land response Stream[n]. state = Open \\ \land Has Request(n, Master Arbitration Update) \\ \land \text{LET } r \triangleq Next Request(n) \\ \text{IN} \\ \lor \land r. election\_id \in Election Ids(election) \\ \land election[n] \neq r. election\_id \\ \land response Stream' = [response Stream \ \text{EXCEPT } ![n]. state = Closed] \\ \land requests' = [requests \ \text{EXCEPT } ![n] = \langle \rangle] \\ \land responses' = [responses \ \text{EXCEPT } ![n] = \langle \rangle]
```

```
\land UNCHANGED \langle device Vars \rangle
        \lor \land r.election\_id \notin ElectionIds(election)
           \land election' = [election \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = r.election\_id]
           \land epoch' = [epoch \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = r.epoch]
            \land \text{ LET } oldMaster \stackrel{\triangle}{=} MasterId(election) \\ newMaster \stackrel{\triangle}{=} MasterId(election') 
             IN
                   \lor \land oldMaster \neq newMaster
                      \land responses' = [i \in DOMAIN \ responseStream \mapsto
                                            IF responseStream[i].state = Open THEN
                                                 If i = newMaster then
                                                      Append(responses[i], [
                                                                         \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                                           type
                                                                         \mapsto Ok,
                                                           status
                                                           election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election')])
                                                  ELSE
                                                      Append(responses[i], [
                                                                         \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                                           type
                                                                         \mapsto AlreadyExists,
                                                           status
                                                           election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election')])
                                              ELSE
                                                 responses[i]]
                   \lor \land oldMaster = newMaster
                      \wedge \vee \wedge n = newMaster
                            \land SendResponse(n, [
                                    type
                                                   \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                                  \mapsto Ok.
                                    status
                                    election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election'))
                         \lor \land n \neq newMaster
                            \land SendResponse(n, [
                                    type
                                                  \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate,
                                    status
                                                  \mapsto AlreadyExists,
                                    election\_id \mapsto MaxElectionId(election'))
                   \land UNCHANGED \langle responseStream \rangle
\land DiscardRequest(n)
\land UNCHANGED \langle stateVars, maxEpoch, requestStream, history <math>\rangle
```

The device receives a ${\it WriteRequest}$ from node 'n'

The WriteRequest is accepted if:

- * The 'election_id' for node 'n' matches the 'election_id' for its stream
- * Node 'n' is the current master for the device
- * If node 'n' provided an 'epoch' and the 'epoch' is greater than or equal to the highest epoch received by the device

When the WriteRequest is accepted, the 'maxEpoch' is updated and the term of the node that sent the request is recorded for model checking. If the WriteRequest is rejected, a PermissionDenied response is returned.

```
HandleWrite(n) \triangleq
     \land state = Running
     \land responseStream[n].state = Open
     \land HasRequest(n, WriteRequest)
     \wedge \text{ LET } r \stackrel{\triangle}{=} NextRequest(n)
       IN
             \lor \land election[n] = r.election\_id
                \land MasterId(election) = n
                \land epoch[n] > 0 \Rightarrow epoch[n] \ge maxEpoch
                \land maxEpoch' = epoch[n]
                \land history' = Append(history, [node \mapsto n, term \mapsto r.term])
                \land SendResponse(n, [
                       type \quad \mapsto \ WriteResponse,
                       status \mapsto Ok
             \lor \land \lor election[n] \neq r.election\_id
                   \vee MasterId(election) \neq n
                   \lor \land epoch[n] > 0
                      \land epoch[n] < maxEpoch
                \land SendResponse(n, [
                       type \mapsto WriteResponse,
                       status \mapsto PermissionDenied)
                \land UNCHANGED \langle maxEpoch, history \rangle
     \land DiscardRequest(n)
     \land UNCHANGED \langle stateVars, election, epoch, streamVars \rangle
```

^{*} Modification History

^{*} Last modified Thu Feb 21 16:59:22 PST 2019 by jordanhalterman

 $[\]backslash$ * Created Wed Feb 20 23:49:17 PST 2019 by jordanhalterman