- MODULE Controller -

Extends Naturals, FiniteSets, Sequences, Messages

The set of all ONOS nodes CONSTANTS Nodes

The following variables are used by the mastership election service. These variables represent global atomic state.

The current mastership term

Variable term

The current master node ${\it ID}$

VARIABLE master

A sequence of standby nodes VARIABLE backups

The following variables are per-node variables used by controller nodes in the mastership arbitration protocol.

A queue of events from the mastership service to the node

VARIABLE events

The current term, master, and backups known to the node

Variable mastership

The highest term sent to the device by the node

Variable sentTerm

Whether the node has received a MasterArbitrationUpdate indicating it is the master VARIABLE isMaster

A counter used to generate unique stream IDs

Variable streamId

Mastership/consensus related variables $mastershipVars \triangleq \langle term, master, backups \rangle$

Mastership arbitration variables $arbitration Vars \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \langle stream Vars, stream Id \rangle$

Mastership event variables $eventVars \triangleq \langle events, mastership \rangle$

```
Node related variables
```

```
nodeVars \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \langle events, mastership, sentTerm, streamId, isMaster \rangle
```

This section models the *mastership* election service used by the controller to elect masters. Mastership changes through join and leave steps. Mastership is done through a consensus service, so these steps are atomic. When a node joins or leaves the *mastership* election, events are queued to notify nodes of the *mastership* change. Nodes learn of *mastership* changes independently of the state change in the consensus service.

```
Returns the set of values in f Range(f) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \{f[x] : x \in \text{DOMAIN } f\}
```

Returns a sequences with the element at the given index removed $Drop(q, i) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} SubSeq(q, 1, i - 1) \circ SubSeq(q, i + 1, Len(q))$

Node 'n' joins the mastership election

If the current 'master' is Nil, set the master to node 'n', increment the 'term', and send a mastership change event to each node. If the current 'master' is non-Nil, append node 'n' to the sequence of 'backups'.

```
JoinMastershipElection(n) \triangleq
     \land \lor \land master = Nil
           \wedge term' = term + 1
           \wedge master' = n
           \wedge backups' = \langle \rangle
            \land events' = [i \in Nodes \mapsto Append(events[i], [i])
                                                   term \mapsto term',
                                                   master \mapsto master',
                                                   backups \mapsto backups'[)]
        \lor \land master \neq Nil
           \land master \neq n
           \land n \notin Range(backups)
           \wedge backups' = Append(backups, n)
            \land events' = [i \in Nodes \mapsto Append(events[i], [i])
                                                   term \mapsto term,
                                                   master \mapsto master,
                                                   backups \mapsto backups'[)]
           \land UNCHANGED \langle term, master \rangle
     \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership, sentTerm, isMaster, messageVars, arbitrationVars <math>\rangle
```

Node 'n' leaves the mastership election

If node 'n' is the current 'master' and a backup exists, increment the 'term', promote the first backup to master, and send a *mastership* change event to each node. If node 'n' is the current 'master' and no backups exist, set the 'master' to *Nil*. If node 'n' is in the sequence of 'backups', simply remove it.

```
Leave Master ship Election(n) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \\ \land \lor \land master = n \\ \land \lor \land Len(backups) > 0
```

```
\wedge term' = term + 1
                  \land master' = backups[1]
                  \wedge backups' = Pop(backups)
                  \land events' = [i \in Nodes \mapsto Append(events[i], [
                                                          term \mapsto term',
                                                          master \mapsto master',
                                                          backups \mapsto backups'[)]
               \lor \land Len(backups) = 0
                  \wedge master' = Nil
                  \land UNCHANGED \langle term, backups, events \rangle
        \lor \land n \in Range(backups)
           \land backups' = Drop(backups, CHOOSE j \in DOMAIN backups : backups[j] = n)
           \land UNCHANGED \langle term, master, events \rangle
     \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership, sentTerm, isMaster, messageVars, arbitrationVars <math>\rangle
This section models controller-side stream management.
 Opens a new stream on the controller side
OpenStream(n) \triangleq
     \land requestStream[n].state = Closed
     \wedge streamId' = streamId + 1
     \land requestStream' = [requestStream \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = [id \mapsto streamId', state \mapsto Open]]
     \land requests' = [requests \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = \langle \rangle]
     \land responses' = [responses \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = \langle \rangle]
     \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership Vars, event Vars, sent Term, is Master, response Stream <math>\rangle
 Closes an open stream on the controller side
CloseStream(n) \triangleq
     \land requestStream[n].state = Open
     \land requestStream' = [requestStream \ EXCEPT \ ![n].state = Closed]
     \wedge sentTerm' = [sentTerm \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = 0]
     \land isMaster' = [isMaster \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = FALSE]
     \land \ \mathsf{UNCHANGED} \ \langle \mathit{mastershipVars}, \ \mathit{eventVars}, \ \mathit{responseStream}, \ \mathit{messageVars}, \ \mathit{streamId} \rangle
```

This section models controller-side mastership arbitration. The controller nodes receive mastership change events from the mastership service and send master arbitration requests to the device. Additionally, master nodes can send write requests to the device.

```
Returns master node 'n' election_id for mastership term 'm' MasterElectionId(m) \triangleq m.term + Cardinality(Nodes)
```

Returns the index of node 'n' in the sequence of 'm' backups $BackupIndex(n, m) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CHOOSE \ i \in DOMAIN \ m.backups : m.backups[i] = n$

Returns backup node 'n' election_id for mastership term 'm'

```
BackupElectionId(n, m) \triangleq MasterElectionId(m) - BackupIndex(n, m)
```

```
Returns the mastership term for MasterArbitrationUpdate 'm' MasterTerm(m) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} m.election\_id - Cardinality(Nodes)
```

Node 'n' receives a mastership change event from the mastership service

When a mastership change event is received, the node's local mastership state is updated. If the mastership term has changed, the node will set a flag to push the mastership change to the device in the master arbitration step.

```
LearnMastership(n) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
      \begin{array}{l} \wedge \ Len(events[n]) > 0 \\ \wedge \ \text{Let} \ e \ \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \ events[n][1] \\ m \ \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \ mastership[n] \end{array} 
         IN
                \lor \land e.term > m.term
                    \land \ mastership' = [mastership \ \texttt{EXCEPT} \ ![n] = [
                                                       term
                                                                 \mapsto e.term.
                                                       master \mapsto e.master,
                                                       backups \mapsto e.backups
                \lor \land e.term = m.term
                    \land mastership' = [mastership \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = [
                                                                 \mapsto e.term,
                                                       term
                                                       master \mapsto e.master,
                                                       backups \mapsto e.backups
      \land events' = [events \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = Pop(events[n])]
      \(\triangle \text{UNCHANGED}\) \(\lambda \text{mastership Vars}, \sent Term, is Master, \text{message Vars}, \arbitration Vars\)
```

Node 'n' sends a MasterArbitrationUpdate to the device

If the node has an open stream to the device and a valid mastership state, a MasterArbitrationUpdate is sent to the device. If the node is a backup, the request's 'election_id' is set to $(mastership \ term) + (number \ of \ nodes) - (backup \ index)$. If the node is the master, the 'election_id' is set to $(mastership \ term) + (number \ of \ nodes)$. This is done to avoid $election_ids \le 0$. Note that the actual protocol requires a $(device_id, \ role_id, \ election_id)$ tuple, but $(device_id, \ role_id)$ have been excluded from this model as we're modelling interaction only within a single $(device_id, \ role_id)$ and thus they're irrelevant to correctness. The mastership term is sent in MasterArbitrationUpdate requests for model checking.

```
SendMasterArbitrationUpdate(n) \triangleq \\ \land requestStream[n].state = Open \\ \land \text{LET } m \triangleq mastership[n] \\ \text{IN} \\ \land m.term > 0 \\ \land sentTerm[n] < m.term \\ \land \lor \land m.master = n \\ \land SendRequest(n, [\\ type \mapsto MasterArbitrationUpdate, \\ election\_id \mapsto MasterElectionId(m), \\ epoch \mapsto m.term])
```

Node 'n' receives a MasterArbitrationUpdate from the device

If the node has an open stream with a MasterArbitrationUpdate, determine whether the local node is the master. If the MasterArbitrationUpdate 'status' is Ok, the 'election_id' matches the last requested mastership term, and 'n' is the master for that term, update the node's state to master. Otherwise, the mastership request is considered out of date.

Note that the separate 'isMaster' state is maintained to indicate whether the *device* considers this node to be the current master, and this is necessary for the safety of the algorithm. Both the node and the device must agree on the role of the node.

```
Receive Master Arbitration Update(n) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}
    \land requestStream[n].state = Open
    \land HasResponse(n, MasterArbitrationUpdate)
    \wedge \text{ LET } r \stackrel{\triangle}{=} NextResponse(n)
             m \triangleq mastership[n]
       IN
            \lor \land r.status = Ok
               \land m.master = n
               \wedge m.term = MasterTerm(r)
               \land sentTerm[n] = m.term
               \land isMaster' = [isMaster \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = TRUE]
            \lor \land \lor r.status \neq Ok
                  \lor m.master \neq n
                  \lor sentTerm[n] \neq m.term
                   \vee m.term \neq MasterTerm(r)
               \wedge isMaster' = [isMaster \ EXCEPT \ ![n] = FALSE]
    \land DiscardResponse(n)
    \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership Vars, event Vars, sent Term, arbitration Vars, requests <math>\rangle
```

Master node 'n' sends a WriteRequest to the device

To write to the device, the node must have an open stream, must have received a mastership change event from the mastership service (stored in 'mastership') indicating it is the master, and must have received a MasterArbitrationUpdate from the switch indicating it is the master (stored in 'isMaster') for the same term as was indicated by the mastership service. The term is sent with the WriteRequest for model checking.

```
SendWriteRequest(n) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 
\land requestStream[n].state = Open
\land \text{ LET } m \stackrel{\triangle}{=} mastership[n]
\text{IN}
\land m.term > 0
```

```
\land m.master = n
            \wedge isMaster[n]
            \land SendRequest(n, [
                                 \mapsto WriteRequest,
                   type
                   election\_id \mapsto MasterElectionId(m),
                   term
                                 \mapsto m.term])
    \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership Vars, event Vars, arbitration Vars, is Master, sent Term, responses\rangle
Node 'n' receives a write response from the device
ReceiveWriteResponse(n) \triangleq
    \land requestStream[n].state = Open
    \land HasResponse(n, WriteResponse)
    \wedge \text{ LET } m \stackrel{\triangle}{=} NextResponse(n)
       IN
            \lor m.status = Ok
            \lor m.status = PermissionDenied
    \land DiscardResponse(n)
    \land UNCHANGED \langle mastership Vars, node Vars, arbitration Vars, requests <math>\rangle
\backslash * \ {\it Modification History}
\* Last modified Thu Feb 21 16:58:59 PST 2019 by jordanhalterman
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