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Eco 634

Lab 1: R Fundamentals 1

1. The two outputs are different because adding quotations around the expression tells R that the code is a character data type, not a numeric or integer. Therefore, it will not generate a vector like it did when I ran `c(1,2,3)` and used the combine function without quotations.
2. `C_1` is a function because it utilizes the combine function to assign `c_1` to the integers 1, 2, and 3.
3. `C_2` is a variable because the quotation marks that surround "`c(1, 2, 3)`" do not allow R to use the combine function that is used in the first scenario. Therefore, it is a variable since the code simply stores the expression as `c_2`.
4. `C_1` and `c_2` have different values because `c_1` is a function and `c_2` is a variable.
5. The dimensions of the matrix are 3 rows by 2 columns.
6. `mat_1[3,1]`
7. `mat_2 <- matrix(my_vec, nrow = 2, ncol = 3)`
8. `mat_3 <- matrix(my_vec, nrow= 3, ncol= 2)`
9. R uses columns to distribute the values of `my_vec`.

10.

v1	v2	
1	1	6
2	2	1
3	3	2
4	4	3
5	5	4

11. R used columns to distribute the values of mat_4 and to recycle the values a second time.

12.

a. `my_list_1[[1]]` -> 5.2

`my_list_1[[as.numeric("1")]]` -> 5.2

`my_list_1[["1"]]` -> NULL

`my_list_1[["one"]]` -> “five point two”

`my_list_1$one` -> “five point two”

`my_list_1$"one"` -> “five point two”

`my_list_1$1` -> Error: unexpected numeric constant in "my_list_1\$1"

`my_list_1$"1"` -> NULL

b. `my_list_1[[1]]` -> position

`my_list_1[[as.numeric("1")]]` -> position

`my_list_1[["1"]]` -> N/A

`my_list_1[["one"]]` -> name

`my_list_1$one` -> name

`my_list_1$"one"` -> name

`my_list_1$1` -> N/A

`my_list_1$"1"` -> N/A

- c. `my_list_1[[1]]` -> R was able to perform this subset because I asked to find `[[1]]`, or the first position in the list, and it recognized that it was 5.2.
- `my_list_1[[as.numeric("1")]]` -> R was able to perform this subset because the value of the first position, ("1"), is 5.2.
- `my_list_1[["one"]]` -> R was able to perform this subset because I renamed "five point two" as "one".
- `my_list_1$one` -> R was able to perform this subset because I renamed "five point two" as "one".
- `my_list_1$"one"` -> R was able to perform this subset because I renamed "five point two" as "one".
13. The following lines produced "five point two": `my_list_1[["one"]]`, `my_list_1$one`, `my_list_1$"one"`. These produced "five point two" because I renamed the string as "one" using the name function so that R could extract this string when I selected "one".
14. The following lines produced a "NULL" output: `my_list_1[["1"]]` and `my_list_1$"1"`. This produced a "NULL" output because R does not recognize "1" as a character. Typically, values that are surrounded by quotes are text characters, not numeric, so R cannot locate numeric values between quotes.