# GPU Vertex Shader Example

```
#version 330 core

// Vertex attributes
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;
layout(location = 1) in vec3 color;

// Uniforms
uniform mat4 uniform_mvp;

void main(void) {
   // Required output
     gl_Position = uniform_mvp * vec4(position, 1.0);
}
```

#### CPU Side:

### Step 1. Create data structure

## Step 2. Create CPU data buffer (explicitly or obj)

```
// Create data here (e.g. store in a std::vector)
VertexStruct bottom left; VertexStruct bottom right;
VertexStruct top;
bottom left.position = glm::vec3(-1.0f, -1.0f, 0.0f);
bottom_right.position = glm::vec3( 1.0f, -1.0f, 0.0f);
                        = glm::vec3( 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
top.position
                      = glm::vec3( 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
bottom left.color
bottom_right.color
                        = glm::vec3( 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
top.color
                        = glm::vec3( 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
// add vertex data in CPU buffer in counter-clockwise order
std::vector<VertexStruct> triangle data;
triangle data.push back(bottom left);
triangle data.push back(bottom right);
triangle_data.push_back(top);
```

### Step 3. Load buffer to GPU

```
// Create a vertex array object
GLuint vao triangle = 0;
glGenVertexArrays(1, &vao triangle);
                                             // Generate
glBindVertexArray(vao triangle);
                                             // Bind
// Create a vertex buffer object
GLuint vbo triangle = 0;
glGenBuffers(1, &vbo_triangle);
                                             // Generate
glBindBuffer(GL ARRAY BUFFER, vbo triangle); // Bind
// size: 3 elements * 24 bytes each = 72 bytes
int size = triangle_data.size() * sizeof(VertexStruct);
// Pass data to GPU
glBufferData(GL ARRAY BUFFER, size, &triangle data[0],
GL_STATIC DRAW);
// Data structure
int stride = sizeof(VertexStruct);
// Inform OpenGL about the location of the attributes
glVertexAttribPointer(∅, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, stride, ∅);
glVertexAttribPointer(1, 3, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, stride,
(GLvoid*)(3 * sizeof(GLfloat)));
// make them active
glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);
// set the VAO inactive
glBindVertexArray(0);
```

### Step 3. Draw

```
/* bind shaders, pass uniform parameters
...
*/
glBindVertexArray(vao_triangle);
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, triangle_data.size());
glBindVertexArray(0);
```

GPU Side: Assign the corresponding attributes in the vertex shader

```
#version 330 core

// Vertex attributes
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;
layout(location = 1) in vec3 color;

// Uniforms
uniform mat4 uniform_mvp;

void main(void) {
// Required output
    gl_Position = uniform_mvp * vec4(position, 1.0);
}
```