

My Title

psvar

Methodology

Let Y_t be an $n \times 1$ vector of observables. We assume that the dynamics of the observables are described by a system of linear simultaneous equations

$$AY_t = \sum_{j=1}^p \alpha_j Y_{t-j} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$Y_t = \sum_{j=1}^p \delta_j Y_{t-j} + B\varepsilon_t$$

$$u_t = B\varepsilon_t$$

$$E(u_t u_t') = BB' = \Sigma_u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_{1,t} \\ (k \times 1) \\ u_{2,t} \\ (N - k \times 1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_{11} & \beta_{12} \\ (k \times k) & (k \times N - k) \\ \beta_{21} & \beta_{22} \\ (N - k \times k) & (N - k \times N - k) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_{1,t} \\ (k \times 1) \\ \epsilon_{2,t} \\ (N - k \times 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

Consider the following partitioning of B:

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_1 & \beta_2 \\ n \times k & n \times (n - k) \end{bmatrix}, \quad \beta_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \beta'_{11} & \beta'_{21} \\ k \times k & k \times (n - k) \end{bmatrix}', \quad \beta_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \beta'_{12} & \beta'_{22} \\ (n - k) \times k & (n - k) \times (n - k) \end{bmatrix}'$$

$$\beta_{21} = (\Sigma_{mu_1}^{-1} \Sigma_{mu'_2})' \beta_{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} &= (\Sigma_{mu_1}^{-1} \Sigma_{mu'_2})' \\ \beta_{12} \beta_{22}^{-1} &= (\beta_{12} \beta'_{12} (\beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1})' + (\Sigma_{21} - \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} \Sigma_{11})') (\beta_{22} \beta_{22}'^{-1}) \\ \beta_{12} \beta'_{12} &= (\Sigma_{21} - \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} \Sigma_{11})' Z^{-1} (\Sigma_{21} - \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} \Sigma_{11}) \\ \beta_{22} \beta'_{22} &= \Sigma_{22} + \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} (\beta_{12} \beta'_{12} - \Sigma_{11}) (\beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1})' \\ \beta_{11} \beta'_{11} &= \Sigma_{11} - \beta_{12} \beta'_{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z = \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} \Sigma_{11} (\beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1})' - (\Sigma_{21} (\beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1})' + \beta_{21} \beta_{11}^{-1} \Sigma'_{21}) + \Sigma_{22}$$