School of Computing FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



Cloud Gaming and Simulation in Distributed Systems

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Submitted in accordance with the requirements for the degree of Computer Science

2015/16

The candidate confirms that the following have been submitted.

<As an example>

Items	Format	Recipient(s) and Date SSO (DD/MM/YY)	
Deliverable 1, 2, 3	Report		
Participant consent forms	Signed forms in envelop	SSO (DD/MM/YY)	
Deliverable 4	Software codes or URL	Supervisor, Assessor	
		(DD/MM/YY)	
Deliverable 5	User manuals	Client, Supervisor	
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Summary

Cloud computing attempts to enable access to high-end graphics intensive games to a wider audience by using powerful data centers. The process of delivering cloud gaming includes processing the user input for the game engine then encoding this as video and streamed to the end user. Due to another added layer of complexity, other problems arise and the aim of this project is to tackle networking issues in the cloud to reduce the latency experienced by the user.

The Software-Defined Networking paradigm allows the management of network technology without the need of touching individual switches. This project will discuss the effects of using SDN for cloud gaming in a distributed system.

Acknowledgements

<The page should contain any acknowledgements to those who have assisted with your work. Where you have worked as part of a team, you should, where appropriate, reference to any contribution made by other to the project.>
Note that it is not acceptable to solicit assistance on 'proof reading' which is defined as the "the systematic checking and identification of errors in spelling, punctuation, grammar and sentence construction, formatting and layout in the test"; see http://www.leeds.ac.uk/gat/documents/policy/Proof-reading-policy.pdf.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Context

Cloud computing has always been seen as a way of improving compute performance by the use of multiple computers connected to each other. The games industry has rapidly evolved along the years and a great deal of demand is apparent. Developers of games have pushed computer hardware to meet the needs of consumers for more complicated games and realism. Even with computer hardware becoming cheaper and more of a commodity, the costs of driving graphics rendering for high-end games to run at the optimal settings of 1080p at 60fps are still relatively high.

1.2 Project Aim

The aim of the project is to produce a solution which uses Software-Defined Networking to reduce the network latency in a network.

1.3 Project Objectives

- A simple game program, that is computationally expensive enough to not perform optimally on a single machine (simple flight simulator with real time procedurally generated trees).
- A simplified cloud gaming system where the game created is launched on the cloud and input on the client side in the form of button presses on the keyboard is sent to the game on the server. The game frames produced are then sent to the client's screen.
- Produce a virtual network with simulated cloud game traffic and delay. With the use of SDN, reduce latency in the network.

1.4 Deliverables

The deliverables of the project include:

• Code that demonstrates a simple game/simulation rendering graphics on a server and controlled by a client remotely.

- A manual on how to setup the client and server will be produced so the cloud gaming system can be easily setup and launched.
- Code that will create a virtual network as well as a manual on how to set it up and run the code.
- Project report that explains the problem the project is trying to solve and the schematics of the solution produced as well as an evaluation of the solution.

1.5 Project Schedule

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Chapter 2

Background Research

2.1 Problem Overview

Compute power of games can be offloaded to a server of much powerful computers and then streamed to a client with lower specification hardware such as a laptop or a mobile device. With this comes risks and shortcomings that need to be factored. One of these problems are the latency of the game. Latency can be huge factor in the gameplay such as high-paced games like first-person shooters or fighting games. The delay in pressing a button on the gamepad to seeing the action performed on the screen needs to be kept to a minimum. This idea of interaction delay tolerance being different from genre to genre of games is discussed by Shea et al. [5]. As stated above, a player of FPS games can only tolerate the least which is around 100ms whereas Role playing game (RPG) gamers can tolerate around 500 ms.

Another problem that is directly linked to delay in the system is the effect of packet loss. As stated in the Eight Fallacies of Distributed Computing [2], it should be assumed that latency is never zero as mentioned above as well as network is not always reliable. This means that packet loss can occur which in terms of cloud computing can mean the degradation of image quality. In the investigation conducted by Jarschel et al. [3] in which they surveyed average consumers about the importance of packet loss and delay. Generally the quality of the video streamed to the clients plays an important role as the participants were open to using such as a service if provided in good quality.

2.2 Cloud Computing

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2.3 Cloud Gaming

Cloud gaming is new technology that can be seen as an alternative by having the games run remotely on a server and then streamed to the user. Performing computations remotely as with streaming games remotely is believed to gain traction in the future in the same way how streaming videos and audio have become ubiquitous through services such as Netflix and Spotify. NVIDIA's GRID Cloud Gaming advancements have shown that this is becoming the case. As stated by Mariano in *Is cloud gaming the future of the gaming industry* [4], cloud gaming is increasingly becoming an attractive option for consumers as higher end games can then work on simpler, cheaper clients as well as with devices that they may already own.

In the paper Cloud Gaming: A Green Solution to Massive Multiplayer Online Games [1] it mentions that NVIDIA has introduced SHIELD which is a mobile gaming device that can be connected a desktop PC with a compatible NVIDIA GPU and stream gameplay to the device via 802.11n WiFi. Another feature is the ability to connect to one of NVIDIA's data centres to play games from their selection of stream-ready games. One of the benefits of this service is the convenience of not having to wait for the download and installation of the game as you simply pick a game and instantly start playing. The service also boasts gameplay performance of up to 1080p at 60fps.

2.4 Latency Mitigation

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2.5 Related Works

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10 REFERENCES

Appendices

Appendix A

External Material

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Appendix B

Ethical Issues Addressed