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Report

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- We tried to implement pseudo character device by enhancing the mykmod linux character device driver shared with us and implemented prefetching and demand paging on a device special file by understanding virtual memory paging in linux.

Overview of Code in **mykmod_main.c**

- The struct `dev_file_info` is the data structure used to store the size of the allocated memory and a pointer to data to be written/read.
- The struct `vm_using_struct` is the data structure that keeps per VMA info namely `npagefaults`(number of page faults) and a pointer to device info.
- The variable `device.count` keeps the count of number of device instances.
- The **device table** is implemented by array of struct pointers declared and it is initialised globally.
- We register the character device driver in **mykmod_init_module** function.
- In **mykmod_cleanup_module** function,we unregister the character device driver and free the pointers in the device table as well as data in them.
- In **mykmod_open** function,we allocate 1MB memory for a device instance file when it is first opened.We Store the device info pointer for the device in the `i_private` of `inodep` and also store it in device table.We also store this pointer in `private_data` of `filep struct` for future usage.
- In **mykmod_mmap** function,we set the vma flags by `vma->vm_flags |= VM_DONTEXPAND | VM_DONTDUMP`. We also save the private data of device(i.e.,`devinfo` and `npagefaults`) in `vm_private_data`.
- In **mykmod_vm_open** function,we initialise `npagefaults` to 0.
- In **mykmod_vm_close** function ,we free the private data in vma.

- In **mykmod_vm_fault** function ,we do the following :
 - We increment the npagefaults by 1 everytime this function is called.
 - Now , to get the next page , we first take the virtual address of the starting address of the allocated 1 MB memory.Secondly,we find the offset from this starting address till the address with first page fault . To get the offset , we first find the offset from this starting address till the start of mmap-ing by `vma→vm_pgoff` and then add this to `vmf→pgoff` which is the offset from the beginning of mmap-ing till the first pagefault.
 - Now we get the total offset in terms of number of pages. To convert into bytes,we do left shift by `PAGE_SHIFT` to get the offset in bytes.
 - We now add this offset to the starting address to get the virtual address where the page fault is encountered.Then, we pass this address to **virt_to_page** function to get the page pointer.We pass this page pointer inside **get_page** function to get the page and then attach this page to `vmf→dfpage`.

Overview of Code in **mem_util.cpp**

This codes checks the working of device driver.

- We set the mmap flags to `MAP_SHARED` for demand paging while we set the flags to `MAP_POPULATE | MAP_SHARED` in case of prefetching.
- In case of `OP_MAPREAD`,we first memory map the kernel buffer into user-space segment using `mmap`.If it is failed , we return `EXIT_FAILURE`.For non-empty message , we compare the characters in user buffer with kernel one and return `EXIT_FAILURE` if they mismatch.If the length of message is 0,it is not reported as error; we just access each element of the device memory.Lastly, we unmap the device memory by using `munmap`.
- In case of `OP_MAPWRITE`, we first memory map the kernel buffer into user-space segment using `mmap`.If it is failed , we return `EXIT_FAILURE`.For non-empty message , we write the message to device memory from the message .Lastly, we unmap the device memory by using `munmap`.

Following is the screenshot of working of programme:

```
[root@cs3523 99_devmmap_paging]# bash runtest.sh
PASS - Test 0 : Module loaded with majorno: 243
PASS - Test 1 : Single process reading using mapping
PASS - Test 2 : Single process writing using mapping
PASS - Test 3 : Multiple process reading using mapping
PASS - Test 4 : Multiple process writing using mapping
PASS - Test 5 : One process writing using mapping and other process reading using mapping
PASS - Test 6 : One process writing to one dev and other process reading from another dev
[root@cs3523 99_devmmap_paging]# cat test0-dmesg.txt
[12297.599189] mykmod loaded
[12297.599198] mykmod initialized at=ffffffffc0669220
[12297.599206] register character device 243
[root@cs3523 99_devmmap_paging]# cat testn-dmesg.txt
[12297.972324] mykmod unloaded
[root@cs3523 99_devmmap_paging]# |
```