Flight Delay Prediction for Tunisair

ML-Project



Problem & Motivation

Problem X

- Flight delays are disruptive and costly
- Passengers lose time and confidence
- Airlines and airports face financial losses 💼 and reduced operational efficiency

Motivation

• Tunisair aims to implement a predictive solution to anticipate delays and mitigate their impact

Project Objective ©

Goal:

Use machine learning to predict the length of flight delays (in minutes).

Impact:

- ✓ Better scheduling
- ✓ Reduced operational inefficiencies
- Improved passenger satisfaction

Dataset & Evaluation

Data Source:

Flight data provided by Zindi, consisting of a train/test format for model development

Prediction Target:

Delay duration in minutes

Performance Metric:

Noot Mean Square Error (RMSE)

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Q Initial Insights from EDA:

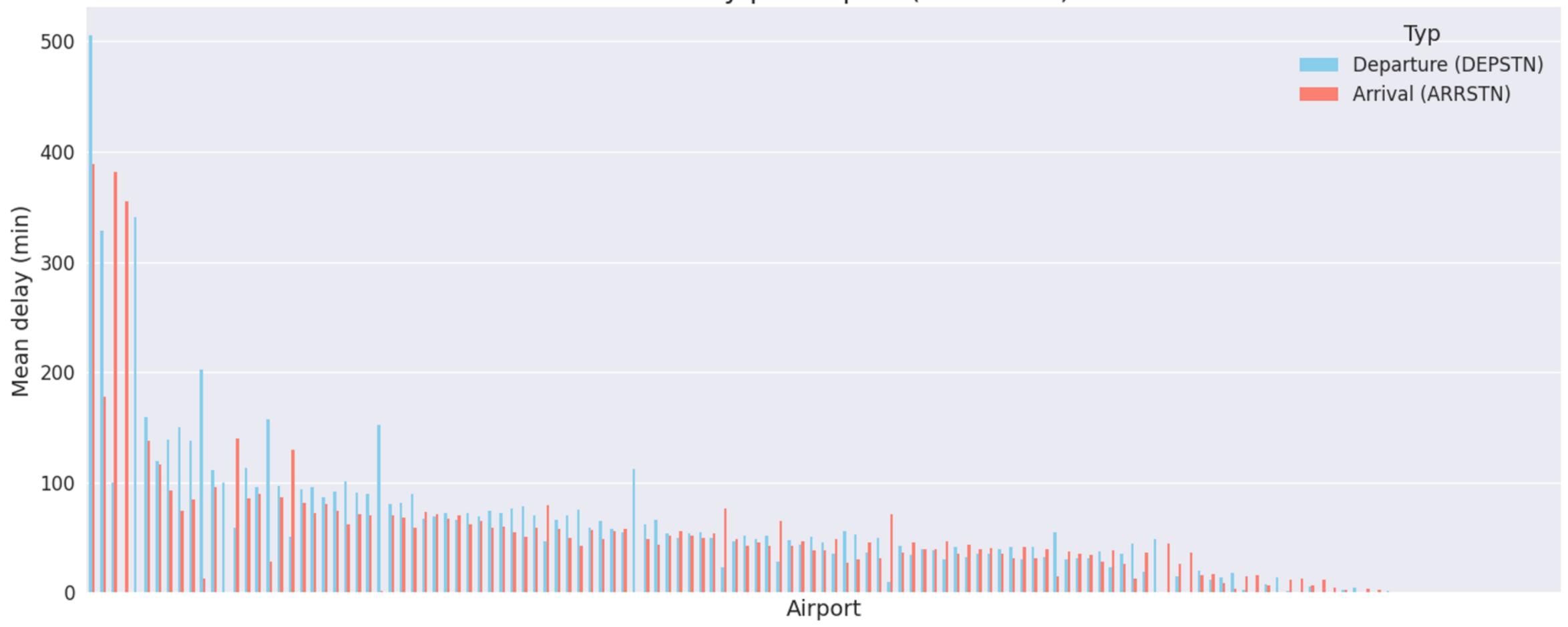
We analyzed how delays are distributed based on:

- Departure airports
- Arrival airports
- Temporal trends across the years 2016–2018

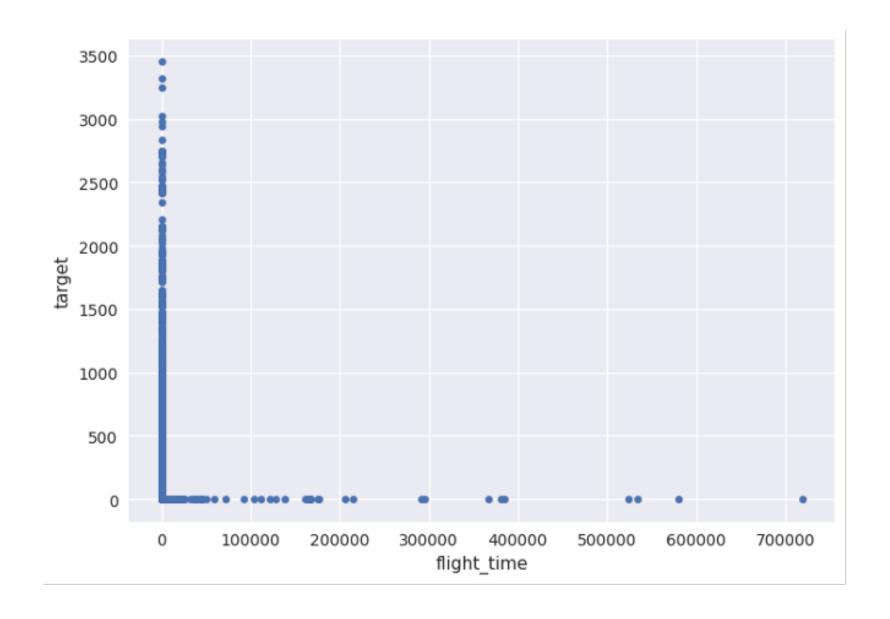
Data Table

Column	Description
ID	Unique flight identifier
DATOP	Date of flight
FLTID	Flight number
DEPSTN	Departure point
ARRSTN	Arrival point
STD	Scheduled time of departure
STA	Scheduled time of arrival
STATUS	Flight status
AC	Aircraft code
target	Flight delay (min.)

Mean delay per airport (DEP+ARR)

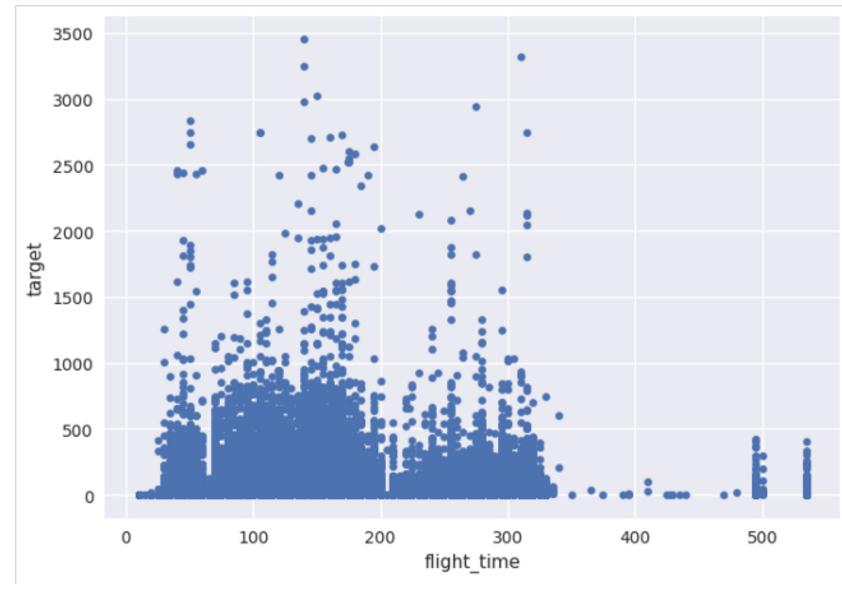


Deriving flight time from STD and STA

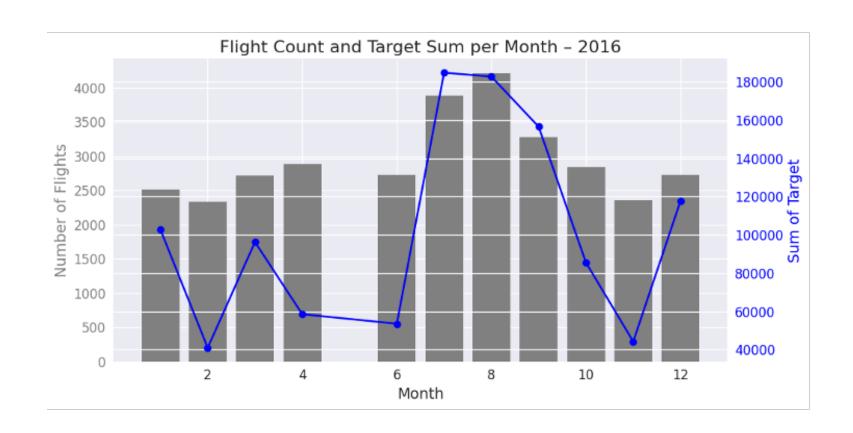


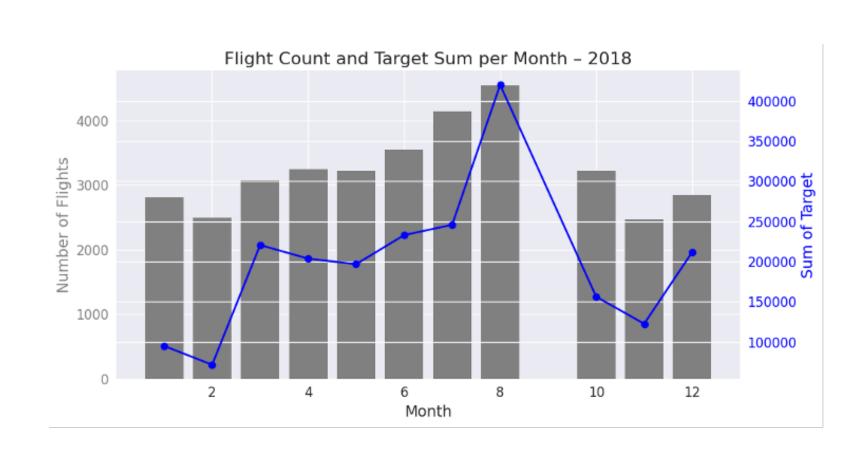
Removing what could be service flights?
Flights where departure and arrival airports are the same

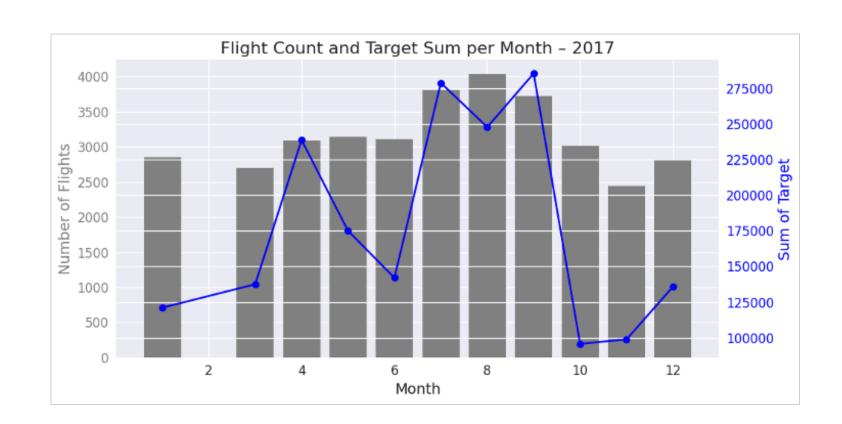


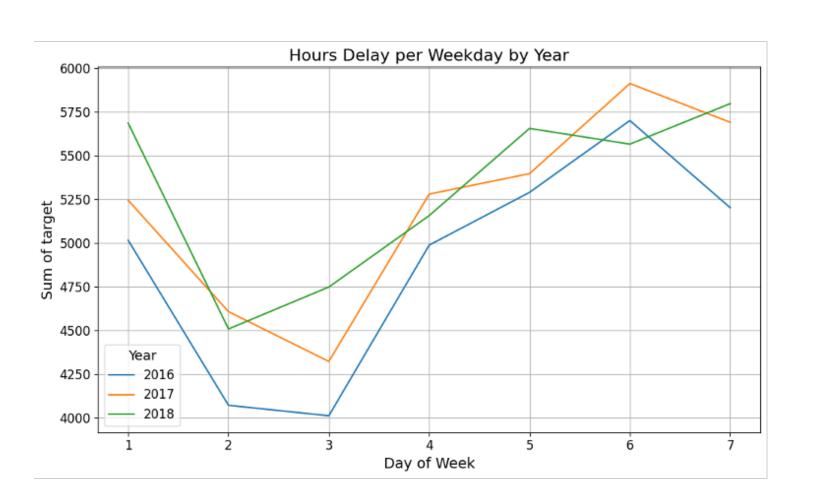


Dissecting DATOP into YEAR, month and day of the week









Baseline Model

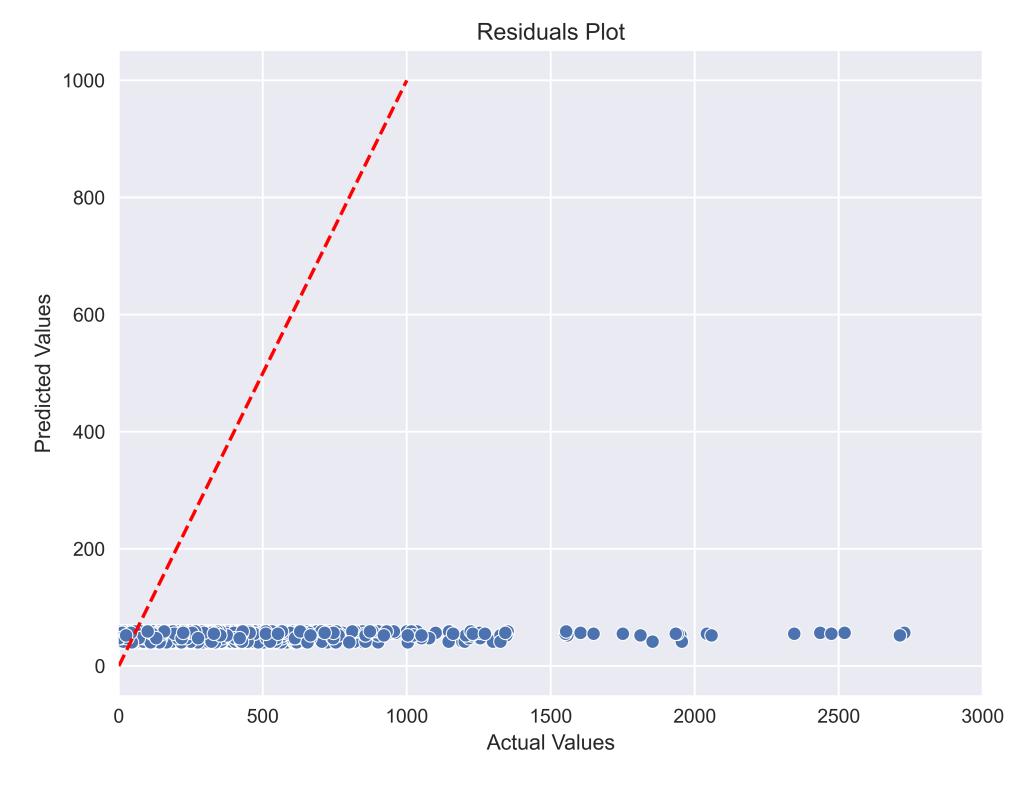
Initial Approach:

A simple linear regression model using only the day of the week (or aircraft code) as the predictor.

Baseline Performance:

III RMSE ≈ **114.69**

 $R2 \approx 3.01 \%$



ML Model

Many categorical variables ...

... but there is:



ML Model

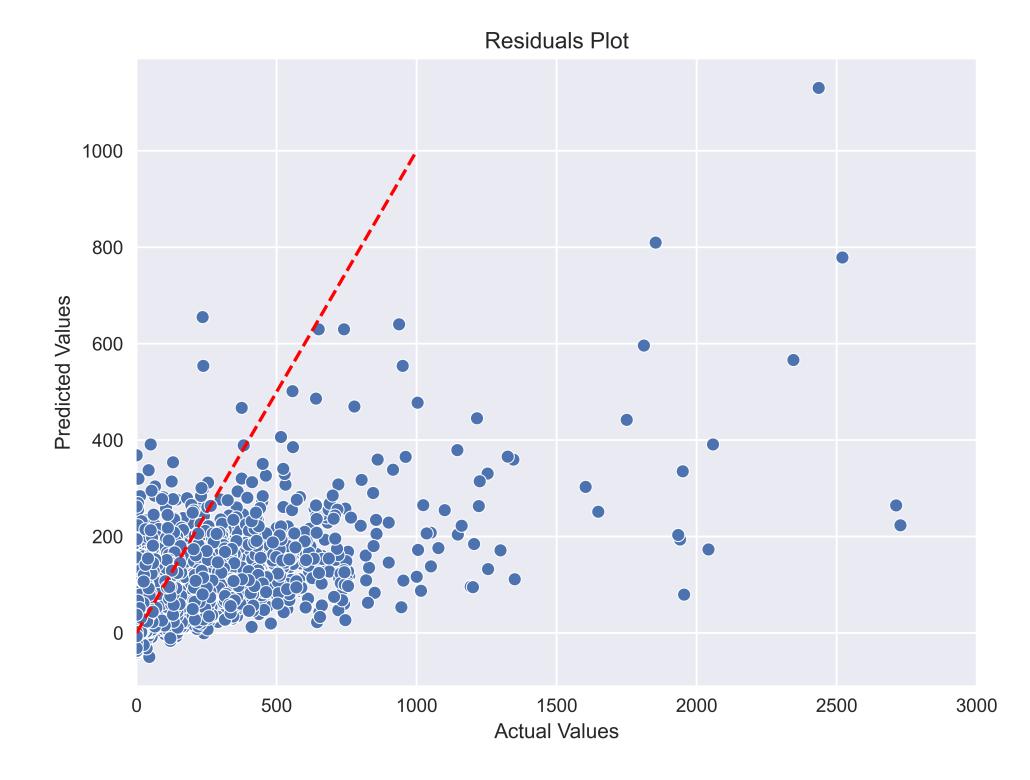
Approach:

A regression model using the CatBoost method with the predictors:

Flight Status | Aircraft Code | Departure and Arrival Point | Year, month and weekday of Departure Time

Baseline Performance: ■ RMSE \approx **96.14** (< **100**)

 $R2 \approx 30.48 \%$



We're happy to answer any questions and look forward to your feedback.