

# Class 18: Mini Project - Investigating Pertussis Resurgence

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First we will examine and explore Pertussis case numbers in the US as tracked by the CDC:  
<https://www.cdc.gov/pertussis/surv-reporting/cases-by-year.html>

We can use the datapasta package package to scrape

```
cdc <- data.frame(  
  year = c(1922L,1923L,1924L,1925L,  
            1926L,1927L,1928L,1929L,1930L,1931L,  
            1932L,1933L,1934L,1935L,1936L,  
            1937L,1938L,1939L,1940L,1941L,1942L,  
            1943L,1944L,1945L,1946L,1947L,  
            1948L,1949L,1950L,1951L,1952L,  
            1953L,1954L,1955L,1956L,1957L,1958L,  
            1959L,1960L,1961L,1962L,1963L,  
            1964L,1965L,1966L,1967L,1968L,1969L,  
            1970L,1971L,1972L,1973L,1974L,  
            1975L,1976L,1977L,1978L,1979L,1980L,  
            1981L,1982L,1983L,1984L,1985L,  
            1986L,1987L,1988L,1989L,1990L,  
            1991L,1992L,1993L,1994L,1995L,1996L,  
            1997L,1998L,1999L,2000L,2001L,  
            2002L,2003L,2004L,2005L,2006L,2007L,  
            2008L,2009L,2010L,2011L,2012L,  
            2013L,2014L,2015L,2016L,2017L,2018L,  
            2019L,2020L,2021L),  
  cases = c(107473,164191,165418,152003,  
            202210,181411,161799,197371,  
            166914,172559,215343,179135,265269,  
            180518,147237,214652,227319,103188,  
            183866,222202,191383,191890,109873,
```

```

133792,109860,156517,74715,69479,
120718,68687,45030,37129,60886,
62786,31732,28295,32148,40005,
14809,11468,17749,17135,13005,6799,
7717,9718,4810,3285,4249,3036,
3287,1759,2402,1738,1010,2177,2063,
1623,1730,1248,1895,2463,2276,
3589,4195,2823,3450,4157,4570,
2719,4083,6586,4617,5137,7796,6564,
7405,7298,7867,7580,9771,11647,
25827,25616,15632,10454,13278,
16858,27550,18719,48277,28639,32971,
20762,17972,18975,15609,18617,
6124,2116)
)

```

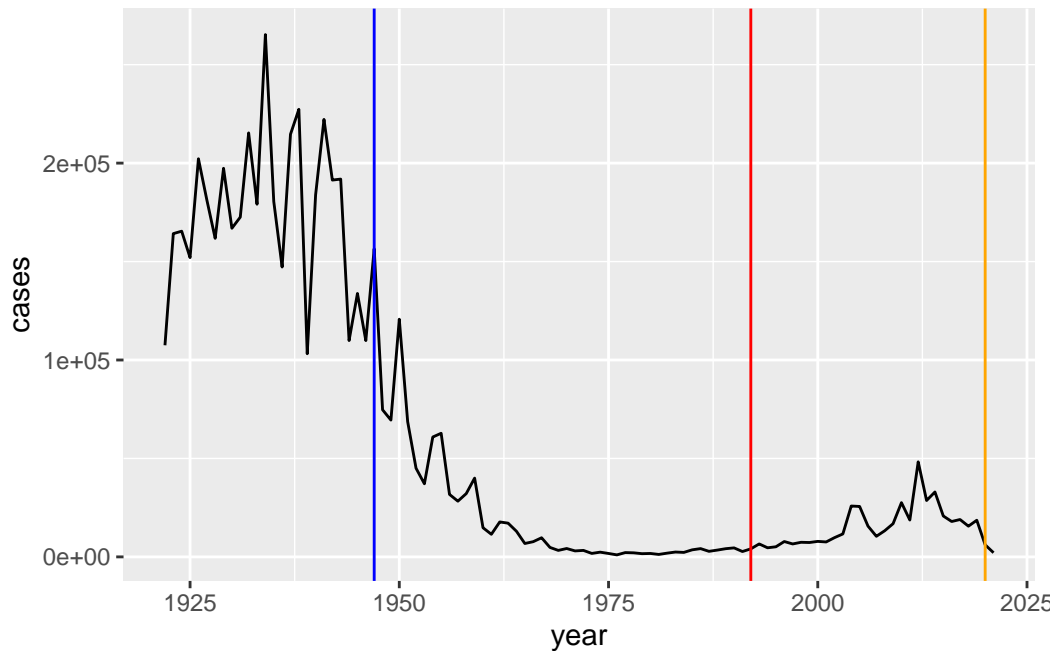
I want a plot of cases per year

```

library(ggplot2)

ggplot(cdc) +
  aes(year, cases) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1947, col="blue" ) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1992, col="red") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2020, col="orange")

```



Access data from CMI-PB project

This database (like many modern projects) uses an API to return JSON format data.

We will use the R package `jsonlite`

```
library(jsonlite)

subject <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/subject", simplifyVector = TRUE)
head(subject)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
2	2	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
3	3	wP	Female	Unknown	White
4	4	wP	Male	Not Hispanic or Latino	Asian
5	5	wP	Male	Not Hispanic or Latino	Asian
6	6	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
2	1968-01-01	2019-01-28	2020_dataset
3	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset
4	1988-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset
5	1991-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset

```
6      1988-01-01      2016-10-10 2020_dataset
```

```
sum(subject$infancy_vac == "wP")
```

```
[1] 58
```

```
table(subject$infancy_vac)
```

```
aP wP  
60 58
```

```
table(subject$biological_sex)
```

```
Female   Male  
      79    39
```

```
table(subject$race)
```

```
      American Indian/Alaska Native  
              1  
              Asian  
              32  
      Black or African American  
              2  
      More Than One Race  
              11  
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander  
              2  
      Unknown or Not Reported  
              15  
              White  
              55
```

```
table(subject$race, subject$biological_sex)
```

	Female	Male
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	1
Asian	21	11
Black or African American	2	0
More Than One Race	9	2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	1
Unknown or Not Reported	11	4
White	35	20

```
subject$year_of_birth
```

```
[1] "1986-01-01" "1968-01-01" "1983-01-01" "1988-01-01" "1991-01-01"
[6] "1988-01-01" "1981-01-01" "1985-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1982-01-01"
[11] "1986-01-01" "1982-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1993-01-01" "1989-01-01"
[16] "1987-01-01" "1980-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1994-01-01" "1981-01-01"
[21] "1983-01-01" "1985-01-01" "1991-01-01" "1992-01-01" "1988-01-01"
[26] "1983-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1982-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1988-01-01"
[31] "1989-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1990-01-01" "1983-01-01" "1991-01-01"
[36] "1997-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1985-01-01" "1994-01-01"
[41] "1985-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1997-01-01"
[46] "1998-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1997-01-01"
[51] "1997-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1997-01-01"
[56] "1997-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1997-01-01"
[61] "1987-01-01" "1993-01-01" "1995-01-01" "1993-01-01" "1990-01-01"
[66] "1976-01-01" "1972-01-01" "1972-01-01" "1990-01-01" "1998-01-01"
[71] "1998-01-01" "1991-01-01" "1995-01-01" "1995-01-01" "1998-01-01"
[76] "1998-01-01" "1988-01-01" "1993-01-01" "1987-01-01" "1992-01-01"
[81] "1993-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1999-01-01" "1997-01-01" "2000-01-01"
[86] "1998-01-01" "2000-01-01" "2000-01-01" "1997-01-01" "1999-01-01"
[91] "1998-01-01" "2000-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1999-01-01" "1998-01-01"
[96] "2000-01-01" "1986-01-01" "1993-01-01" "1999-01-01" "2001-01-01"
[101] "2003-01-01" "2003-01-01" "1994-01-01" "1989-01-01" "1994-01-01"
[106] "1996-01-01" "1998-01-01" "1995-01-01" "1989-01-01" "1997-01-01"
[111] "1996-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1996-01-01" "1990-01-01" "2002-01-01"
[116] "2000-01-01" "1994-01-01" "1998-01-01"
```

## Side-Note: Working with dates

We can use the `lubridate` package to ease the pain of working with dates

```
library(lubridate)
```

Attaching package: 'lubridate'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

date, intersect, setdiff, union

```
today()
```

```
[1] "2024-03-07"
```

```
today() - ymd("2000-01-01")
```

Time difference of 8832 days

```
today() - ymd("2002-02-21")
```

Time difference of 8050 days

```
time_length(today() - ymd("2002-02-21"), "years")
```

```
[1] 22.0397
```

So what is the age of everyone in our dataset

```
time_length(today() - ymd(subject$year_of_birth), "years")
```

```
[1] 38.17933 56.18070 41.18001 36.18070 33.18001 36.18070 43.17864 39.17864  
[9] 28.18070 42.17933 38.17933 42.17933 27.17864 31.17864 35.17864 37.18001  
[17] 44.18070 27.17864 30.17933 43.17864 41.18001 39.17864 33.18001 32.18070  
[25] 36.18070 41.18001 27.17864 42.17933 27.17864 36.18070 35.17864 27.17864  
[33] 34.17933 41.18001 33.18001 27.17864 26.17933 27.17864 39.17864 30.17933  
[41] 39.17864 27.17864 26.17933 26.17933 27.17864 26.17933 28.18070 26.17933  
[49] 27.17864 27.17864 27.17864 26.17933 26.17933 27.17864 27.17864 27.17864  
[57] 28.18070 27.17864 27.17864 27.17864 37.18001 31.17864 29.18001 31.17864
```

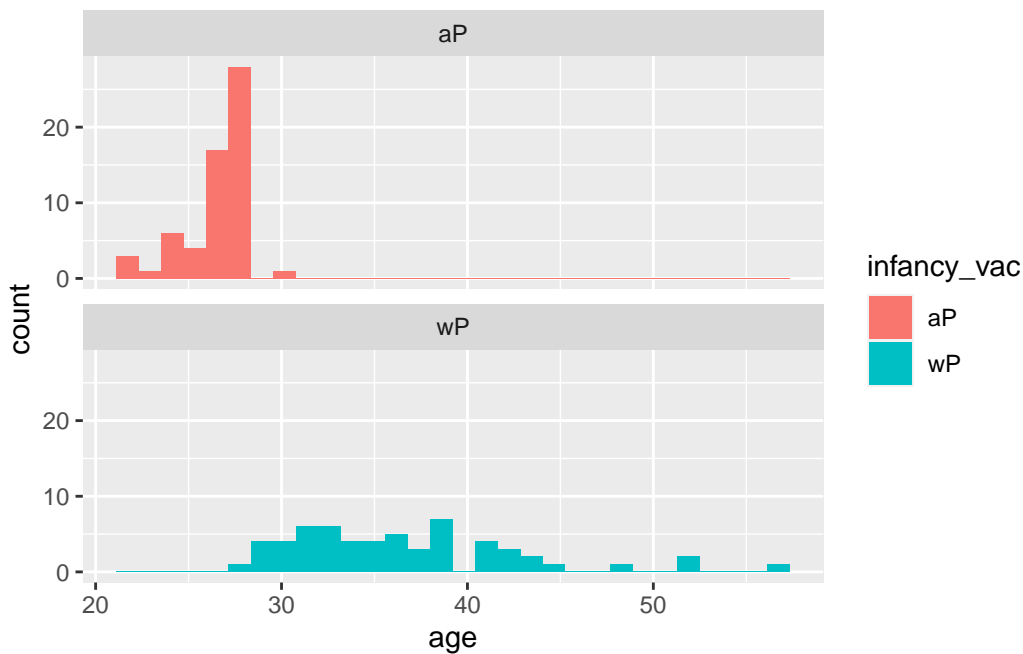
```
[65] 34.17933 48.18070 52.18070 52.18070 34.17933 26.17933 26.17933 33.18001
[73] 29.18001 29.18001 26.17933 26.17933 36.18070 31.17864 37.18001 32.18070
[81] 31.17864 26.17933 25.18001 27.17864 24.18070 26.17933 24.18070 24.18070
[89] 27.17864 25.18001 26.17933 24.18070 28.18070 25.18001 26.17933 24.18070
[97] 38.17933 31.17864 25.18001 23.17864 21.18001 21.18001 30.17933 35.17864
[105] 30.17933 28.18070 26.17933 29.18001 35.17864 27.17864 28.18070 28.18070
[113] 28.18070 34.17933 22.17933 24.18070 30.17933 26.17933
```

```
subject$age <- time_length(today() - ymd(subject$year_of_birth), "years")
```

plot of ages

```
ggplot(subject) +
  aes(age, fill=infancy_vac) +
  geom_histogram() +
  facet_wrap(vars(infancy_vac), nrow=2)
```

`stat\_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



## Get more data from CMI-PB

```
specimen <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/specimen", simplifyVector = TRUE)
head(specimen)
```

	specimen_id	subject_id	actual_day_relative_to_boost	
1	1	1	-3	
2	2	1	1	
3	3	1	3	
4	4	1	7	
5	5	1	11	
6	6	1	32	

	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type	visit
1	0	Blood	1
2	1	Blood	2
3	3	Blood	3
4	7	Blood	4
5	14	Blood	5
6	30	Blood	6

```
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```
meta <- inner_join(subject, specimen)
```

Joining with `by = join\_by(subject\_id)`



```
head(meta)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	
2	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	
3	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	
4	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	
5	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	
6	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino	White	

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset	age	specimen_id
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	1
2	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	2
3	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	3
4	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	4
5	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	5
6	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	38.17933	6

	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type
1	-3	0	Blood
2	1	1	Blood
3	3	3	Blood
4	7	7	Blood
5	11	14	Blood
6	32	30	Blood

	visit
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6

Now we can read some of the other data from CMI-PB

```
ab_titer <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/v4/plasma_ab_titer", simplifyVector = T)
head(ab_titer)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425
3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350

5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000
		unit	lower_limit_of_detection			
1		UG/ML			2.096133	
2		IU/ML			29.170000	
3		IU/ML			0.530000	
4		IU/ML			6.205949	
5		IU/ML			4.679535	
6		IU/ML			2.816431	

One more `inner_join()` to add all our metadata in `meta` on to our `abdata` table:

```
abdata <- inner_join(ab_titer,meta)
```

Joining with ``by = join_by(specimen_id)``

```
head(abdata)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425
3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000
	unit	lower_limit_of_detection	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	
1	UG/ML	2.096133	1	wP	Female	
2	IU/ML	29.170000	1	wP	Female	
3	IU/ML	0.530000	1	wP	Female	
4	IU/ML	6.205949	1	wP	Female	
5	IU/ML	4.679535	1	wP	Female	
6	IU/ML	2.816431	1	wP	Female	
	ethnicity	race	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset	
1	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
2	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
3	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
4	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
5	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
6	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
	age	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost			
1	38.17933		-3			0

2	38.17933	-3	0
3	38.17933	-3	0
4	38.17933	-3	0
5	38.17933	-3	0
6	38.17933	-3	0

	specimen_type	visit
1	Blood	1
2	Blood	1
3	Blood	1
4	Blood	1
5	Blood	1
6	Blood	1

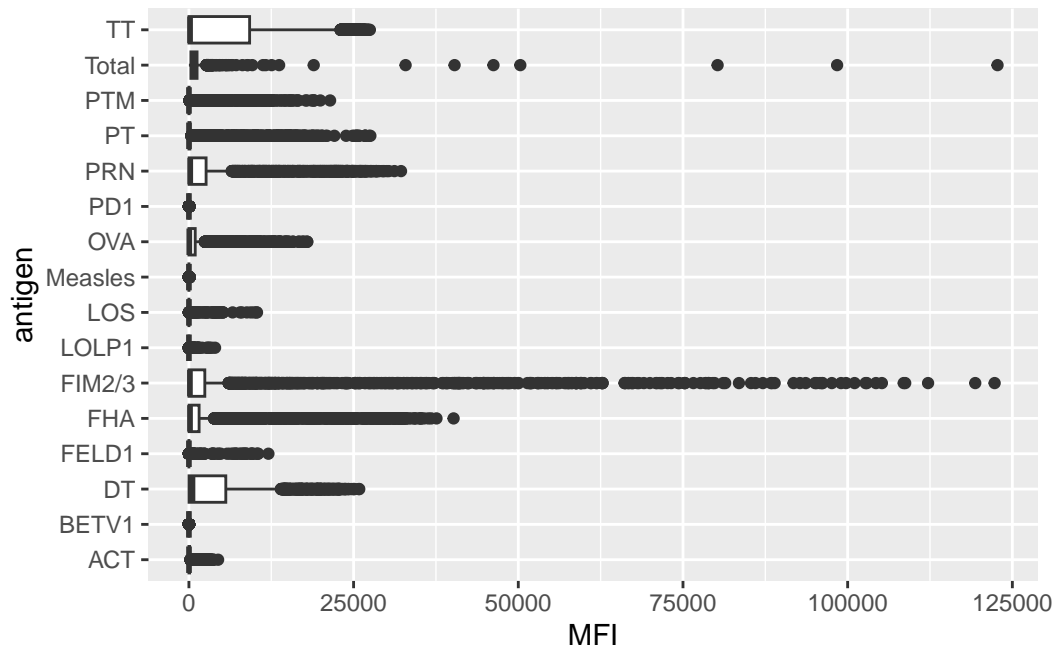
Our first exploratory plot:

```
table(abdata$antigen)
```

ACT	BETV1	DT	FELD1	FHA	FIM2/3	LOLP1	LOS	Measles	OVA
1970	1970	3435	1970	3829	3435	1970	1970	1970	3435
PD1	PRN	PT	PTM	Total	TT				
1970	3829	3829	1970	788	3435				

```
ggplot(abdata) +
  aes(MFI, antigen) +
  geom_boxplot()
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat\_boxplot()`).

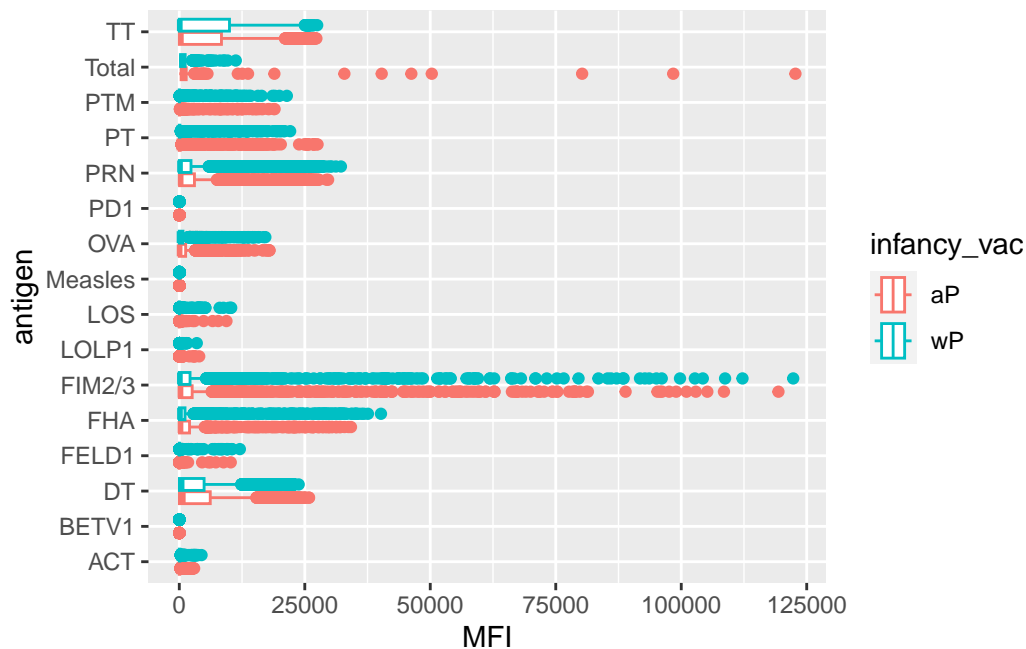


Why are certain antigens and not other very variable in their detected levels here?

Can you facet or even just color by infancy\_vac? Is there some difference?

```
ggplot(abdata) +
  aes(MFI, antigen, col=infancy_vac) +
  geom_boxplot()
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (`stat\_boxplot()`).



There are potentially some differences here but in general it is hard to tell with this whole dataset overview...

```
table(abdata$dataset)
```

```
2020_dataset 2021_dataset 2022_dataset
      31520         8085         2170
```

Let's focus in on just the 2021\_dataset.

```
abdata.21 <- filter(abdata, dataset == "2021_dataset")
table(abdata.21$dataset)
```

```
2021_dataset
      8085
```

Focus on PT antigen IgG levels

```
pt.21 <- filter(abdata.21, isotype == "IgG", antigen == "PT")
```

plot of

```
ggplot(pt.21) +
  aes(x=planned_day_relative_to_boost,
      y=MFI_normalised,
      col=infancy_vac,
      group=subject_id) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line() +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0, linetype="dashed") +
  geom_vline(xintercept=14, linetype="dashed") +
  labs(title="2021 dataset IgG PT",
       subtitle = "Dashed lines indicate day 0 (pre-boost) and 14 (apparent peak levels)")
```

## 2021 dataset IgG PT

Dashed lines indicate day 0 (pre-boost) and 14 (apparent peak levels)

