# Package 'rmimp'

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Type Package			
<b>Title</b> Predicting the impact of mutations on kinase-substrate phosphorylation			
Version 1.0			
Date 2013-10-29 Author Omar Wagih Maintainer Omar Wagih <a href="wagih@ebi.ac.uk">wagih@ebi.ac.uk</a> Description No description			
		License LGPL	
		R topics do	ocumented:
mimp	Predict the impact of single variants on phosphorylation.		
Description			
	on takes in mutation, sequence and phosphorylation data to predict the impact the muta- phosphorylation.		
Usage			
	<pre>seqs, psites, prob.thresh = 0.5, log2.thresh = 1, results = T, include.cent = F, model.data = "hconf")</pre>		
Arguments			
muts	Mutation data file: a space delimited text file OR data frame containing two columns (1) gene and (1) mutation. Example:		
	TP53 R282W CTNNB1 S33C CTNNB1 S37F		

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seqs Sequence data file containing protein sequences in FASTA format OR named

list of sequences where each list element is the uppercase sequence and the name of each element is that of the protein. Example: list(TP53="ABCXYZ",

CDK2="HJKEWR")

psites Phosphorylation data file (optional): a space delimited text file OR data frame

containing two columns (1) gene and (1) positions of phosphorylation sites. Ex-

ample:

TP53 280 CTNNB1 29 CTNNB1 44

prob. thresh Probability threshold of gains and losses. This value should be between 0.5 and

1.

log2.thresh Threshold for the absolute value of log ratio between wild type and mutant

scores. Anything less than this value is discarded (default: 1).

include.cent If TRUE, gains and losses caused by mutation in the central STY residue are

kept. Scores of peptides with a non-STY central residue is given a score of 0

(default: FALSE).

model.data Name of specificity model data to use, can be "hconf": individual experimen-

tal kinase specificity models used to scan for rewiring events. For experimental kinase specificity models, grouped by family, set to "hconf-fam". Both are considered high confidence. For lower confidence predicted specificity models, set to "lconf". NOTE: Predicted models are purely speculative and should be used

with caution

### Value

The data is returned in a data. frame with the following columns:

gene Gene with the rewiring event

mut Mutation causing the rewiring event

psite\_pos Position of the central residue of the phosphosite

mut\_dist Distance of the mutation relative to the central phosphosite
wt Sequence of the wildtype phosphosite (before the mutation)
mt Sequence of the mutated phosphosite (after the mutation)

score\_wt Matrix similarity score of the wildtype phosphosite score\_mt Matrix similarity score of the mutated phosphosite

log\_ratio Log2 ratio between mutant and wildtype scores. A high positive log ratio repre-

sents a high confidence gain-of-signaling event. A high negative log ratio represents a high confidence loss-of-signaling event. This ratio is NA for mutations

that affect the central phosphorylation sites

pwm Name of the kinase being rewiried

prob Joint probability of wild type sequence belonging to the foreground distribution

and mutated sequence belonging to the background distribution, for loss and

vice versa for gain

effect Type of rewiring event, can be "loss" or "gain"

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nseqs Number of sequences used to construct the PWM. PWMs constructed with a

higher number of sequences are generally considered of better quality.

pwm\_fam Family/subfamily of kinase being rewired. If a kinase subfamily is available the

family and subfamily will be seprated by an underscore e.g. "DMPK\_ROCK".

If no subfamily is available, only the family is shown e.g. "GSK"

#### **Examples**

```
# Get the path to example mutation data
mut.file = system.file("extdata", "mutation_data.txt", package = "rmimp")
# Get the path to example FASTA sequence data
seq.file = system.file("extdata", "sequence_data.txt", package = "rmimp")
# View the files in a text editor
browseURL(mut.file)
browseURL(seq.file)
# Run rewiring analysis
results = mimp(mut.file, seq.file, display.results=TRUE)
# Show head of results
head(results)
```

results2html

Display MIMP results interactively in browser

### **Description**

Display MIMP results interactively in browser

#### Usage

```
results2html(x, max.rows = 5000)
```

## **Arguments**

x Data frame resulting from mimp call.

max.rows If data contains more rows than this value, results won't be displayed.