

# Challenge Implement Polymorphism





### **World of Vehicles**

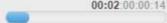
Lukxtech, a leading vehicle manufacturer, has organized a competition to help select the design of its next-generation remote vehiclemonitoring system. The company manufactures a range of passenger cars based on different engine and transmission configurations. To win the competition, participants must create a design that caters to all the different models of cars the company makes. As one of the competitors, you need to create a proof-of-concept prototype to demonstrate the power of your design.

#### CHALLENGE









### World of Vehicles (cont'd)

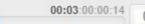
In order to harness the power of an engine and transmit it to the wheels smoothly, a vehicle needs a transmission. The transmission allows the engine to operate at its optimal speed (in rpm) to ensure fuel efficiency and minimal emissions, while allowing the driver to operate the vehicle at the desired speed (in mph). While modern transmissions can be very complex, they essentially contain a set of gears or equivalent mechanical devices that allow the rotational speed and power of the engine to be transmitted to the wheels.

#### CHALLENGE









### World of Vehicles (cont'd)

Lukxtech has developed several transmissions to suit the different types of passenger vehicles and the variety of engines that it produces. Affordable entry-level cars are typically fitted with a manual transmission, while the more expensive cars have an automatic transmission. Automated manual transmission (AMT) is a category that carmakers have introduced that is between entry-level and luxury. Furthermore, there are multiple types of automatic transmissions that have been developed by the automobile industry-torque converters, continuously variable transmissions (CVT), and dual-clutch transmissions (DCT). Lukxtech offers

#### CHALLENGE

6-speed CVTs, and 8-speed DCTs.







# Challenge Statement

 The table below shows the full range of transmissions offered by Lukxtech, along with their specifications.

Type of Transmission	Mode el#	Forward Gears	1 <sup>st</sup> Gear Ratio	2 <sup>nd</sup> Gear Ratio	3 <sup>rd</sup> Gear Ratio	4 <sup>th</sup> Gear Ratio	5 <sup>th</sup> Gear Ratio	6 <sup>th</sup> Gear Ratio	7 <sup>th</sup> Gear Ratio	8 <sup>th</sup> Gear Ratio
	MP4	4	2.540	1.920	1.510	1.000				
	MP5	5	3.545	1.904	1.280	0.914	0.757			
Manual	MP6	6	3.010	2.070	1.430	1.000	0.710	0.570		
AMT	AMTP4	4	2.540	1.920	1.510	1.000				
	AMTD5	5	2.950	1.940	1.340	1.000	0.630			





### **Tasks**

- Task 1: Analyze the family of transmissions and create an appropriate hierarchy of classes that can be used to model the transmissions. Name the parent class: Transmission. Determine the child classes based on the descriptions and information presented in the table on the previous slide.
- Create appropriate constructors for the classes so that various transmission types can be instantiated
  per the specifications in the table. Use the transmission model number as a parameter in the
  constructor to initialize the relevant data for that transmission type, per the specifications in the table.

## Tasks (cont'd)

 Task 2: Write a method named showSpecs() that can be invoked for any transmission type to display the specifications of a particular transmission object.

The transmission specifications should be displayed as follows:

```
Transmission Type: <Type of Transmission>
Transmission Model Number: <Transmission Model #>
```

```
Key Specifications:
```

```
<Specification Name 1> <Specification Value>
```

<Specification Name 2> <Specification Value>



## Tasks (cont'd)

Example, an object that is an AMT D5 model will have the specifications displayed as:

Transmission Type: **Automated Manual** 

Transmission Model Number: AMTD5

#### **Key Specifications:**

1.	Forward	Gears:	5
	1.	1. Forward	1. Forward Gears:

2. 1st Gear Ratio: 2.950

1.940 3. 2nd Gear Ratio:

4. 3rd Gear Ratio: 1.340

5. 4th Gear Ratio: 1.000

6. 5th Gear Ratio: 0.630





# Tasks (cont'd)

 Write the main() method to test the class hierarchy, by declaring different kinds of transmission objects and showing their specifications.