

**Problem 1:** k-out-of-n system

Probability of a component working when checked at time  $t = 3$  months, assuming  $n = 8$ ,  $k = 4$ ,

$r = 3/2$  and  $\lambda = 1/10 \Rightarrow$

$$p = \exp\{-0.1t^{3/2}\}$$

- a) Probability that a k-out-of-n system is still operation when checked at time  $t = 3$ :

$$P(X \geq 4) = \sum_{k=4}^8 \binom{8}{k} p^k (1-p)^{8-k} = 0.5351$$

- b) Probability that a 5-out-of-n system is still operation when checked at time  $t = 3$ :

$$P(X = 5) = \binom{8}{5} p^5 (1-p)^3 = 0.2773$$

Probability that exact 5 components working while the system working when checked at time  $t$

$$P(X = 5 | X \geq 4) = P(X = 5) / P(X \geq 4) = 0.2773 / 0.5351 = 0.5182$$

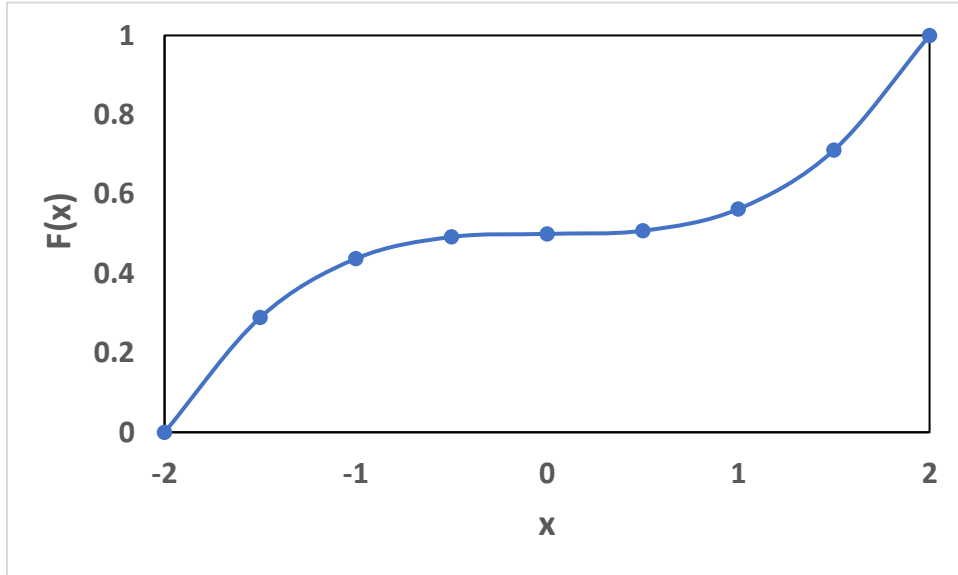
**Problem 2:**

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2}{16}, & -2 < x < 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a) Probability that a randomly chosen measurement can be classified as accurate ( $\text{abs}(X) < 0.5$ )

$$P(\text{abs}(X) < 0.5) = \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} f(x) dx = \frac{3}{16} \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} x^2 dx = \frac{3}{16} \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-0.5}^{0.5} = 0.015625$$

- b) Cumulative distribution  $F(x) = \int_{-2}^x f(x) dx = \frac{3}{16} \int_{-2}^x x^2 dx = \frac{x^3}{16}$



c) Expected loss (mean of Y) :

$$E(Y) = E(X^2) = \int_{-2}^2 x^2 f(x) dx = \int_{-2}^2 x^2 \left(\frac{3}{16} x^2\right) dx$$

$$E(Y) = \frac{3}{16} \int_{-2}^2 x^4 dx = \frac{3}{16 \cdot 5} (x^5) \Big|_{-2}^2 = 2.4$$

d) Probability of Y is less than \$3:

$$Y < \$3 \xrightarrow{\text{yields}} X^2 < \frac{3}{1000} \xrightarrow{\text{yields}} -\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}} < X < \sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}$$

$$P(\text{abs}(X) < \sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}) = \int_{-\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}}^{\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}} f(x) dx = \frac{3}{16} \int_{-\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}}^{\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}} x^2 dx = \frac{3}{16} \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}}^{\sqrt{\frac{3}{1000}}} =$$

**2.054e-5**

**Problem 3:**

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x + y, & 0 \leq x \leq 1; 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

**a)** Marginal distribution of  $f_X(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} f_X(x) &= \int_{-\inf}^{\inf} f(x, y) dy \\ &= \int_{-\inf}^0 f(x, y) dy + \int_0^1 f(x, y) dy + \int_1^0 f(x, y) dy \\ &= \int_0^1 f(x, y) dy = \int_0^1 (x + y) dy = \left( xy + \frac{y^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^1 \\ &= \left( x + \frac{1}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

**When  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ , else 0**

**b)** Conditional distribution  $f(y|x) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{x+y}{x+\frac{1}{2}}$  **when  $x, y$  in  $[0,1]$**

**Else  $f(y|x)$  is undefined**

**Problem 4:**

$$\pi(\theta|x) = f(u_1, u_2, \dots, u_{34}|\theta)\pi(\theta) = (\theta^{-34} \mathbf{1}) \frac{1}{\theta} (\theta > M)$$

**Pareto family:  $\pi(\theta|x) = (\theta^{-34} \mathbf{1}) \frac{1}{\theta} = \theta^{-35} = \frac{\alpha c^\alpha}{\theta^{\alpha+1}} \mathbf{1} (\theta > M)$**

Therefore  $c = M = 0.54876$  and  $\alpha = 34$

$$\underline{c}) \quad \tilde{\theta} = \frac{c\alpha}{\alpha-1} = \frac{(0.54876)*34}{34-1} = 0.5654$$

$$F(\theta) \geq 0.95 \xrightarrow{yields} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{c}{\theta} \right)^\alpha \right] 1(\theta > 0.54876) \geq 0.95$$

$$Yield \ 1 - \left( \frac{0.54876}{\theta} \right)^{34} \geq 0.95$$

$$Yield \ \left( \frac{0.54876}{\theta} \right)^{34} \leq 0.05$$

$$\theta \geq 0.5993$$

Therefore, the true value of parameter (0.6) in the credible set.