III B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2020 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**) 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B *****		
	PART -A	(22 Marks)
1 a)	Check whether the following system is i) Linear, and ii) Time invariant. $y(n+2)+2y(n)=x(n+1)+2$.	[4M]
b)	How FFT is more efficient to determine DFT of sequence?	[3M]
c)	What are the applications of Z-Transforms?	[4M]
d)	Explain about impulse invariant technique.	[4M]
e)	Draw the schematic of interpolator.	[3M]
f)	What are the different stages in pipelining?	[4M]
	<u>PART –B</u>	(48 Marks)
2 a)	Determine the frequency response, and time delay of the system given $y(n) = x(n) - x(n-1) + x(n-2)$.	by. [8M]
b)	Determine whether the following system is: i) Linear ii) Causal iii) Stable, iv) Time invariant. $y(n) = \log 10 x(n) $ Justify your answer.	and [8M]
3 a)	Find the DFT of the following sequence using DIF FFT? $x(n) = \{1,2,3,5,5,3,2,1\}$.	[8M]
b)	Find the inverse FFT of $X[k] = [10, -2+j2, 4, -2-j2]$.	[8M]
U)	This the inverse IT I of $A[K] = [10, -2+]2, +, -2-]2].$	[OIVI]
4 a)	Design an FIR Low Pass filter with $\omega_c = 1.4 \pi/s$ and $N = 7$ using Hamming window	ow. [8M]
b)	Determine the Z-transform of the signals:	[8M]
	i) $x(n) = nu(n-1)$ ii) $x(n) = 2^n \cos(3n)u(n)$.	
5 a)	What is a Kaiser window? In what way is it superior to other window functions?	[8M]
b)	Compare and Contrast Butterworth and Chebyshev approximations.	[8M]
6 a)	Give the time-domain characterization of up – sampler.	[8M]
b)	Explain about sampling rate conversion	[8M]
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[8M]

[8M]

7 a) Draw and explain the memory architecture of the TMS320C3X processor.

b) What is bit-reversed addressing mode? Explain.