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LIMIT PLACED ON CAMPAIGN EXPENSE

SENATE PASSES PUBLICITY BILL IN DRASTIC FORM.

LORIMER CASE IS CAUSE

Stephenson of Wisconsin Scored by Reed Because He Used $107,000 in Securing Tags—Rules Apply to Primaries.

COST OF TOGAS.

The following figures are taken from owen (illegible):

Senators.

1. Isaac Stephenson, Wisconsin, $1,000,000.
2. William Lorimer, Illinois, $100,000. (According to Funk's testimony of Edward Hines' house).
3. Albert J. Hopkins, Illinois, nine years of Aspley, 11th was not elected.
4. Simon Guggenheim, Colorado, $250,000. (Common report in the state).
5. Jeff Davis, Arkansas, eight packs of wool socks.
6. Henry A. Du Pont, Delaware, $100,000. (In the second smallest state in the union).
7. Thomas C. Platt, New York, $200,000. (Expenses exclusive).

Representatives.

1. William J. Mcnay, Illinois, $40,000. (Was defeated for renomination in the primary).
2. James R. Mann, Illinois, eight of tons of garden seeds.
3. Serano E. Payne, New York, $25,000.
4. Joseph Dalzell, Pennsylvania, $15,000 for primary, $15,000 for a election.
5. Ira C. Copley, Illinois, $10,000. (Campaign lasted two years.)

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The most drastic campaign publicity legislation ever passed in either branch of congress was adopted by the senate late yesterday practically without a dissenting vote.

This action on the part of the senate is the direct result of the Lorimer scandal. The evidence brought to light in the inquiry into that case was referred to in several of the addresses in favor of the bill, and it was evident the members of the upper house were determined to wipe out the chance of another such stain on th character of that body.

The charges which have been brought against Senator Stephenson, of Wisconsin, also were pointed out as reason for revising of the present election law.

Senator Reed, in offering an amendment putting the total expenditure not to exceed 10 cents each for the voters in the republican state, requires candidates to file statements of their expenses. Yet one of them sits in this body to-day who admitted having spent $107,000 to obtain votes in the primary election. If that is not a case of buying a seat in the senate, it ought to be."

Features Added to Bill.

The senate bill is based on the Pre-election publicity bill passed by the house, but added many features. Among other things it provides:

"No senatorial candidate or candidate shall spend in the election more than a sum equal to 10 cents for each voter in his district or state.

No senatorial candidate shall spend more than the sum of $5,000 in the primary and general election, and no candidate for the house shall spend more than $3,000.

Publicity must be given to all primary campaign contributions and expenditures.

All general election expenses must be made public 15 days before election and making publication each six days thereafter.

All speeches of political jobs must be made public.

The bill further makes it illegal to promise political places in order to influence votes, or to use any aid in influencing the election of any member of a state legislature.

Ketcyn and Kern Active.

Most of the amendments to the house bill were proposed by Senators Kenyon, of Iowa, and Kern, of Indiana. They were acting as a sub-committee of the committee on privileges and elections.

The bill will be the subject of probably prolonged conference between the two houses. It originated in the house as a part of the democratic legislative program. Democrats wanted to require the publication of expenditures before election, which is not required by the existing publicity law.

The republicans in the house attempted to limit the publicity to the primary election expenses, in the senate to-day the primary election amendments were adopted with little opposition.

The house amendments authorized by the committee on privileges and elections required publicity of all primary election expenses and all pledges of political jobs or favors. Some observers have pointed out that if this provision of primary elections were not within the control of congress.

The amendment was finally adopted, however, by a vote of 39 to seven, the negatives being cast by Senators Johnston, Bryan, Overman and Taylor voting against it.

Battle Over Amendment.

The hardest fight of the day was over the amendment proposed by Senator Reed limiting the amount a senatorial candidate should be allowed to spend in any election and prohibiting the making of all campaign pledges. Senator Sutherland, of Utah, admitted that the house conferees might force elimination of the provision.

Mr. Reed, after citing the case of Stephenson, demanded that the amendment place the amount at 10 cents for each voter.

Senator Sutherland, this would permit a senatorial candidate in New York to spend nearly $200,000 in his election, while the candidate in Nevada could spend only about $1,000. The Reed amendment was finally adopted, 46 to 28, with the limit of expenses at $5,000 for a senate candidate and $3,000 for a house candidate; both at the suggestion of Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, who said increased to $10,000 for the senate candidate and $3,000 for the house candidate.

Root Speaks for Proposal.

Senator Root, of New York, was one of the other supporters of this proposal. In an address urging its adoption he said: "I wonder how it strikes the people of this country, throughout the country.

"We know it not only through the newspapers," said Mr. Root, "but through what has occurred right here in the senate. We need adequate laws against campaign corruption, so that the people may feel that their rights taken away from them by corrupt men.

DOG MOTHERS CHICKENS.

Also Makes Good at Telephone and Obeys Messages.

PHOENIXVILLE, Pa., July 18.—An incubator and a kind, good-natured and intelligent bull terrier are the chief factors in the remarkable success that has come to Frank Radel of Phoenixville in his efforts as an amateur chicken breeder, and Radel believes that his dog has been his greatest aid. For the dog carefully and tenderly "mothers" the little chickens upon their leaving the incubator and no loss could perform the task with greater success than her Madge, who rarely leaves a chick and whose disposition totally contradicts the ferocity of her ancestors, the bull terriers.

Madge is probably the busiest dog in town and has in many ways proven herself a useful member of the community. Besides spending a large part of each day in looking after the welfare of her adopted charges, she is an important factor in the success of Radel's public studio, where she has posed for innumerable photographs with children, with whom she rightly makes friends. A telephone message will bring her from her master's home to the studio in a few minutes.

The feat she has accomplished was by the sounding of telephone calls. Madge learned to knock the receiver from the hook when the bell rings, and dropping one ear over the receiver, barks a response. If her master is calling she can usually understand his simple direction to "come to the studio" or to call his wife to the telephone. If unfamiliar with the dog calls her master or mistress in her assistance. Madge is desirous of a score of other tricks.

PRICE OF ICE SAID TO BE BEYOND REASON

New York City's Supply Was Not Short.

NEW YORK, July 18.—"It would appear that the present high price of ice is largely due to the greed of the ice companies in refusing to take necessary measures to supply the city's wants."

This indictment thought by Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo after his investigation into the causes of the recent ice famine.

In reporting his findings to the mayor the commissioner says that of 450 independent ice dealers interviewed, 270 complained of prices charged by the larger wholesalers; that about July 1, when the hot weather set in, the largest of the New York companies—the Knickerbocker Ice company—raised the price from $4 to $6 a ton, and that other little house made than doubled the price to $5 a ton.

The advance was made, the commissioner finds, in the face of a plentiful supply in storage along the upper Hudson and over 200,000 tons on barges in the harbor.

President Winter Ad. Oter of the Knickerbocker company when shown Commissioner Waldo's report, denied the allegations made in it.

TRACES $300 IN DREAM.

Woman Produces Money and Her Husband is Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 18.—Through a dream Mrs. Louis P. Branch located $300 stolen from a negro woman, Emma Nicholas, of 1702 Chestnut street, after which the police arrested the dreamer's husband on a charge of grand larceny.

Branch is a second-hand dealer at 1706 Chestnut street. Mrs. Nicholas, in the negro's home in Gerlach's hall, She placed three $100 bills on a bed while she went out to get a pail for Branch to sign a receipt. When she returned the bills were missing. Branch also accused the negro.

The police were notified and started to work on the case.

"I dreamed your money was under your bookcase," Mrs. Branch told the negro woman.

The negro went out on their knees and shoved beneath the furniture. Mrs. Branch pushed her hand under and when she drew it out she held three bills of $100 denomination. Branch's arrest followed.

INNOCENT MAN IS FREED.

Convicted of Murder, Served a Year When Another Confesses.

PHOENIX, Ariz., July 18.—Gov. Sloane signed the parole of Harry Jose, committed to the territorial prison nearly a year ago to serve a life sentence after having been convicted on circumstantial evidence of having killed another Indian, Rey Chiquito, near Jerome. Jose was released on the ground of having submitted the crime by the recent confession of Frank Owen, now under arrest, that the crime had been committed by Virgil Hayes in company with Owen's wife, while Jose and Hayes were engaged in an altercation over a game.

The territorial board of pardons control, not having power to pardon a prisoner convicted of such a crime, the governor commuted his sentence to parole. Jose's release was granted on the ground that Jose be paroled, and he was accordingly released by the governor's order.

Following Owen's arrest and confession, Hayes surrendered to the sheriff of Los Angeles on June 21 and brought here.

RISKS LIFE FOR OTHERS.

Woman Seizes Rabid Dog and Faces it in Jets Woodhouse.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., July 18.—That the lives of others might not be imperiled, Mrs. Jacob Loos grappled with her large shepherd dog when it was suddenly stricken with hydrophobia. The dog was tied to its kennel with a rope when Mrs. Loos discovered its condition. An instant later it had bitten the rope in two and, snapping, snarling and frothing at the mouth, it started to leave the premises.

Realizing the danger to others, Mrs. Loos grappled with the dog and succeeded in forcing it to the middle of the road, forced it into a woodhouse.

William H. Green, a neighbor, was summoned to dispatch the dog with a shotgun, and when he arrived the dog was dashing madly about the woodhouse, snapping at everything in its reach. Mrs. Loos's arms were scratched by the teeth of the dog as she held it, but the skin was not broken.

San Johnson at Lake Wawasee.

(The Tribune's Special Service.

GOSHEN, Ind., July 18.—Ban Johnson, the baseball magnate, with his wife, is at lake Wawasee. He contemplates the purchase of a summer home there.

CITIES RULED BY VICIOUS CIRCLE

PEOPLE USUALLY ARE BETRAYED BY BOSSES.

NO FAITH IN COUNCILS.

Municipal Government in United States is Most Expensive and Least Efficient in all the World.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., July 18.—"The American city is rich enough to afford everything that a modern municipal government desires, but the widespread distrust of the citizens toward public expenditures has, in many instances, led them to withhold from the city authorities financial powers which they should properly possess," declared Charles E. Merriam, of Chicago, yesterday morning in an address on the Chautauqua ground on the subject of "City Government."

"We seeing around a vicious circle," he added. "The more inefficient the government, the less it is trusted with the necessary powers, and it tends to become more inefficient."

Bosses Betray People.

"It is generally conceded that the government of our cities is the most expensive and least efficient in the world," said Mr. Merriam. "Inefficient government might be tolerated if it truly represented the people. But most of our municipal governments have been governed by a combination of political machines and special interests.

"The political boss and the public service corporation have united in an offensive and defensive alliance for the protection of their respective interests and concerns. They hide behind Lincoln and Roosevelt or Jefferson and Jackson, as prudence indicates. They have relied upon the division of the people into political parties, which engage, while they themselves have organized and combined with entire disregard of party lines or party distinctions.

Wider Powers Needed.

"We cannot expect that a city, equipped only with authority adequate to meet the conditions of 50 years ago, will successfully meet the problems of our own day. In Chicago, for example, occasional defaults in local improvements have caused them to sell below par, thus increasing the cost of the local improvements by 25 to 100 per cent a year. The city attempted to appropriate a small sum of money to relieve the defaults and save the credit of the bonds, but it was discovered that the power had not been granted; and so the city had to borrow.

"Continental cities have full power to regulate their local affairs, subject to the expert supervision of the administration. Our cities are left to the tender mercies of the legislative authorities, which are remote from the cities the day. It is sometimes said cities cannot be trusted with power, but it is just as dangerous to trust them with lack of power, where action is needed. Our cities are left to the mercies of the state legislatures.

"The government of our American municipalities is in most instances, unnecessarily complicated. The result is that authority and responsibility are so divided and diffused that the average citizen cannot locate responsibility to give praise to those to whom praise is due.

"The fundamental advantage of the commission form of government is that it concentrates responsibility in a definite point and enables the citizen and the voter to see it. It is easy to discuss the workings of that system, but there can be little doubt it contains elements of substantial advantages over the type of government now generally existing.

Recall Perpetual Check.

"Partisan government has large power down in cities and has failed to meet the conditions of the day in preparing and executing the will of the majority. In cities adopting the commission form of government the initiative and referendum are designed to provide a check upon the officials and as a check upon the electorate, while the recall is intended to provide a perpetual check upon the conduct of the city officials.

"These measures are demanded not as a result of theory but as an outgrowth of the conditions existing in our cities. It is probable they will be widely utilized and that the effect upon the government of the municipalities will be stimulating and helpful.

"The cities are the seedbeds of the nation. Our municipal governments and municipalities are unsystematic and ineffectual, and outright graft and theft are responsible for much of the loss that falls upon the taxpayer. The existence of the spoils system is responsible for much of the inefficiency. Recent investigations of the expenditure of city governments have revealed frequent and flagrant inefficiency on a tremendous scale.

"The problems of our cities must be slow and accumulating until more vigorous and aggressive administration can be secured. Meanwhile the waste of modern city government continues, and the taxpayer pays the bill. Some of the citizens, and at the same time the inefficiency of their government tends to prevent them from instituting it with be functions which is should really possess.

Civic Spirit Only Remedy.

"There is no device or set of devices which can be relied upon to produce efficient government in a democracy. Permanent advances in government must come from the people themselves. The civic spirit must be aroused. We need more civic interest, civic spirit, civic pride and civic conscience in these cities of ours. We need a revival of the civic spirit of the greek, a broad and generic conception of democracy, a fixed determination to establish honest, efficient and popular government."

KISSES WORTH THE PRICE

Kisser Pays Fine Cheerfully as He Gives Fair Kissed Man.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 18.—Kisses at $15.25 are rather expensive. This is what Dominick Pugliese of Roosevelt avenue, Newark, paid for the right to assert and defying. Call upon on a charge of disorderly conduct committed when he asked Miss Margaret Hudson, daughter of J. R. Hudson, and placed an ardent kiss on her lips.

"Kiss me again, Judge," said Pugliese, "and no more."

The Judge was determined, however, having passed the age of romance, and the fine was upheld. "It was worth it, anyway," said the swindler.

Tribune ads bring results.

COULD READ AT 2 YEARS.

This Kansas Boy is Real Educational Prodigy.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 18.—While educators in the eastern states are making a close study of the Boston boy who is an educational prodigy and a sophomore at Harvard, the Kansas educators have also a prodigy that is arousing considerable interest among teachers. He is Lewellyn Lai Zure, of Lawrence, who will enter the sophomore year at the University of Kansas in the fall. He will be 17 years old and a degree from that institution before he is 18, and at the usual age for boys who are just beginning university study.

In seven years the boy has done all of the work of the eight years of grammar school and high school. His parents refused to allow him to attend school until he was eight years old, and he has done two years' ordinary school work every year, except one. Lewellyn Zure is the son of D. Lai Zure, of 1437 Massachusetts street, and is a nephew of Columbus, Kan., Oct. 15, 1895. He is a nephew of Samuel J. Crawford, former governor of Kansas, also a nephew of L. D. Lewellyn, another prominent family of Kansas, and a distant relative of the late Samuel J. Tilden, of New York.

This boy mastered the alphabet at 18 months and could read when he was two years old. At five he was reading the works of the higher plays of Shakespeare, and at six he was studying civil engineering. The boy, after completing his regular work, intends to take up engineering. The father and mother would not send their son to school until he was eight years of age. The lad was as healthy as any youngster. He has never had the attention of a physician. He is a strong devotion, but has never aspired to be a "wonder" or a prodigy.

When he started to school at eight years he began making up lost time, and never missed making two grades a year, until he entered Baker university at Baldwin but fell as a freshman and with high school grades. He spent two years in the preparatory school, or and then his parents moved to Lawrence so he could enter the state university.

UNIVERSITY ADDS ATHLETIC COURSE

WISCONSIN REGENTS ALLOW FORTY CREDITS.

Proficiency in Sporting Events Aids Young Man Who are Seeking Degree.

MADISON, Wis., July 18.—The University of Wisconsin, leader in the "purification" crusade that swept conference of the athletic world in the winter of 1906, has come to the fore again with a startling athletic propaganda.

The regents of the university have added to the curriculum a full athletic course which, combined with literary work, will lead to a degree of bachelor of arts.

The new course permits students of the university to elect 40 credits—one-third of the entire number required for graduation—in athletic work as a major study, and 20 credits in the theory of physical education as a minor requirement for the new fangled bachelor's degree.

Two hours a week for four years are allowed for the study of football, baseball, crew work, track work, gymnastics and aquatics, and practice work for three years are part of the requirements for the new degree.

All work done on the athletic field, both in intercollegiate competition and intramural and interfield games, will be credited by the university as part of the required completion of the university course.

Students desiring to qualify as coaches in certain sports may do so by taking work offered in the special technique of sport and by becoming proficient in certain required forms of athletics.

This is the most advanced stand on the question of athletics that any university or college in the country has ever taken.

It is thought it is not believed those who are behind the movement had any idea of advancing Wisconsin's decadent athletic fortunes by formulating this revolutionary plan. It is thought here that the movement is a direct outcome of the enforcement of "big ticket" conferences as an attempt on the part of Wisconsin "purists" to entice student of athletic tendencies to the Badger institution by offering them a "soft" promotying rules of the conference.

PRAY FOR MAN'S DEATH.

Negroes in Georgia Seek Punishment for Race Persecutor.

QUITMAN, Ga., July 18.—The entire congregation of the "sanctified" negro church here is fervently preparing for the death of Jack Davis, one of the wealthiest citizens of this place, and expect him to die in three months.

Sunday night the negroes met at the church and prayed for over an hour for the death of Davis. They say that Davis has twice repeated twice in a manner.

The negroes allege that Davis has been persecuting their church since he complained to the authorities that the meetings held by the negroes were nuisances. The church is about half a mile from Davis' residence. He complained that the negroes were so noisy in their devotions that he and his family could not sleep. The authorities forced the negroes to be quiet at night, and since that time, they say, they have been praying for the death of Davis.

20,000 AUTOS IN MISSOURI

Secretary of State Says Owners Must Get New Licenses.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 18.—The secretary of state Saturday sent 20,000 blanks to owners of automobiles which the latter will apply for state licenses.

No resident of the state will be allowed to operate an automobile in Missouri. There are approximately 17,000 of the old licenses outstanding at the present time, all of which will have to be renewed.

Chauffeurs who have accidentally left their licenses at home will be required to operate an automobile in Missouri. No licenses issued under the old law will be valid after July 1, but applications may be filed at any time during the month of July.

Steal Ginseng From Field.

(The Tribune's Special Service.

PERU, Ind., July 18.—John Ray, of Jackson township, reported to the police that thieves visited his place and stole a flourishing ginseng bed valued at $600. The field was completely stripped.

Simple Home Remedy For Wrinkled Faces

(From Popular Toilettes)

Thousands of women are spending fortunes in their frantic efforts to remove the signs of premature age from their faces. Yet all that is worth of mind a woman will spend almost any amount of money on worthless wrinkle removers, of which there are many.

If these women only knew it, the most effective remedy imaginable is a simple home mixture. It can be made at home at a cost of pennies in less than a minute. They have only to get an ounce of powdered saxolite and half a pint of witch hazel at the drug store and mix the two. Apply this daily as a refreshing lotion. The effect is almost miraculous. Even after the first treatment a marked improvement is noticed and the face has a young, firm feeling that is most pleasing.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or have kidney trouble as a result of it.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they weaken the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, loss-of-ambition, headache and loss of ambition.

Your health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes life a burden.

But thousands of irritable, nervous, tired and broken-down women have restored their health and strength by the use of Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

Swamp-Root brings new life and active health to the weak, sick and ailing.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy will do for them. Every druggist of this place, who has not already tried it, may address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and receive sample bottle free by mail. You can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

IF YOU HAVE ECZEMA OR ANY SKIN OR SCALP TROUBLE HERE IS GOOD NEWS

You have probably tried one or more remedies with small success. This costs money and it is uncertain. We want you to try EZMO, the clean liquid remedy, but we do not want you to pay for it unless you are satisfied with results. We have no more faith in Ezmo that we want you to try it by sending 10c to cover postage and packing. Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Use 10c stamps to pay postage for a generous sample of EZMO and EZMO (antiseptic) SOAP and our 32 page booklet on Skin diseases. Gift get a bottle to-day at Leslie C. Landon & Co., Drug Store and if it does not do all we claim they will refund your money.

EZMO is a clean scientific preparation that washes away and destroys the germ life and the poisons that cause the trouble. Stops the itching at once and results can be seen after one application. EZMO is absolutely non-poisonous in all forms, so well as blows, rashes, sores, ulcers, boils, pimples, tetter, eczema, itching piles, chafing, sunburn, etc. Infants the same as on grown persons.

Endorsed and sold by druggists everywhere and in South Bend by Leslie C. Landon & Co., Drug Store.

Careful, Comprehensive, Intelligent, Personal Service

Style, comfort and quality are embraced in the new Front and back laced corsets in batista, coutil, lace.

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Remember immediate relief awaits them here—that permanent relief, so seldom experienced. You owe your eyes proper care. It's your first duty to the foremost blessing of nations to have them examined by a competent optician. Don't delay—come after the first treatment a marked improvement is noticed and the face has a smiling, firm feeling that is most pleasing.

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Have Your Chandeliers Refinished

We will repair and polish your old fixtures, so they will look like new, for a moderate price. One solicitor will call and give you a price.

We finish anything of metal in any color.

FINE NEW EQUIPMENT.

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"For years I suffered unspeakable torture from indigestion, constipation and liver trouble," wrote A. E. Smith a war veteran at Erie, Pa., "but Dr. King's New Life Pills cured me all right. They're simply fine. Try them for any stomach Liver or kidney trouble Only 25c at all druggists.

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in picking out one of those fancy suits. Dark or light mixtures or Blue Serge.

$20.00 and $22.50 Suits,

$13.75

$25.00 and $27.50 Suits

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and be comfortable these hot days. Be sure the talcum you use, is smooth, pure and free from irritating properties. You'll make sure by coming to us for Talcum, a most reliable brands, and we have a large variety from which to choose.

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We offer special facilities for excursions, picnic parties, etc. Special train services for Sundays and holidays. All cars stop at the lake. For further information call phones, Home 6400, Bell 148.

J. S. MOORE, City Passenger Agent.

HEAT MAKES CHILDREN ILL

Summer is a very trying period for young children, and many a child who is thought healthy suffers during the heated term. There are many dangers for the child in summer. These lie in milk, food, water, fruit, etc. The greatest peril is from some form of stomach or bowel trouble. It is usually the starting point of grave trouble. The child becomes constipated, or gets indigestion. Perspiration is intensified, the child is fretful, cross, and does not thrive as it should. It is thin, sickly, pale, and tires in a few days. Give a remedy like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which is intended for cases that very often lead to cholera infantum, or cholera morbus, and the child will be benefited in a few days. Mrs. Lucy Lockwood, of Hillsboro, N. Dak., writes: "I have not had a passage in 12 hours, it needs Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, at once. It will act promptly but gently, and as it is pleasant to take you need have no fear of giving it to the child. It is a family medicine, and should always be kept in the house, ready for use on the first sign of any disorder. It is not for any one disease, but for the stomach, liver and bowels, and for constipation. If you have never tried it you can obtain a SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE OF CHARGE by addressing

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