HW 1

Name:	Signature:
NetID:	RUID:

Quiz Instructions:

- Indicate your answer in the box provided. Answers indicated elsewhere will not be graded and receive a **zero** grade, irrespective of the correctness.
- CREDIT is only given for CORRECT answers and NO PARTIAL CREDIT.
- Simplify your answer as much as possible.

Problem 2.3.1 Grade:

Consider a binary code with 5 bits (0 or 1) in each code word. An example of a code word is 01010. In each code word, a bit is a zero with probability 0.8, independent of any other bit.

- 1. What is the probability of the code word 00111?
- 2. What is the probability that a code word contains exactly three ones?

Problem 1.6.9 Grade:

In an experiment with *equiprobable outcomes*, the sample space is S = 1, 2, 3, 4 and $P[s] = \frac{1}{4}$ for all $s \in S$. Find three events in S that are pairwise independent but are not independent.

Problem 2.3.3 Grade:

Suppose each day that you drive to work a traffic light that you encounter is either green with probability 7/16, red with probability 7/16, or yellow with probability 1/8, independent of the status of the light on any other day. If over the course of five days, G, Y, and R denote the number of times the light is found to be greed, yellow, or red, respectively. What is the probability that P[G=2, Y=1, R=2]? Also, what is the probability P[G=R]?

Problem 2.2.3 Grade:

Your Starburst candy has 12 pieces, three pieces of each of four flavors: berry, lemon, orange, and cherry, arranged in a random order in the pack. You draw the first three pieces from the pack.

- 1. What is the probability they are all the same flavor?
- 2. What is the probability they are all different flavors?

Problem 3.5.19

Grade:

Let $X^{[n]}$ be the $\mathsf{Bin}(n,p)$ discrete random variable with n trails and success rate p of each trail. That says $X^{[n-1]}$ would be $\mathsf{Bin}(n-1,p)$. Prove that $\mathbb{E}\big[X^{[n]}\big] = np$. Hint:

- 1. Show that $x\binom{n}{x} = n\binom{n-1}{x-1}$
- 2. Write down the PMF of Bin(n, p)
- 3. Use the Definition of $\mathbb{E}[X^{[n]}]$
- 4. Use the property of PMF $\sum_{x=0}^{n} P_{X^{[n]}}(x) = \sum_{x-1=0}^{n-1} P_{X^{[n-1]}}(x-1) = 1$

Problem 3.7.1

Grade:

Starting on day n=1, you buy one lottery ticket each day. Each ticket costs 1 dollar and is independently a winner that can be cashed for 5 dollars with probability 0.1; otherwise the ticket is worthless. Let X_n equal your **net profit** after **n** days. What is $\mathbb{E}[X_n]$?

- 1. What is the PMF $(\mathbb{P}(X))$ and the Expectation $(\mathbb{E}[X])$ of **one day's** net profit?
- 2. What is the relationship between $\mathbb{E}[X]$ and $\mathbb{E}[X_n]$?

Problem 3.8.5

Grade:

Let X have the PMF

$$P_X(x) = \binom{4}{x} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4.$$

Find $\mathbb{P}(\mu_x - \sigma_x \le X \le \mu_X + \sigma_X)$.

Hint (Hint is not question. Answering hint does not yield credit):

1. Which probability distribution does X follow?

Answers: