

Currently at SCU, there is a lack of a coherent system that enables students within the same class to coordinate study sessions. In this project, we create a system that allows students not only to schedule meetings, but also give them the option to reserve a library room in advance if they desire. We noticed that the current class system at SCU, Camino, in addition to keeping track of grades also features a discussion board that is heavily underused. We have come to the conclusion that students prefer using applications that specialize in a certain function, so the separation between grade trackers and group study systems would be for the best. Using this system will probably work best for classes that focus on more difficult material, or for classes that place an emphasis on teamwork and collaboration.



## Acknowledgments

We would like to express our gratitude Senior Design advisor Dr. Weijia Shang of the Computer Engineering Department at Santa Clara University for providing ideas and guidance in our work.

We also sincerely thank the Department Chair of Computer Engineering Dr. Nam Ling as a reader of this design report.



# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>13</b>
1.1	Problem Statement . . . . .	13
1.2	Project Overview . . . . .	14
1.3	Background . . . . .	14
1.4	Research . . . . .	15
<b>2</b>	<b>Requirements</b>	<b>17</b>
2.1	Functional Requirements . . . . .	17
2.1.1	Critical . . . . .	17
2.1.2	Recommended . . . . .	17
2.1.3	Suggested . . . . .	18
2.2	Non-functional Requirements . . . . .	18
2.2.1	Critical . . . . .	18
2.2.2	Recommended . . . . .	18
2.2.3	Suggested . . . . .	18
2.3	Design Constraint . . . . .	18
<b>3</b>	<b>Use Cases</b>	<b>19</b>
3.1	Use Case #1 . . . . .	19



# List of Figures





# List of Tables



# Chapter 1

## Introduction

### 1.1 Problem Statement

Santa Clara University students spend much of their academic career completing coursework material or studying for exams. Students within the same class often meet with one another outside of the classroom, either in person or through social media. Group meetings are great for studying for a class, but students have very busy schedules, so setting up a meeting time and place can be difficult. On the other hand, social media allows for students to contact each other at their own convenience, but it is usually easier to convey information in person.

Students often use social media to organize meetings for their class. The prevalence of smartphones at SCU promotes the usage of social networking apps such as texting, Facebook, or Twitter to contact classroom peers. Access to these social resources may be convenient, but organizing meetings through these methods is inefficient due to the recreational nature of these applications. The library at Santa Clara University currently offers an online room reservation system, but the rooms are limited in both size and number. The primary concern is that the system is based on a first come, first serve basis. If a group of students attempts to reserve a room at the library, there might not be enough rooms for access due to either the limited number of rooms or the time of day. Additionally, if an individual student were to reserve a room in advance, a group of students looking for a room within the same time frame would

be denied a room. Towards the middle of the school quarter, demand for these rooms rises, and finding an available room becomes increasingly more difficult.

Our solution is to create an application dedicated to group collaboration and library reservations. With our application, we hope that students will be able to be more efficient in planning meetings, as well as have alternative options for collaboration. After authenticating his or her status as an SCU student, the student can create an account on the system and contact other students so group study meetings can be established. In addition to enabling the student to schedule meetings, he or she will have the option to set reminders to reserve group rooms early. As an option, the system provides a classroom forum for student communication on the course material. In case a student is unable to attend a group meeting, he or she can use this feature to remotely collaborate with his or her group members. This application will not be limited to only organizing meetings for a library room, but also for non-academic events such as off-campus gatherings or club sessions. By giving students within the same class the ability to easily form meetings and reserve rooms within the same interface, organizing study groups will be greatly simplified for students.

## **1.2 Project Overview**

Our project is the development of a mobile application that will serve as a platform for student collaboration. With it, students will be able to share information through the app, as well as set up meetings. We also hope that we will be able to incorporate a system that will promote usage of the library's study rooms.

## **1.3 Background**

When this project topic came up, we were interested because it could prove to be a valuable resource to many people. With the ongoing development in technology, we believe that one of the most useful applications of technology is information sharing. This is especially relevant to students, who need to increase their knowledge not only

for classes, but also life after graduation. It is important to point out that many students do collaborate with one another. It is not uncommon for them to exchange knowledge online or set up appointments to study. Our goal with our application is to make this process more efficient for a wider variety of students.

## 1.4 Research

The research that we have done on knowledge sharing and collaboration will act as support for our project. The sources we found showed that collaboration is a valuable asset to improve learning. For example, the paper by Cheng demonstrated that devices can be used during lecture to promote interactivity and group thinking. While we do not plan to have our app be used in a lecture setting, we were able to see some different ways that collaborative applications can help students learn.

Another source, written by Rossitto and Eklundh, supports our idea that students should have a dedicated study area. They compare students to “nomads” since they often have to roam from place to place when completing schoolwork. In a campus environment, it can be difficult to find a suitable workplace that is consistently available for (group) use. For Santa Clara, the most reliable places are the study rooms in the library. We hope that our app will allow students to schedule group meetings in these rooms earlier.

A third source that we found to be interesting, was “Knowledge Sharing”, which is an expanded view of our topic. Our target audience is students at SCU who may have trouble meeting groups due to various circumstances. The application mentioned in this source deals with students from various schools who lack adequate sources of knowledge, such as poor academic institutions. This issue is likely to present itself in many parts of the world, and collaboration applications are useful.



# Chapter 2

## Requirements

The following requirements describe how the major functions of the system will behave as proposed in the introduction. Functional requirements define actions the system will explicitly perform. Non-functional requirements describe the means by which functional requirements will be achieved. Both functional and non-functional requirements will be categorized as either critical, recommended, or suggested based on the importance of a task. There will be several design constraints that will define the creation of the system.

### 2.1 Functional Requirements

#### 2.1.1 Critical

- The application must allow students to create and join groups
- The application must provide a forum for discussion
- The application must display a calendar of group meeting dates

#### 2.1.2 Recommended

- The application will allow students the option to reserve a library room
- The application will show all members of a group

### **2.1.3 Suggested**

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- The application will allow students to directly message group members

## **2.2 Non-functional Requirements**

### **2.2.1 Critical**

- The application will allow concurrent users at the same time
- The application will protect the privacy of the users
- The application will be user friendly and intuitive

### **2.2.2 Recommended**

- The application will have a clean interface for ease of use
- The application can be easily updated or changed if needed

### **2.2.3 Suggested**

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## **2.3 Design Constraint**

- The system must be able to run on Android mobile phones



# Chapter 3

## Use Cases

From the client side, the user is assumed to be an SCU student. The goal of what the user wants to accomplish is detailed in a use case.

### 3.1 Use Case #1

**Name:** Create a new study group

**Goal:** To create a new study group for a class

**Actors:** Student

**Pre-conditions:**     • User wants to create a group

**Post-conditions:**     • Group is created

**Steps:**     1. User selects "Create Group" option  
              2. User creates a name for the group, and is provided a digital key

**Exceptions:** n/a