

METROPOLIS

Breast Pathology

Dermatopathology

HIST®XPERT

INTERNATIONAL & NATIONAL SUBSPECIALITY PATHOLOGY

Gastrointestinal Pathology

Genitourinary Pathology

Gynecologic Pathology

Head & Neck Pathology

Hepatobillary Pathology

Neuropathology

Renal Pathology

Soft tissue Pathology

Senior Consultant &

Dr Kirti Chadha

Senior Consultants Dr Anuradha Murthy

Dr Vikas Kavishwar

Dr Sushma Gurwale

Dr Barodawala S.M.

Consultants

Dr Kunial Lila Dr Tejal Shah

Dr Shital Munde

Dr Ramrao Nilkanthe

Dr Aditi Raj

Vice President Operations

Hematolymphoid Pathology

Paediatric & Perinatal Pathology

Transplant Pathology (Renal & Hepatic)

Global Reference Laboratory Faculty

Ms. MABEL N.N PORBLEY

PID NO: P36180016222

Age: 44 Year(s) Sex: Female

Reference:

Sample Collected At:

GILEAD MEDICAL & DENTAL CENTER HOUSE NO BALB NO C896/3,KANDA HIGHWAY NORTH RIDGE, ACCRA-

14911 014911

VID: 36180116893

Registered On: 05/10/2018 05:15 PM Collected On:

05/10/2018

Reported On: 15/10/2018 04:41 PM

PAP SMEAR EXAMINATION

Case Summary

CASE NO. 18 ML G - 14351

SPECIMEN CONVENTIONAL PAP SMEAR

DIAGNOSIS Negative For Intraepithelial Lesion or Malignancy (NILM)

Clinical Notes

Gross Examination Received one unstained smear

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

satisfactory for evaluation; endocervical/transformation **Specimen Adequacy**

zone component present.

Superficial cells Present Present Intermediate cells

Deep parabasal/ Basal cells Parabasal cells

Metaplastic squamous cells

Endocervical cells Present

Others

Inflammation Moderate

ORGANISMS

Doderlein bacilli **Trichomonas Vaginilis Fungal organisms** Others

EPITHELIAL CELL Not Detected

ABNORMALITIES

GLANDULAR CELLS SQUAMOUS CELLS

Note:

"Cervical cytology is a screening test and has associated false negative and false positive results. Regular sampling and follow up is recommended".

Processing Method: Manual. Staining: Papanicolaou method

Clinical Application:

- The smears are reported using the Bethesda System for Reporting Cervical Cytology (2014) 1
- New Cervical Cancer Screening Recommendations from the U.S. Preventive Services Task

Dr. Aditi Raj

DCP ,M.D (Pathology), Page 1 of 3

Associate Consultant Pathologist



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Force and the American Cancer Society/American Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology/American Society for Clinical Pathology. *March 15, 2012, issue of Annals of Internal*

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Medicine				
Population	USPSTF	ACS/ASCCP/ASCP		
Younger than 21 years	Recommends against screening. Grade: D recommendation.	Women should not be screened regardless of the age of sexual initiation or other risk factors.		
21–29 years	Recommends screening with cytology every 3 years. Grade: A recommendation.	Screening with cytology alone every 3 years is recommended.		
30–65 years	Recommends screening with cytology every 3 years or for women who want to lengthen the screening interval, screening with a combination of cytology and HPV testing every 5 years. Grade: A recommendation.	Screening with cytology and HPV testing ("co-testing") every 5 years (preferred) or cytology alone every 3 years (acceptable) is recommended.		
Older than 65 years	Recommends against screening women who have had adequate prior screening and are not otherwise at high risk for cervical cancer. Grade: D recommendation.	Women with evidence of adequate negative prior screening and no history of CIN2+ within the last 20 years should not be screened. Screening should not be resumed for any reason, even if a woman reports having a new sexual partner.		
After hysterectomy	Recommends against screening in women who have had a hysterectomy with removal of the cervix and who do not have a history of a high-grade precancerous lesion (ie, CIN 2 or 3) or cervical cancer. Grade: D recommendation	Women of any age following a hysterectomy with removal of the cervix who have no history of CIN2+ should not be screened for vaginal cancer. Evidence of adequate negative prior screening is not required.		

Adith Ray

Page 2 of 3 DCP ,M.D (Pathology), Associate Consultant Pathologist



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		Screening should not be resumed for any reason, including if a woman reports having a new sexual partner.
HPV vaccinated	Women who have been vaccinated should continue to be screened.	Recommended screening practices should not change on the basis of HPV vaccination status.

-- End of Report --

Adith Ray

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