Supplementary Materials: A gene-diet interaction-based score predicts response to dietary fat in the Women's Health Initiative

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Supplementary

Table 1: Sample size necessary to achieve power of 0.8

GxE variance explained (%)	N (nominal)	N (suggestive)	N (genome-wide)
0.05	14046	49488	70866
0.10	7021	24737	35423
0.50	1401	4936	7069
1.00	699	2461	3524

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Table 2: Responder score effects on CRF changes in DM trial participants across main-effect filter thresholds

		All variants			Nominal main effect (p<0.05)			Suggestive main effect (p<1e-5)		
CRF	N^1	# SNPs ²	SES^3	P-value	# SNPs ²	SES^3	P-value	# SNPs ²	SES^3	P-value
BMI	1988	158365	0.058	0.009	6042	0.029	0.189	569	0.027	0.221
SBP	2004	153942	-0.016	0.473	1536	0.034	0.125	6	-0.003	0.899
LDL-C	145	156313	0.124	0.337	1760	-0.191	0.02	46	0	1
HDL-C	150	153942	0.031	0.611	1731	-0.083	0.32	42	0.086	0.244
TG	150	152006	-0.067	0.66	1774	-0.146	0.055	47	-0.034	0.661
FG	281	161906	-0.056	0.64	1924	0.011	0.853	7	0.004	0.952

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Table 3: Responder score effects on CRF changes in DM trial participants across ancestries $\,$

	All combined				Black			Hispanic		
CRF	$\overline{\mathrm{N}^1}$	SES^2	P-value	$\overline{\mathrm{N}^1}$	SES^2	P-value	$\overline{N^1}$	SES^2	P-value	
BMI	3606	-0.019	0.263	1214	0.002	0.941	404	0.019	0.714	
SBP	3645	0.046	0.005	1230	0.011	0.692	411	-0.016	0.744	
LDL-C	422	0.084	0.068	206	0.06	0.373	71	0.124	0.24	
HDL-C	430	-0.059	0.24	206	-0.087	0.242	74	-0.032	0.815	
TG	430	-0.073	0.122	206	-0.02	0.778	74	-0.1	0.424	
FG	572	0.077	0.048	214	-0.01	0.876	77	0.006	0.961	

1 Sample size available with 1year followup measurements $\quad \text{for} \quad$ each CRF 2 Std. effect sizerepresents the regres- sion coefficient esti- $_{\mathrm{mate}}$ in terms of CRF stan- dard deviation per respon- der scorestan- dard deviation

Table 4: LDpred-based responder score effects on CRF changes in DM trial participants across causal variant fractions $({\rm F})$

$\overline{\text{CRF}}$ $\overline{\text{SES}^1}$ $\overline{\text{P-value}}$ $\overline{\text{SES}^1}$ $\overline{\text{P-value}}$ $\overline{\text{SES}^1}$ $\overline{\text{P-value}}$		F = 0.001		\mathbf{F} =	= 0.01	F = 0.1		
	CRF	SES ¹	P-value	$\overline{\mathrm{SES^1}}$	P-value	$\overline{\mathrm{SES^1}}$	P-value	

BMI	0.001	0.969	0.003	0.906	0.003	0.906
SBP	-0.016	0.478	-0.011	0.617	-0.011	0.625
LDL-C	-0.038	0.652	-0.051	0.555	-0.053	0.533
HDL-C	0.059	0.484	0.069	0.422	0.071	0.409
TG	0.015	0.863	0.019	0.828	0.018	0.832
FG	0.038	0.538	0.051	0.399	0.052	0.395

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Standardized effect size (SES) represents the regression coefficient estimate interms of CRF stan- dard deviation per respon- der score stan- dard deviation

Table 5: LDL-FRS effects on alternate CRF changes in DM trial participants

Outcome risk factor	# SNPs in risk score	N^1	Std. effect size ²	P-value
BMI	1760	1988	-0.02	0.48
SBP	1760	2004	0.00	0.85
HDL-C	1760	150	-0.07	0.40
TG	1760	150	0.11	0.18
FG	1760	281	0.01	0.93

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Sample size available with 1year followup measurements $\quad \text{for} \quad$ each CRF ² Std. ${\it effect}$ size represents the regression coefficientesti- $_{\mathrm{mate}}$ in ${\rm terms}$ of CRF stan- dard deviation

per responder score standard deviation Online Supplementary Materials: A gene-diet interaction-based score predicts response to dietary fat in the Women's Health Initiative

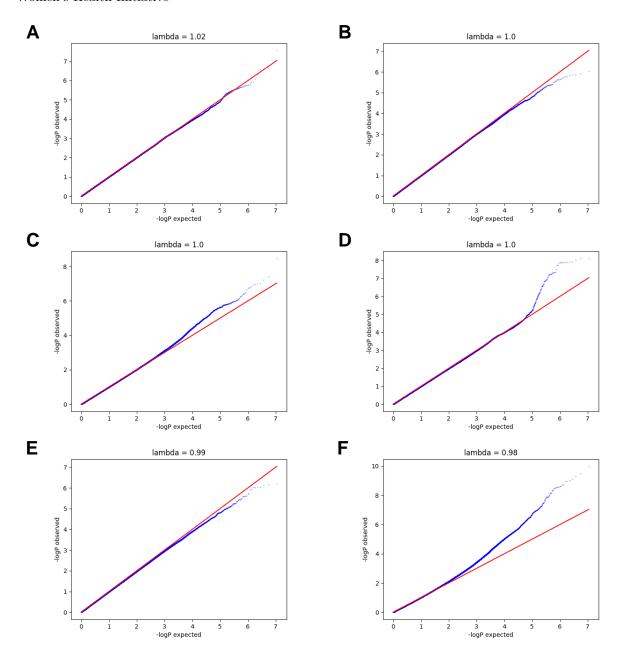


Figure 1: Q-Q plots from individual CRF GWIS. The distribution of p-values from each GWIS is plotted against the expected uniform p-value distribution. Plots correspond to: A) BMI, B) SBP, C) LDL-C, D) HDL-C, E) TG, and F) FG. Lambda values above each plot represent genomic inflation estimates. BMI: body mass index, SBP: systolic blood pressure, LDL-C: LDL cholesterol, HDL-C: HDL cholesterol, TG: triglycerides, FG: fasting glucose.