Pico Display Base Board

Datasheet

Great platform to experiment with the Raspberry Pi Pico board.

Base for SSD1963 Integrated Display and SD Card.

Supports PicoMite firmware.

Includes on-board components and ports for external devices.

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Applying Microcontroller Solutions
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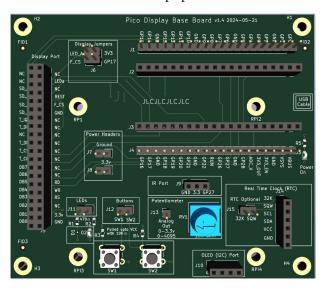
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Product Overview

The Pico Display Base Board is a printed circuit board (PCB) designed for a Raspberry Pi Pico board ("Pico") and a SSD1963 TFT LCD display board. The PCB was designed for a project using the PicoMite firmware which provides the MMBasic language and supports all of the devices. Even so, the board can be used for generic Pico Arduino (C code) or Thonny (MicroPython) projects.

The PCB includes various onboard components and ports for external devices. The male headers provide a flexible means to wire connections to the components. The ports have PCB connections to Pico pins and permit an easy way to simply insert the external devices. There should be no need to solder any wires nor drill holes for any parts.

The product is only the PCB. The Pico, display board, wires and the external devices are not included. However these low-cost components are available from popular online retailers.



FEATURES

- A dual female port for the Raspberry Pi Pico.
- A 2x20 pin female port for a "standard" SSD1963 display (with Touchscreen).
- Onboard buttons, indicator LEDs, and a potentiometer.
- Ports for external IR, RTC and OLED devices.

APPLICATIONS

- Interactive GUI display for the Raspberry Pi Pico board using PicoMite/WebMite firmware.
- The board is well suited for Arduino, MicroPython,
- and PicoMite/WebMite projects.
- The board is compatible with popular Integrated Development Environments such as Thonny and Visual Studio Code.

The 40-pin Display Port is wired to specific GPIO pins to provide an 8-bit parallel interface for the LCD display and SPI pins for the Thin Film Transistor (TFT) Touchscreen and SD Card. The PCB includes jumpers for LCD display power and for an assigned Pico pin for the display board's optional flash chip. The Display Port supports various LCD display sizes (4.3, 5, and 7 inch). The SSD1963 display boards all have a "standard" 40-pin male header, and so the desired display board is just inserted into the matching 40-pin female port on the PCB.

The matching Pico male headers provide an easy means to wire to onboard devices or to test the with a Logic Analyzer. The male headers can also be used to add connections to sensors and devices on an external breadboard.

Connections for External Devices:

• OLED Port I2C logic signals and 3.3-volt power for an OLED device.

RTC Port I2C logic signals and 3.3-volt power for a DS3231 RTC device.

• IR Port A GPIO signal and 3.3-volt power for an Infrared Receiver device.

Most of the general-purpose input/output (GPIO) pins are connected to the above mentioned display and components. However, there are seven unassigned pins which can be defined for the onboard devices or to different sensors that are off-board. PicoMite firmware allows easy reassignment of pins and your project can choose to not use certain devices to free up pins for other uses.

Hardware Details

The PCB was designed to use "generic" external devices to reduce cost and for easier upgrading/replacement. The layout allows development with simultaneous access to the display and component wiring. Later, a 40-pin ribbon cable can be used to re-mount the display (as needed) for a compact finished project.

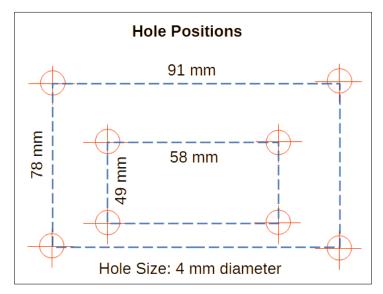
All components (the PCB and optional external devices) are self-contained and accessed via male headers. There should be no need to solder any wire nor drill holes for any parts.

Desktop Power to the Raspberry PI Pico

Insert a standard USB "data" cable into a desktop computer and plug the smaller end into the micro USB port. This provides a nominal five volts (low-current) to the Pico. The Pico board regulates this power to 3.3 volts. The Pico provides power to all of the GPIO and 3.3v logic devices. The PCB indicates the availability of power by illuminating a small red LED on the left edge of the PCB.

PCB Mounting Holes

The PCB board is 99 mm wide by 86 mm high. The PCB has two sets of mounting holes:



The outer mounting holes are 4 mm from the PCB board edge and could be utilized for mounting or a 3-D printed case. The RPI mounting holes provide a means to mount the PCB to other maker products. The inner "RPI" mounting holes are the same as a Raspberry Pi 4/5 model-B board. The left RPI holes are 22 mm from the PCB left edge. The bottom RPI holes are 7 mm from the bottom of the PCB. The holes fit M3 Nylon or brass hex spacers and screws.

Headers/Ports

The headers are standard 2.54 mm pitch male connectors that can be utilized by standard "DuPont" Female-to-Female wiring cables. The ports are standard 2.54 mm pitch female connectors that can be utilized by devices with standard pitch male headers (basically, you just plug the device into the port).

Pin Definitions

The Pico has 28 GPIO pins and various power pins; twenty pins on each side of the board. The Pico pins are assigned and wired mostly to the Display Port. Below is a table listing the Pico pin assignments to the Display Port and the I2C (GP8/GP9) pins for the external device ports. GP27 is assigned to the IR Port. If one does not use the Display Port, one can re-use its pins elsewhere (via the male headers). For better understanding, please see the schematic in the appendix.

Below is a table listing the pin assignments to each header/port.

Display and External Device Port GPIO Pin Assignments Sorted by Pin					
Left Side		Right Side			
GP0	LCD DB0	GP28	X**		
GP1	LCD DB1	GP27	X**		
GP2	LCD DB2	GP26	X**		
GP3	LCD DB3	GP22	SD_CD		
GP4	LCD DB4	GP21	X		
GP5	LCD DB5	GP20	Infrared Receiver		
GP6	LCD DB6	GP19	T_IRQ		
GP7	LCD DB7	GP18	T_CS		
GP8	I2C SDA (RTC and OLED)	GP17	X or (optional F_CS)		
GP9	I2C SCL (RTC and OLED)	GP16	LCD REST		
GP10	T_CLK & SD_CLK				
GP11	T_DIN & SD_DIN				
GP12	T_DO & SD_DO	Note: GP25 is the onboard LED			
GP13	LCD RS				
GP14	LCD WR				
GP15	LCD RD				

Notes: Pins marked as X are unassigned.

^{*} The GP8/GP9 pins are I2C pins and can be utilized simultaneously by several devices as each device has its own distinct address. Hardware pull-ups for the I2C were not included as the expected external devices do not need them.

^{**} These are GPIO though often reserved for Analog Input (ADC pins).

PicoMite/WebMite Firmware

A very good description of PicoMite is described by the author (<u>link</u>):

The PicoMite is a Raspberry Pi Pico running the free MMBasic interpreter.

MMBasic is a Microsoft BASIC compatible implementation of the BASIC language with floating point, integer and string variables, arrays, long variable names, a built in program editor and many other features.

Using MMBasic you can use communications protocols such as I²C or SPI to get data from a variety of sensors. You can save data to an SD card, display information on colour LCD displays, measure voltages, detect digital inputs and drive output pins to turn on lights, relays, etc. All from inside this low cost microcontroller.

The PicoMite firmware is totally free to download and use.

The Pico Display PCB is designed to interface to many of the devices supported by PicoMite or WebMite. The PCB was kept as small and as simple to make it affordable for multiple projects.

Specifically PicoMite supports these type of devices:

- High resolution LCD and OLED displays.
- Touch Sensitive LCD panels.
- Real Time Clocks.
- Infrared Remote Control.

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WebMite (for Picos with Wifi) provides a plethora of networking commands and services, for example:

- Web server and client support
- File transfer support
- MQTT support
- E-Mail support

The PicoMite and WebMite firmware supports different variants of each device. The PicoMite supports many more devices, but could be easy integrated.

External Devices

The builder is free to choose their favorite external devices and battery source. The board is wired for specific pins as described in the Pin Definitions above to facilitate the organized wiring of a project. But they can freely

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defined for other devices. Of course the matching Pico male headers can also be utilized for off-board devices or to attach a Logic Analyser.

The PCB is designed to accommodate many of the devices described in the PicoMite User Guide. so that each of the external devices can be inserted into the female port

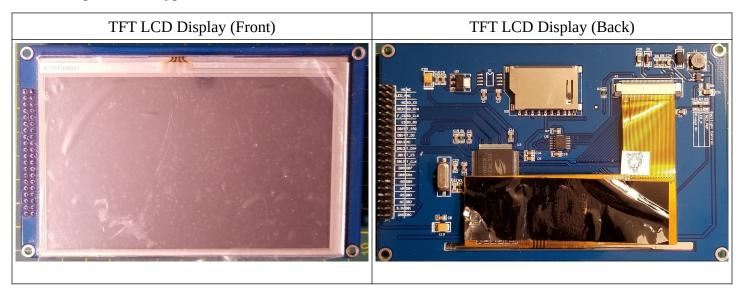
Suggested external devices are described below:

SSD1963 TFT LCD Display Board

The PicoMite/WebMite software includes an 8-bit parallel interface for the LCD display and SPI pins for the integrated Thin Film Transistor (TFT) Touchscreen and SD Card. Also, there is a jumper on Pico Display PCB for the LCD display board's optional flash chip (to connect to pin GP17).

The Display Port supports various LCD display sizes (4.3, 5, and 7 inch). The SSD1963 display boards all have a "standard" 40-pin male header, and so the desired display board is just inserted into the matching 40-pin female port on the PCB.

Below is a picture of a typical 5-inch SSD1963 board.



The above device is a 5-inch LCD (480x320 pixels) with a touchscreen. The 40-pin male header is already soldered to the board. Although rather large, it will operate nicely with the power from the Pico. Notice it also has an integrated SD Card. It has a spot for an extra flash chip, but typical these must be added by the user.

Below is enlarged view of the LCD Display pinouts. Check the pinout of your prospective LCD display to ensure it has the same configuration.

Note: The 7 inch LCD (800x480 pixels) requires 5 volts on the LED_A pin. There is a jumper on the Pico Display PCB that normally connects 3.3 volts to LED_A pin on the LCD Display board. For five volts, the jumper is removed and a wire for 5 volts (preferably supplied off-board) is connected to the LED_A male header.

Enlarged View (showing the pin definitions)	Notes
NC NC LED_NC NC SD_CS REST SD_DIN F_CS SD_CLK CS SD_DO DB15 T_IRQ DB14 T_DO DB13 NC DB12 T_DIN DB1 T_CLK DB9 OB7 DB0 DB4 RD OB5 HR DB4 RS OB3 NC DB2 3.30 DB1 GND DB0.	SD_xx pins are used for the SD Card. T_xx pins are used for the touchscreen. DB_xx pins (and others) are used by the display LCD. LED_A is usually connected to 3.3 volts.

Real Time Clock Board

The PicoMite supports interfaces for PCH8563, DS1307, DS3231 real time devices. The PCB was tested with the DS3231 board. The DS3231 has an attached battery holder for a CR2032 "coin" battery.

OLED Board

Besides the large TFT displays the PicoMite also supports small I2C OLED displays typically called SSD1307 devices. The PCB was tested with a small 0.96 inch OLED (Yellow/Blue 128x64 pixels) display board.

Infrared Receiver Board

The PicoMite supports an Infrared Receiver. The PCB was tested with the Infrared Receiver (IR1838) board which included a small handheld "remote".

Schematic

The schematic was created on Kicad 7.

