Final Project Code

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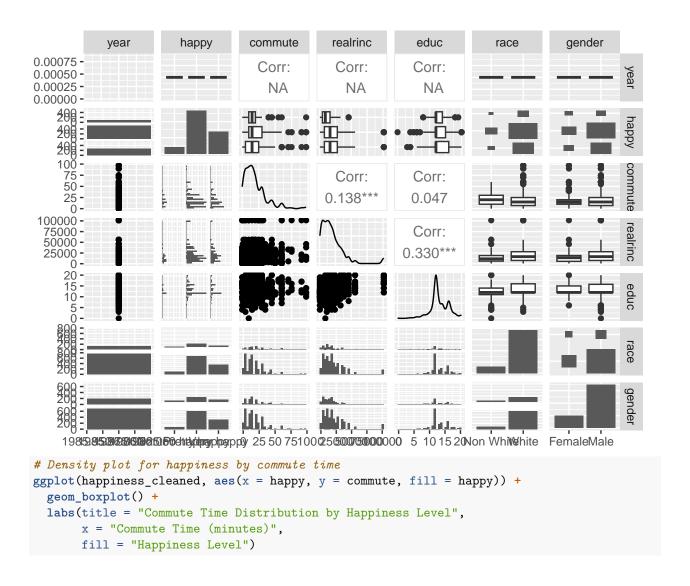
2024-11-17

Data Wrangling

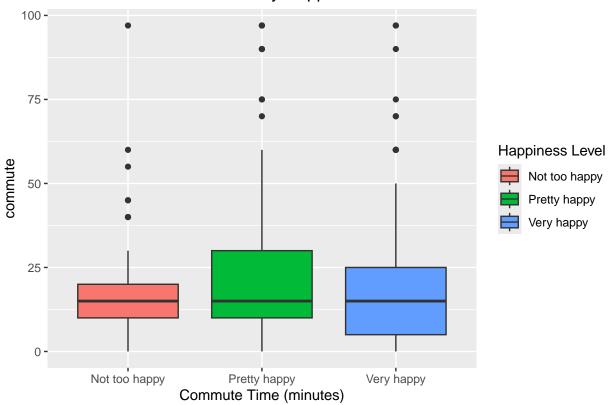
```
happiness_raw <- read_csv("GSS_commute_happiness.csv")</pre>
happiness_cleaned <- happiness_raw %>%
  select(year, happy, commute, realrinc, educ, race, gender1) %>%
  filter(commute != ".i: Inapplicable",
         realrinc > 0,
         happy != ".n: No answer") %>%
  mutate(
    educ = case_when(
      str_detect(educ, "grade") ~ as.numeric(str_extract(educ, "\\d+")),
      str_detect(educ, "college") ~ as.numeric(str_extract(educ, "\\d+")) + 12,
     str_detect(educ, "No formal schooling") ~ 0,
     TRUE ~ NA
    commute = if_else(str_detect(commute, "\\d+"),
                      as.numeric(str extract(commute, "\\d+")), NA),
   race = if_else(race == "White", "White", "Non White"),
    gender = if_else(gender1 == "MALE", "Male", "Female")
  ) %>%
  select(-gender1)
happiness_recode <- happiness_cleaned %>%
  mutate(happy = if_else(happy == "Not too happy", 0, 1)) %>%
  drop_na()
write.csv(happiness_recode, file = "happiness_recode.csv")
```

EDA

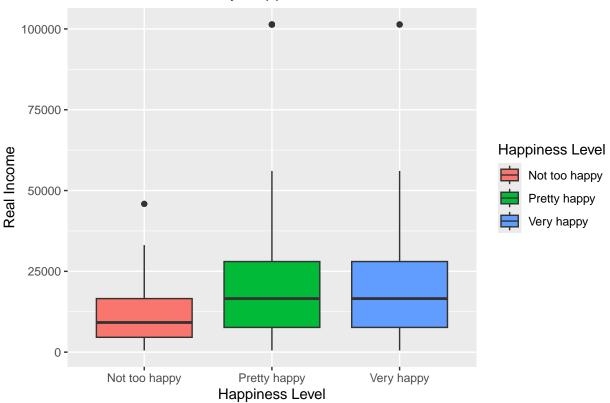
```
ggpairs(happiness_cleaned)
```



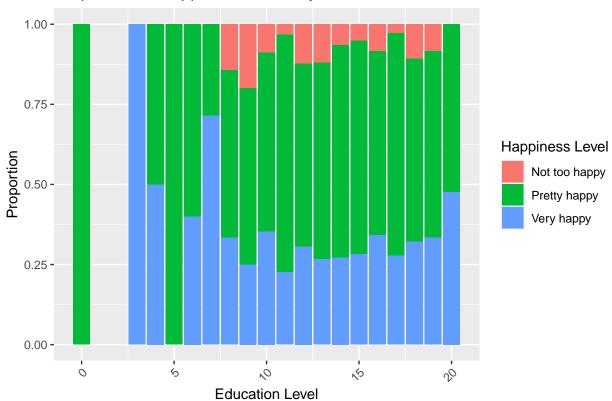
Commute Time Distribution by Happiness Level



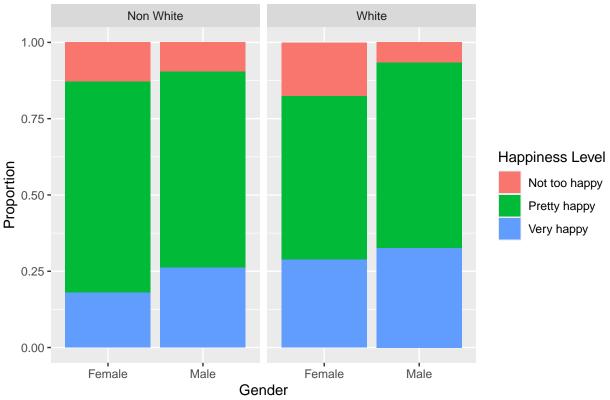
Income Distribution by Happiness Level







Proportion of Happiness by Race and Gender

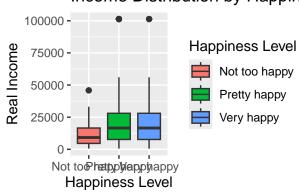


```
# Boxplot for happiness by commute time
plot1 <- ggplot(happiness_cleaned, aes(x = happy, y = commute, fill = happy)) +</pre>
  geom boxplot() +
  labs(title = "Commute Time Distribution by Happiness Level",
       x = "Commute Time (minutes)",
       fill = "Happiness Level")
# Boxplot of income by happiness level
plot2 <- ggplot(happiness_cleaned, aes(x = happy, y = realrinc, fill = happy)) +</pre>
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(title = "Income Distribution by Happiness Level",
       x = "Happiness Level",
       y = "Real Income",
       fill = "Happiness Level")
# Bar plot of happiness level by education level
plot3 <- ggplot(happiness_cleaned, aes(x = educ, fill = happy)) +</pre>
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  labs(title = "Proportion of Happiness Levels by Education Level",
       x = "Education Level",
       y = "Proportion",
       fill = "Happiness Level") +
 theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
# Faceted bar plot for happiness levels by race and gender
plot4 <- ggplot(happiness_cleaned, aes(x = gender, fill = happy)) +</pre>
 geom_bar(position = "fill") +
```

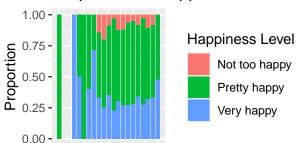
Commute Time Distribution by Ha

Happiness Level Not too happy Pretty happy Very happy Not too Plantby happy Commute Time (minutes)

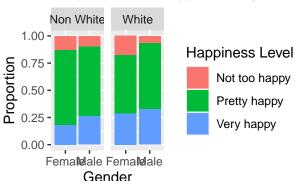
Income Distribution by Happine



Proportion of Happiness Levels by



Proportion of Happiness by Race



Logistic Regression

0

6,0,6

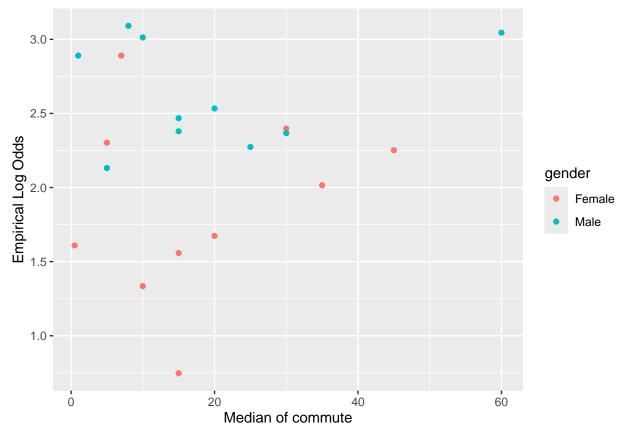
Education Level

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = happy ~ commute + realrinc + educ + race + gender,
##
       family = binomial, data = happiness_recode)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                1.2207687 0.6436418
                                       1.897 0.05787 .
               -0.0013295
## commute
                           0.0075192
                                     -0.177
                                              0.85965
## realrinc
                0.0000373 0.0000118
                                       3.161 0.00157 **
```

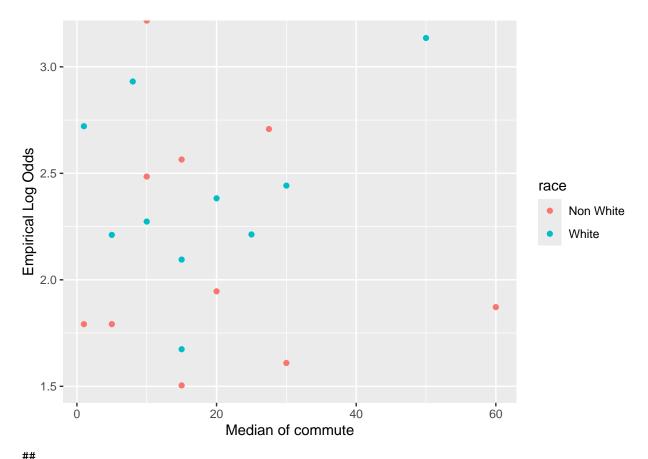
```
## educ
              -0.0002136 0.0463060 -0.005 0.99632
              0.0111056 0.3322843
                                       0.033 0.97334
## raceWhite
## genderMale 0.7433165 0.2509178
                                       2.962 0.00305 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 530.41 on 873 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 503.81 on 868 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 515.81
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
vif(happiness_glm)
## commute realring
                         educ
                                  race
                                         gender
## 1.025518 1.090232 1.075367 1.039942 1.021639
empirical_plot_fn <- function(quant_var, cat_var, scale = "lin") {</pre>
  # Convert strings to symbols
  quant_group <- rlang::sym(quant_var)</pre>
  cat_group <- rlang::sym(cat_var)</pre>
  happiness_ag <- happiness_recode %>%
   mutate(quant_grouped =
            ntile(!!quant_group, n = 10) # Group the quantitative variable into 10 groups
   ) %>%
   group_by(quant_grouped, !!cat_group) %>%
    summarize(
     quant_gp_median = median(!!quant_group), # Calculate median within each group
     p = sum(happy == 1) / n(), # Proportion happy
     log_odds = log(p / (1 - p)), # Avoid log issues
      .groups = "drop" # Avoid warning about grouping
   )
  # Add a column for x_var based on the scale
  happiness_ag <- happiness_ag %>%
   mutate(x_var = if (scale == "log") log(quant_gp_median) else quant_gp_median)
  # Set the x-axis label
  x_lab <- str_c(if (scale == "log") "Log Median of " else "Median of ", quant_var)</pre>
  # Plot using precomputed x_var
  ggplot(happiness_ag,
         aes(x = x_var, y = log_odds, color = !!cat_group)) +
   geom point() +
   labs(x = x_lab, y = "Empirical Log Odds")
}
# Iterate over all different combinations
# vars to iterate over
quant_vars <- c("commute", "realrinc", "educ")</pre>
cat_vars <- c("gender", "race")</pre>
```

```
# init empty list to store
empirical_log_odds_plot <- list()
for (quant_var in quant_vars) {
    for (cat_var in cat_vars) {
        # Generate the plot and store it in the list
        plot_name <- paste(quant_var, cat_var, sep = "_")
        empirical_log_odds_plot[[plot_name]] <- empirical_plot_fn(quant_var = quant_var, cat_var = cat_var)
    }
} empirical_log_odds_plot</pre>
```

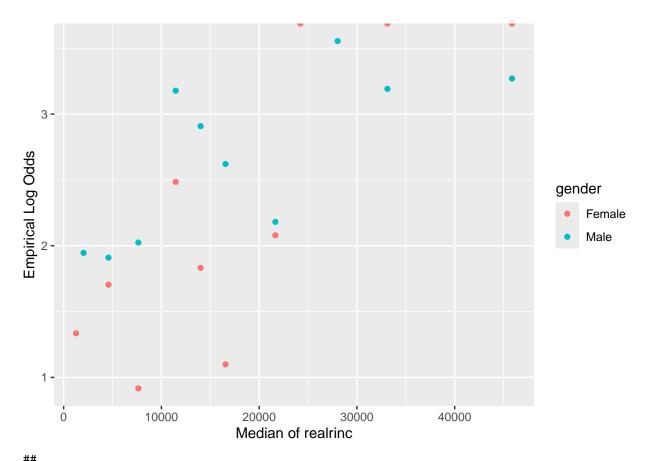
\$commute_gender



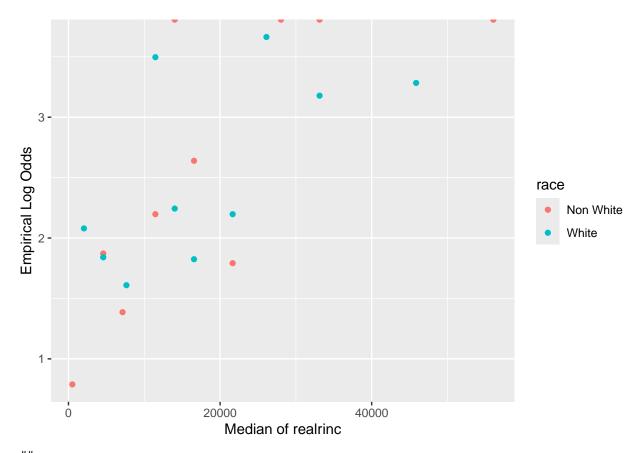
##
\$commute_race



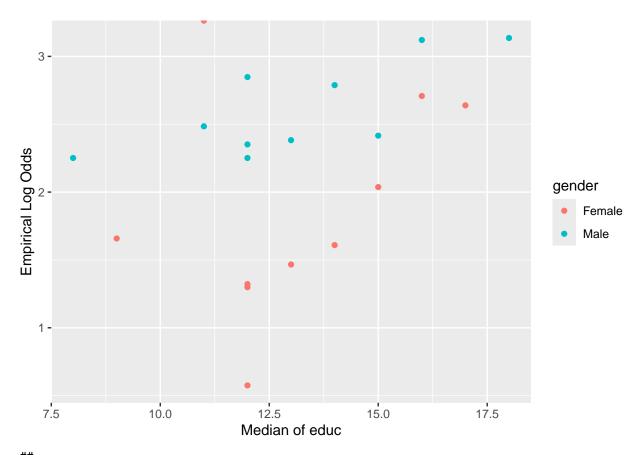
\$realrinc_gender



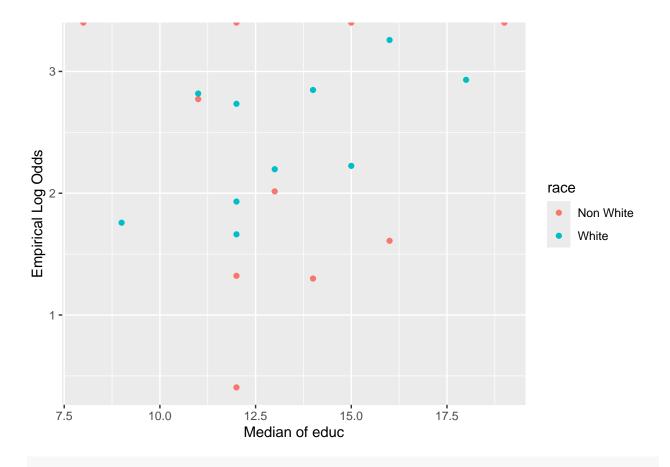
\$realrinc_race



\$educ_gender



\$educ_race



#3# test

Becca's section

Jackson's Section

#Test