COMP 3005 Assignment #2 Krystian Wojcicki 101001444

Queries (96 marks)

C5

Use both Relational Algebra (ALG) and Tuple Relational Calculus (TRC) to express the following queries based on the given Bank-Customer database. Submit your ALG and TRC query expressions for these queries as well as the final query results. Each ALG or TRC query is 3 marks and the result is 2 marks

| Bank | | |
|-----------|---------|----------|
| <u>B#</u> | Name | City |
| B1 | England | London |
| B2 | America | New York |
| В3 | Royal | Toronto |
| B4 | France | Paris |

Customer C# Name Age City Adams C1 20 London C2 Blake 30 Paris C3 Clark 25 Paris C4 Your Lastname 20 Ottawa

Smith

| C# | B # | Balance |
|----|------------|---------|
| C1 | B1 | 1000 |
| C1 | B2 | 2000 |
| C1 | B3 | 3000 |
| C1 | B4 | 4000 |
| C2 | B1 | 2000 |
| C2 | B2 | 3000 |
| C2 | B3 | 4000 |
| C3 | B1 | 3000 |
| C3 | B2 | 4000 |
| C4 | B1 | 4000 |
| C4 | B2 | 5000 |

Account

- 1. Get the name of the bank that "Your Lastname" banks.
- 2. Get the name of the customer who banks in Royal bank.
- 3. Get the name of the customer who has an account with balance less than 3000.
- 4. Get the name of the customer who banks in Royal or America bank.

30 Toronto

- Get the customer name/bank name pairs such that the indicated customer has an account in the indicated bank.
- 6. Get the name of the customer who does not have any bank account.
- 7. Get the name of the customer who has an account in every bank.
- 8. Get the name of the customer who has an account in every bank except France Bank.
- 9. Get the name of the customer who has an account in every bank that Clark banks.
- Get the name of the customer who banks only in the banks that Clark banks.
- 11. Get the name of the customer, the number of banks he/she banks, and total balance he/she has.
- 12. Get the name of the customer who banks in more than two bank.

1)
ALG> t1 := select Name='Wojcicki' (Customer);
t2 := project B# (t1 njoin Account);
t3 := t2 njoin Bank;
project Name (t3);

```
TRC> { B.Name | B in Bank and (exists A in Account, C in Customer) ( C.C# = A.C# and A.B# =
B.B# and C.Name = 'Wojcicki')};
Name
England
America
2)
ALG> t1 := select Name='Royal' (Bank);
t2 := project C# (t1 njoin Account);
t3 := t2 njoin Customer;
project Name (t3);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (exists A in Account, B in Bank) ( C.C# = A.C# and A.B# =
B.B# and B.Name = 'Royal') };
Name
Adams
Blake
3)
ALG> t1 := (select Balance < 3000 (Account)) njoin Customer;
project Name (t1);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (exists A in Account) ( C.C# = A.C# and A.Balance <
3000)};
Name
Adams
Blake
4)
ALG> t1 := select Name='Royal' or Name='America' (Bank);
t2 := project C# (t1 njoin Account);
t3 := (t2 njoin Customer);
project Name (t3);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (exists A in Account, B in Bank) ( C.C# = A.C# and A.B#
= B.B# and (B.name = 'Royal' or B.Name = 'America')) };
Name
Adams
```

Blake

```
Wojcicki
5)
ALG> t1 := rename Name to cname (Customer);
t2 := rename Name to bname (Bank);
t3 := (t1 njoin Account) njoin t2;
project cname, bname (t3);
TRC> { C.Name, B.Name | C in Customer and B in Bank and (exists A in Account)( A.C# =
C.C# and B.B# = A.B#)};
cname, bname
Adams England
Adams America
Adams Royal
Adams France
Blake England
Blake America
Blake Royal
Clark England
Clark America
Wojcicki England
Wojcicki America
6)
ALG> t1 := project Name (Customer);
t2 := project Name (Customer njoin Account);
t1 minus t2;
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and not (exists A in Account) (A.C# = C.C#) };
Name
Smith
7)
ALG> t1 := project C#,B# (Account);
t2 := project B# (Bank);
t3 := t1 divideby t2;
project Name (t3 njoin Customer);
```

Clark

```
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (forall B in Bank)(exists A in Account) (B.B# = A.B# and
A.C# = C.C#);
Name
Adams
8)
ALG> t1 := project C#,B# (Account);
t2 := project B# (select Name != 'France' (Bank));
t3 := t1 divideby t2;
t4 := project C# (select Name = 'France' (Bank njoin Account));
t5 := t3 minus t4;
project Name (Customer njoin t5);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (forall B in Bank)
((B.Name = 'France' and not (exists A in Account)(A.B# = B.B# and C.C# = A.C#)) or
(B.Name != 'France' and (exists A in Account)(A.B# = B.B# and C.C# = A.C#)))};
Name
Blake
9)
ALG> t1 := project C# (select Name='Clark' (Customer));
t2 := ((project C#,B# Account) / t1);
t3 := ((project C#,B# Account) / t2);
t4 := select Name !='Clark' (t3 njoin Customer);
project Name (t4);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and C.Name != 'Clark' and (exists C1 in Customer)(C1.Name
= 'Clark' and (forall B in Bank)
(((exists A in Account)(A.B# = B.B# and C1.C# = A.C#) and
(exists A1 in Account)(A1.C# = B.B# and A1.C# = C.C#)
not (exists A in Account)( C1.C# = A.C# and A.B# = B.B#))) };
Name
Adams
Blake
Wojcicki
10)
ALG> t1 := project C#,B# (Account);
t2 := project B# ((select Name='Clark' (Customer)) njoin t1);
```

```
t3 := t1 \text{ divideby } t2;
t4 := (project B# Bank) minus t2;
t5 := (t4 njoin Account) njoin Customer;
t6 := project Name (t5);
t7 := project Name (select Name != 'Clark' (t3 njoin Customer))
t7 minus t6;
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and C.Name != 'Clark' and
(exists C1 in Customer)(C1.Name = 'Clark' and (forall B in Bank)
(((exists A in Account)(A.C# = C1.C# and A.B# = B.B#) and
 (exists A1 in Account)(A1.C# = C.C# and A1.B# = B.B#))
or
(not (exists A in Account)(A.C# = C1.C# and A.B# = B.B#) and
not (exists A1 in Account)(A1.C# = C.C# and A1.B# = B.B#))))};
Name
Wojcicki
11)
ALG> Aggregate Name, count(B#), sum(Balance) (Customer njoin Account);
TRC> { C.Name, count(A.b#), sum(A.Balance) | C in Customer and A in Account and C.C# =
A.C# };
Name Count(B#) Sum(Balance)
Adams 4
                   10000
Blake 3
                   9000
Clark 2
                   7000
Kuang 2
                   9000
12)
ALG> t1(Name, count) := aggregate Name; count(B#) (Customer njoin Account);
t2 := select count > 2 (t1);
project Name (t2);
TRC> { C.Name | C in Customer and (exists A in Account)(count(A.B#) > 2 and A.C# = C.C#)};
Name
Adams
Blake
```