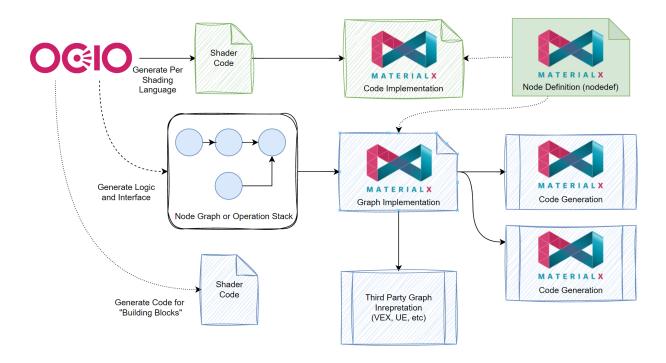
OCIO and MaterialX

This notebook will cover one workflow of using OCIO to generate code for MaterialX. We will be using the API based on OCIO 2.2 and above (released in October 2022).

The aim of this notebook is to go over how OCIO can be used to generate "implementations". The longer term MaterialX aim is to generate functional node graphs. This book will cover the setup required for generation, but can only show how source code implementation generation can be performed at the curren time.

The workflow covered is the "green" parts in this overall workflow diagram:



If / when graph generation is possible source code implementations can be swapped out for graph implementations.

The breakdown is as follows:

- 1. OCIO setup
- 2. Setting up OCIO configurations and getting available color spaces.
- 3. Setting up OCIO "processors" for generating color transforms
- 4. Generating source code implementations
- 5. Creating MaterialX implementations and definition wrappers for color3 and color4 variants.
- 6. Add definitions and implementations to the "standard" transform

library (cmlib)

For further OCI there is a fair bit of documentation available with a useful starting place here

OpenColorIO is available as a pre-built Python package on PyPi here

pip can be used to install the package which is called PyOpenColorIO

User can also build OpenColorIO by cloning the GitHub repository.

For the purposes of generating color transform implementation, most of the build options can be disabled. For For building and installing the Python package, make sure that the appropriate build option is set (current OCIO_BUILD_PYTHON, OCIO_INSTALL_EXT_PACKAGES respectively).

An example set of options is given here:

```
-DOPENIMAGEIO_INCLUDE_DIR="" -DOPENIMAGEIO_LIBRARY="" -DOCIO_BUILD_DOCS=OFF -DBUILD_SHARED_LIBS=OFF -DOCIO_BUILD_TESTS=ON -DOCIO_BUILD_GPU_TESTS=OFF -DOCIO_BUILD_PYTHON=1 -DOCIO_BUILD_JAVA=0 -DOCIO_INSTALL_EXT_PACKAGES=ALL -DOCIO_BUILD_APPS=0 -DOCIO_BUILD_NUKE=0
```

A third alternative is to use a pre-built Python package which comes with another installation such as a DCC. A check should be made to not inadvertently use the incorrect version of the package.

For this book, we install from PyPi.

```
In [ ]: # Package install
#pip install OpenColorIO
```

Here we import PyOpenColorIO and MaterialX.

```
import OCIO package
import PyOpenColorIO as OCIO
import MaterialX as mx

print('OCIO version:', OCIO.GetVersion())
print('MaterialX version:', mx.getVersionString())
```

OCIO version: 2.3.0dev MaterialX version: 1.38.8

Configurations

As of version 2.2, ACES Cg Config and ACES Studio Config are packaged with OCIO, meaning that they are available to use without having to download them separately. The getBuildInConfigs() API is explained here

```
In [ ]: # Get the OCIO built in configs
registry = OCIO.BuiltinConfigRegistry().getBuiltinConfigs()
```

This items return canned be scanned and the appropriate configuration instantiated using CreateFromBuiltInConfig() In the following example we built a dictionary of configs along with the available color spaces.

```
In []: # Create a dictionary of configs
    configs = {}
    for item in registry:
        # The short_name is the URI-style name.
        # The ui_name is the name to use in a user interface.
```

```
short_name, ui_name, isRecommended, isDefault = item
   # Don't present built-in configs to users if they are no longer recommended.
    if isRecommended:
        # Create a config using the Cg config
        config = OCIO.Config.CreateFromBuiltinConfig(short_name)
        colorSpaces = None
        if config:
            colorSpaces = config.getColorSpaces()
        if colorSpaces:
            configs[short_name] = [config, colorSpaces]
# Print the configs
for config in configs:
   print('Built-in config:', config)
    csnames = configs[config][0].getColorSpaceNames()
   print('- Number of color spaces: %d' % len(csnames))
   #for csname in csnames:
        print(' -', csname)
```

```
Built-in config: cg-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1
- Number of color spaces: 14
Built-in config: studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1
- Number of color spaces: 39
```

A more direct way to get the desired config is to call CreateFomFile with the appropriate built in path. In this case we get the ACES Cg Config.`

```
In []: acesCgConfigPath = 'ocio://cg-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1'
  builtinCfgC = OCIO.Config.CreateFromFile(acesCgConfigPath)
  print('Built-in config:', builtinCfgC.getName())
  csnames = builtinCfgC.getColorSpaceNames()
  print('- Number of color spaces: %d' % len(csnames))
```

Built-in config: cg-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1
- Number of color spaces: 14

Color Spaces

To check what color space identifiers can be used we print out each color space name along with any aliases by calling getAliases() on each color space.

```
In []: from IPython.display import display_markdown

title = '| Configuration | Color Space | Aliases |\n'
title = title + '| --- | --- |\n'

rows = ''
for c in configs:
    config = configs[c][0]
    colorSpaces = configs[c][1]
    for colorSpace in colorSpaces:
        aliases = colorSpace.getAliases()
        rows = rows + '| ' + c + ' | ' + colorSpace.getName() + ' | ' + ', '.join(aliases) + ' |

md = '<details><summary>Color Spaces</summary>\n\n' + title + rows + '</details>'
display_markdown(md, raw=True)
```

▼ Color Spaces

| Configuration | Color Space | Aliases |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACES2065-1 | aces2065_1, ACES - ACES2065-1, lin_ap0 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScc | ACES - ACEScc, acescc_ap1 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScct | ACES - ACEScct, acescct_ap1 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScg | ACES - ACEScg, lin_ap1 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear P3-D65 | lin_p3d65, Utility - Linear - P3-D65 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Rec.2020 | lin_rec2020, Utility - Linear - Rec.2020 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Rec.709 (sRGB) | lin_rec709_srgb, Utility - Linear - Rec.709, lin_rec709, lin_srgb, Utility - Linear - sRGB |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 1.8 Rec.709 - Texture | g18_rec709_tx, Utility - Gamma 1.8 - Rec.709 - Texture, g18_rec709 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.2 AP1 - Texture | g22_ap1_tx, g22_ap1 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.2 Rec.709 - Texture | g22_rec709_tx, Utility - Gamma 2.2 - Rec.709 - Texture, g22_rec709 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.4 Rec.709 - Texture | g24_rec709_tx, g24_rec709, rec709_display, Utility - Rec.709 - Display |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | sRGB Encoded AP1 - Texture | srgb_encoded_ap1_tx, srgb_ap1 |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | sRGB - Texture | srgb_tx, Utility - sRGB - Texture, srgb_texture, Input - Generic - sRGB - Texture |
| cg-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Raw | Utility - Raw |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACES2065-1 | aces2065_1, ACES - ACES2065-1, lin_ap0 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScc | ACES - ACEScc, acescc_ap1 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScct | ACES - ACEScct, acescct_ap1 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ACEScg | ACES - ACEScg, lin_ap1 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ADX10 | Input - ADX - ADX10 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ADX16 | Input - ADX - ADX16 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear ARRI Wide Gamut 3 | lin_arri_wide_gamut_3, Input - ARRI - Linear - ALEXA Wide Gamut, lin_alexawide |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ARRI LogC3 (EI800) | arri_logc3_ei800, Input - ARRI - V3 LogC (El800) - Wide Gamut, logc3ei800_alexawide |
| | | |

| Configuration | Color Space | Aliases |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear ARRI Wide Gamut 4 | lin_arri_wide_gamut_4, lin_awg4 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | ARRI LogC4 | arri_logc4 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | BMDFilm WideGamut Gen5 | bmdfilm_widegamut_gen5 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | DaVinci Intermediate WideGamut | davinci_intermediate_widegamut |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear BMD WideGamut Gen5 | lin_bmd_widegamut_gen5 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear DaVinci WideGamut | lin_davinci_widegamut |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | CanonLog3 CinemaGamut D55 | canonlog3_cinemagamut_d55, Input - Canon - Canon-Log3 - Cinema Gamut Daylight, canonlog3_cgamutday |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear CinemaGamut D55 | lin_cinemagamut_d55, Input - Canon - Linear - Canon Cinema Gamut Daylight, Iin_canoncgamutday |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear V-Gamut | lin_vgamut, Input - Panasonic - Linear - V-Gamut |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | V-Log V-Gamut | vlog_vgamut, Input - Panasonic - V-Log - V-Gamut |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear REDWideGamutRGB | lin_redwidegamutrgb, Input - RED - Linear - REDWideGamutRGB, lin_rwg |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Log3G10 REDWideGamutRGB | log3g10_redwidegamutrgb, Input - RED - REDLog3G10 - REDWideGamutRGB, rl3g10_rwg |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear S-Gamut3 | lin_sgamut3, Input - Sony - Linear - S-Gamut3 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear S-Gamut3.Cine | lin_sgamut3cine, Input - Sony - Linear - S-Gamut3.Cine |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Venice S-Gamut3 | lin_venice_sgamut3, Input - Sony - Linear - Venice S-Gamut3 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Venice S- Gamut3.Cine | lin_venice_sgamut3cine, Input - Sony - Linear - Venice S- Gamut3.Cine |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | S-Log3 S-Gamut3 | slog3_sgamut3, Input - Sony - S-Log3 - S-Gamut3 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | S-Log3 S-Gamut3.Cine | slog3_sgamut3cine, Input - Sony - S-Log3 - S-Gamut3.Cine, slog3_sgamutcine |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | S-Log3 Venice S-Gamut3 | slog3_venice_sgamut3, Input - Sony - S-Log3 - Venice S-Gamut3 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | S-Log3 Venice S- Gamut3.Cine | slog3_venice_sgamut3cine, Input - Sony - S-Log3 - Venice S-Gamut3.Cine, slog3_venice_sgamutcine |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Camera Rec.709 | camera_rec709, Utility - Rec.709 - Camera, rec709_camera |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear P3-D65 | lin_p3d65, Utility - Linear - P3-D65 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces- v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Rec.2020 | lin_rec2020, Utility - Linear - Rec.2020 |

| Configuration | Color Space | Aliases |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Linear Rec.709 (sRGB) | lin_rec709_srgb, Utility - Linear - Rec.709, lin_rec709, lin_srgb, Utility - Linear - sRGB |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 1.8 Rec.709 - Texture | g18_rec709_tx, Utility - Gamma 1.8 - Rec.709 - Texture, g18_rec709 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.2 AP1 - Texture | g22_ap1_tx, g22_ap1 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.2 Rec.709 - Texture | g22_rec709_tx, Utility - Gamma 2.2 - Rec.709 - Texture, g22_rec709 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Gamma 2.4 Rec.709 - Texture | g24_rec709_tx, g24_rec709, rec709_display, Utility - Rec.709 - Display |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | sRGB Encoded AP1 - Texture | srgb_encoded_ap1_tx, srgb_ap1 |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | sRGB - Texture | srgb_tx, Utility - sRGB - Texture, srgb_texture, Input - Generic - sRGB - Texture |
| studio-config-v1.0.0_aces-v1.3_ocio-v2.1 | Raw | Utility - Raw |

Supported Color Spaces in MaterialX

MaterialX currently uses color space names for:

- 1. Color space (colorspace attribute) tagging for input images (filename attributes) and colors (color3 and color4 types).
- 2. Node category identifiers for node definitions of the form <from color space>_<to color space name> to specify color space conversion nodes. (Node definitions are support as of MaterialX 1.38.7)

Note that any valid color space name can be used for input tagging.

At time of writing only specific color space conversions are supported via node definitions and hence can perform code injection during shader code generation. Any color space information can still be passed as meta-data to the code generated (e.g. as is possible with the OSL generator).

Further note that only certain **aliases** which are valid MaterialX identifiers are recognized in this context. For example g18_rec709 is used for color space Gamma 1.8 Rec.709 - Texture and lin_rec709 is used for color space Linear Rec.709 (sRGB).

OCIO Shader Code Generation

It is possible to generate code color space transforms for certain code generation targets.

This is done by:

- 1. Calling getProcessor() on the config with desired "source" and "destination" color spaces for the transform.
- 2. Creating a CPU or GPU processor
- 3. Set the appropriate target language
- 4. Getting the shader code using getShaderText()

```
In [ ]: def generateShaderCode(config, sourceColorSpace, destColorSpace, language):
            cshaderCodee = ''
            if not config:
                return shaderCode
            # Create a processor for a pair of colorspaces (namely to go to linear)
            processor = None
            try:
                processor = config.getProcessor(sourceColorSpace, destColorSpace)
            except:
                return shaderCode
            gpuProcessor = None
            if processor:
                gpuProcessor = processor.getDefaultGPUProcessor()
            if gpuProcessor:
                shaderDesc = OCIO.GpuShaderDesc.CreateShaderDesc()
                if shaderDesc:
                    shaderDesc.setLanguage(language)
                    gpuProcessor.extractGpuShaderInfo(shaderDesc)
                    shaderCode = shaderDesc.getShaderText()
            return shaderCode
        # Use GLSL as the shader language to produce, and linear as the target color space
        language = OCIO.GpuLanguage.GPU_LANGUAGE_GLSL_4_0
        targetColorSpace = 'lin_rec709'
        # Go through all the config and create code for each transform
        title = '| Source | Target | Code |\n'
        title = title + ' | --- | --- | \n'
        rows = ''
        testedSources = set()
        for c in configs:
            config = OCIO.Config.CreateFromBuiltinConfig(c)
            colorSpaces = config.getColorSpaces()
            for colorSpace in colorSpaces:
                colorSpaceName = colorSpace.getName()
                # Skip if the colorspace is already tested
                if colorSpaceName in testedSources:
                    continue
                testedSources.add(colorSpaceName)
                code = generateShaderCode(config, colorSpace.getName(), targetColorSpace, language)
                code = code.replace('\n', '<br>')
                code = '<code>' + code + '</code>'
                rows = rows + ' ' + colorSpace.getName() + ' ' + targetColorSpace + ' ' ' + code + ' |
        md = '<details><summary>Transform Code for GLSL</summary>\n\n' + title + rows + '</details>'
        display_markdown(md, raw=True)
```

```
// Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                                vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                                // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
ACES2065-1
                    lin_rec709 outColor.a);
                                  vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(2.5216861867438798, -0.27647991422992202,
                              -0.015378064966034201, 0., -1.1341309882397199, 1.37271908766826,
                              -0.152975335867399, 0., -0.38755519850416398, -0.096239173438334005,
                              1.16835340083343, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                  outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                              }
ACEScc
                    lin_rec709
                              // Declaration of all variables
                              uniform sampler2D ocio_lut1d_0Sampler;
                              // Declaration of all helper methods
                              vec2 ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(float f)
                              {
                               float dep = clamp(f, 0.0, 1.0) * 4095.;
                               vec2 retVal;
                                retVal.y = float(int(dep / 4095.));
                                retVal.x = dep - retVal.y * 4095.;
                                retVal.x = (retVal.x + 0.5) / 4096.;
                                retVal.y = (retVal.y + 0.5) / 2.;
                                return retVal;
                              }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                                // Add Range processing
                                  outColor.rgb = outColor.rgb * vec3(0.53763440860215062,
                              0.53763440860215062, 0.53763440860215062) + vec3(0.19354838709677422,
                              0.19354838709677422, 0.19354838709677422);
                                  outColor.rgb = max(vec3(0., 0., 0.), outColor.rgb);
                                  outColor.rgb = min(vec3(1., 1., 1.), outColor.rgb);
```

```
// Add LUT 1D processing for ocio_lut1d_0
                                 outColor.r = texture(ocio lut1d 0Sampler,
                              ocio lut1d 0 computePos(outColor.r)).r;
                                  outColor.g = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                              ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.g)).r;
                                  outColor.b = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                              ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.b)).r;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(0.69545224135745187, 0.044794563372037716,
                              -0.0055258825581135443, 0., 0.14067869647029416, 0.85967111845642163,
                              0.0040252103059786595, 0., 0.16386906217225405, 0.0955343181715404,
                              1.0015006722521349, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                               }
                               // Add Range processing
                               {
                                 outColor.rgb = max(vec3(0., 0., 0.), outColor.rgb);
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                               {
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(2.5216861867438798, -0.27647991422992202,
                              -0.015378064966034201, 0., -1.1341309882397199, 1.37271908766826,
                              -0.152975335867399, 0., -0.38755519850416398, -0.096239173438334005,
                              1.16835340083343, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
                             }
ACEScct
                   lin rec709
```

// Declaration of the OCIO shader function vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel) vec4 outColor = inPixel;

// Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing

0.0729055703);

0.0948745236);

vec3 log_break = vec3(0.155251175, 0.155251175, 0.155251175);
vec3 linear segment offset = vec3(0.0729055703, 0.0729055703,

vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.0948745236, 0.0948745236,

vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(1., 1., 1.);

```
vec3 lin offset = vec3(0., 0., 0.);
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(17.5200005, 17.5200005, 17.5200005);
                                 vec3 log_base = vec3(2., 2., 2.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.5547945205479452, 0.5547945205479452,
                             0.5547945205479452);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                 vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                             linear segment slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                  outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.7050509926579815, -0.1302564175070435,
                             -0.024003356804618042, 0., -0.62179212065700562, 1.1408047365754048,
                             -0.1289689760649709, 0., -0.0832588720009797, -0.010548319068357653,
                             1.1529723328695858, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
                             }
ACEScq
                   lin rec709
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.7050509926579815, -0.1302564175070435,
                             -0.024003356804618042, 0., -0.62179212065700562, 1.1408047365754048,
                             -0.1289689760649709, 0., -0.0832588720009797, -0.010548319068357653,
                             1.1529723328695858, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                              {
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear P3-D65
                   lin rec709
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.224940176280555, -0.042056954709687663,
                              -0.019637554590334446, 0., -0.22494017628056295, 1.0420569547096903,
                              -0.078636045550631944, 0., -0., 0., 1.0982736001409683, 0., 0., 0.,
                              0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear Rec.2020
                   lin rec709 outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.6604910021084354, -0.12455047452159097,
                              -0.018150763354905279, 0., -0.58764113878854773, 1.1328998971259596,
                              -0.10057889800800768, 0., -0.072849863319883967,
                              -0.0083494226043700909, 1.118729661362905, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                              return outColor;
Linear Rec.709 (sRGB) lin_rec709
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                              vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               return outColor;
                              }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Gamma 'basicPassThruFwd' processing
                                 vec4 gamma = vec4(1.8, 1.8, 1.8, 1.);
Gamma 1.8 Rec.709 -
                    lin rec709
Texture
                                 vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.);
                                 vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                  vec4 powSeg = pow(max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), outColor ), gamma);
                                  vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * outColor;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
Gamma 2.2 AP1 -
                   lin rec709
Texture
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Gamma 'basicPassThruFwd' processing
                                  vec4 gamma = vec4(2.200000000000000, 2.200000000000000,
                              2.20000000000000002, 1.);
                                  vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.);
                                  vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                 vec4 powSeg = pow(max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), outColor ), gamma);
                                 vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * outColor;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.7050509926579756, -0.13025641750704287,
                              -0.02400335680461799, 0., -0.62179212065700873, 1.1408047365754079,
                              -0.12896897606497126, 0., -0.083258872000981698,
```

```
Code
     Source
                    Target
                            -0.010548319068357195, 1.152972332869586, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                outColor.a = res.w;
                            }
                            return outColor;
                            }
                            // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                            vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                              vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                              // Add Gamma 'basicPassThruFwd' processing
                                vec4 gamma = vec4(2.200000000000000, 2.20000000000000,
Gamma 2.2 Rec.709 -
                  Texture
                                vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.);
                                vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                vec4 powSeg = pow(max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), outColor ), gamma);
                                vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                            isAboveBreak ) * outColor;
                                outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                outColor.a = res.w;
                            }
                            return outColor;
                            }
                            // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                            vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                              vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                              // Add Gamma 'basicPassThruFwd' processing
                                vec4 gamma = vec4(2.39999999999999, 2.3999999999999,
Gamma 2.4 Rec.709 -
                  Texture
                                vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.);
                                vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                vec4 powSeg = pow(max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), outColor ), gamma);
                                vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                            isAboveBreak ) * outColor;
                                outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                outColor.a = res.w;
                            }
                            return outColor;
                            }
sRGB Encoded AP1 -
                  lin rec709
Texture
                            // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Gamma 'monCurveFwd' processing
                                  vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0.0392857157, 0.0392857157, 0.0392857157,
                             1.);
                                 vec4 slope = vec4(0.077380158, 0.077380158, 0.077380158, 1.);
                                 vec4 scale = vec4(0.947867274, 0.947867274, 0.947867274,
                              0.999998987);
                                 vec4 offset = vec4(0.0521326996, 0.0521326996, 0.0521326996,
                              9.99998974e-07);
                                 vec4 gamma = vec4(2.4000001, 2.4000001, 2.4000001, 1.00000095);
                                 vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                 vec4 linSeg = outColor * slope;
                                 vec4 powSeg = pow( max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), scale * outColor +
                              offset), gamma);
                                  vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                               {
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.7050509926579756, -0.13025641750704287,
                              -0.02400335680461799, 0., -0.62179212065700873, 1.1408047365754079,
                              -0.12896897606497126, 0., -0.083258872000981698,
                              -0.010548319068357195, 1.152972332869586, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
                             }
                   lin_rec709
sRGB - Texture
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Gamma 'monCurveFwd' processing
                                  vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0.0392857157, 0.0392857157, 0.0392857157,
                             1.);
                                 vec4 slope = vec4(0.077380158, 0.077380158, 0.077380158, 1.);
                                 vec4 scale = vec4(0.947867274, 0.947867274, 0.947867274,
                              0.999998987);
```

vec4 offset = vec4(0.0521326996, 0.0521326996, 0.0521326996,

```
Source
                                                                Code
                     Target
                             9.99998974e-07);
                                 vec4 gamma = vec4(2.4000001, 2.4000001, 2.4000001, 1.000000095);
                                 vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                  vec4 linSeg = outColor * slope;
                                  vec4 powSeg = pow( max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), scale * outColor +
                              offset), gamma);
                                  vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
Raw
                    lin rec709 {
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               return outColor;
ADX10
                    lin rec709
                              // Declaration of all variables
                              uniform sampler2D ocio_lut1d_0Sampler;
                              // Declaration of all helper methods
                              vec2 ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(float f)
                               float dep;
                               float abs_f = abs(f);
                               if (abs_f > 6.10351562e-05)
                                 vec3 fComp = vec3(15., 15., 15.);
                                 float absarr = min( abs_f, 65504.);
                                 fComp.x = floor( log2( absarr ) );
                                 float lower = pow( 2.0, fComp.x );
                                 fComp.y = ( absarr - lower ) / lower;
                                 vec3 scale = vec3(1024., 1024., 1024.);
                                 dep = dot( fComp, scale );
                               }
                               else
                               {
                                 dep = abs_f * 1023.0 / 6.09755516e-05;
                               dep += step(f, 0.0) * 32768.0;
                               vec2 retVal;
                               retVal.y = floor(dep / 4095.);
                                retVal.x = dep - retVal.y * 4095.;
                               retVal.x = (retVal.x + 0.5) / 4096.;
                                retVal.y = (retVal.y + 0.5) / 17.;
                                return retVal;
```

}

Target

```
// Declaration of the OCIO shader function
vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
 vec4 outColor = inPixel;
 // Add Matrix processing
   vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
outColor.a);
   vec4 tmp = res;
    0.33010163999999997, 0., 0.45415061999999995, 1.9831468799999998,
0.15152675999999998, 0., 0.04562579999999994, -0.05788133999999996,
1.5643715999999999, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
    res = vec4(-0.189999998, -0.189999998, -0.189999998, 0.) + res;
   outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
   outColor.a = res.w;
 }
 // Add LUT 1D processing for ocio_lut1d_0
 {
   outColor.r = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.r)).r;
   outColor.g = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.g)).r;
   outColor.b = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.b)).r;
 }
 // Add Log 'Anti-Log' processing
 {
   outColor.rgb = pow( vec3(10., 10., 10.), outColor.rgb);
 }
 // Add Matrix processing
   vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
outColor.a);
   vec4 tmp = res;
    res = mat4(1.6820732265392047, -0.037560306982519796,
-0.012683034306924423, 0., -0.58002116166042406, 1.0061809359326013,
-0.022886076957909493, 0., -0.10204818932679965, 0.031380333441656763,
1.0355574277308224, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
   outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
   outColor.a = res.w;
}
return outColor;
}
```

Source Target Code

uniform sampler2D ocio_lut1d_0Sampler;

```
// Declaration of all helper methods
vec2 ocio lut1d 0 computePos(float f)
{
 float dep;
 float abs_f = abs(f);
 if (abs_f > 6.10351562e-05)
   vec3 fComp = vec3(15., 15., 15.);
   float absarr = min( abs_f, 65504.);
   fComp.x = floor( log2( absarr ) );
   float lower = pow( 2.0, fComp.x );
   fComp.y = ( absarr - lower ) / lower;
   vec3 scale = vec3(1024., 1024., 1024.);
   dep = dot( fComp, scale );
}
 else
 {
   dep = abs_f * 1023.0 / 6.09755516e-05;
 dep += step(f, 0.0) * 32768.0;
 vec2 retVal;
 retVal.y = floor(dep / 4095.);
 retVal.x = dep - retVal.y * 4095.;
 retVal.x = (retVal.x + 0.5) / 4096.;
 retVal.y = (retVal.y + 0.5) / 17.;
 return retVal;
}
// Declaration of the OCIO shader function
vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
{
 vec4 outColor = inPixel;
 // Add Matrix processing
   vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
outColor.a);
   vec4 tmp = res;
    res = mat4(6.19084569375, 0.48340254374999997, 1.3216771125, 0.,
1.8183504937499999, 7.9402206, 0.60669026250000002, 0.,
0.18267881249999998, -0.23174814374999997, 6.263507624999999, 0., 0.,
0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
    res = vec4(-0.189999998, -0.189999998, -0.189999998, 0.) + res;
   outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
   outColor.a = res.w;
 }
 // Add LUT 1D processing for ocio_lut1d_0
   outColor.r = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.r)).r;
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                  outColor.g = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                              ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.g)).r;
                                  outColor.b = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                              ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.b)).r;
                               }
                                // Add Log 'Anti-Log' processing
                                {
                                  outColor.rgb = pow( vec3(10., 10., 10.), outColor.rgb);
                                }
                                // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                  vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.6820732265392047, -0.037560306982519796,
                              \hbox{-0.012683034306924423, 0., -0.58002116166042406, 1.0061809359326013,}
                              -0.022886076957909493, 0., -0.10204818932679965, 0.031380333441656763,
                              1.0355574277308224, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                  outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                               return outColor;
                              }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                                vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                                // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear ARRI Wide
                    lin rec709
                              outColor.a);
Gamut 3
                                  vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.6175960353244454, -0.071010304591282061,
                              -0.021123885575728883, 0., -0.53423642434848773, 1.3374356321770418,
                              -0.23237438347978712, 0., -0.083359610975962228, -0.26642532758575815,
                              1.2534982690555188, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                  outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                              }
ARRI LogC3 (EI800)
                    lin rec709
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                              {
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                                // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                                  vec3 log_break = vec3(0.149658144, 0.149658144, 0.149658144);
                                  vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0928093642, 0.0928093642,
                              0.0928093642);
                                  vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.186301097, 0.186301097,
                              0.186301097);
                                  vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.180000007, 0.180000007, 0.180000007);
                                  vec3 lin_offset = vec3(0.052272275025168798, 0.052272275025168798,
                              0.052272275025168798);
                                  vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(4.04547691, 4.04547691, 4.04547691);
                                  vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                  vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.38553699869244301, 0.38553699869244301,
                              0.38553699869244301);
                                  vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                  vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                              linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                  vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                  logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                  logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                  outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                                // Add Matrix processing
                               {
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                  vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.6175960353244454, -0.071010304591282061,
                              \hbox{-0.021123885575728883, 0., -0.53423642434848773, 1.3374356321770418,}
                              -0.23237438347978712, 0., -0.083359610975962228, -0.26642532758575815,
                              1.2534982690555188, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                  outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                               return outColor;
Linear ARRI Wide
                   lin rec709
Gamut 4
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                  vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.8929404968219639, -0.20644836083723977,
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                             -0.012258112702638239, 0., -0.77800083137239329, 1.3430260992709093,
                             -0.15732590776965169, 0., -0.11493966544957079, -0.13657773843366997,
                             1.1695840204722865, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
                             }
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                               {
                                 vec3 log_break = vec3(0., 0., 0.);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.158956334, 0.158956334,
                             0.158956334);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.113597214, 0.113597214,
                             0.113597214);
                                 vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.000448063511, 0.000448063511,
                             0.000448063511);
                                 vec3 lin_offset = vec3(64., 64., 64.);
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(15.4331894, 15.4331894, 15.4331894);
                                 vec3 log base = vec3(2., 2., 2.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(-0.29590839268258601, -0.29590839268258601,
                             -0.29590839268258601);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                 vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
ARRI LogC4
                   lin rec709
                             linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                 outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.8929404968219639, -0.20644836083723977,
                             -0.012258112702638239, 0., -0.77800083137239329, 1.3430260992709093,
                             -0.15732590776965169, 0., -0.11493966544957079, -0.13657773843366997,
                             1.1695840204722865, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
                             }
```

```
// Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                                 vec3 log_break = vec3(0.133883744, 0.133883744, 0.133883744);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0924657136, 0.0924657136,
                             0.0924657136);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.120720379, 0.120720379,
                             0.120720379);
                                 vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(1., 1., 1.);
                                  vec3 lin offset = vec3(0.0054940724322578103),
                             0.0054940724322578103, 0.0054940724322578103);
                                 vec3 log slopeinv = vec3(11.5036726, 11.5036726, 11.5036726);
                                  vec3 log_base = vec3(2.71828182845905, 2.71828182845905,
                             2.71828182845905);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.53001333922919402, 0.53001333922919402,
                             0.53001333922919402);
                                  vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log break));
BMDFilm WideGamut
                                 vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                   lin rec709
Gen5
                             linear segment slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                 outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.5685053307142094, -0.086765930966416174,
                             -0.05212011917108085, 0., -0.51955620578769812, 1.3477854013561954,
                             -0.25469373659499694, 0., -0.048949124926515208, -0.26101947038977646,
                             1.3068138557660767, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                             return outColor;
DaVinci Intermediate
                   lin rec709
WideGamut
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
```

// Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing

```
vec3 log_break = vec3(0.0274066925, 0.0274066925, 0.0274066925);
                                vec3 linear segment offset = vec3(-7.4505806e-09, -7.4505806e-09,
                            -7.4505806e-09);
                                vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.0957462937, 0.0957462937,
                            0.0957462937);
                                vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(1., 1., 1.);
                                vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(13.6439648, 13.6439648, 13.6439648);
                                vec3 log_base = vec3(2., 2., 2.);
                                vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.5130473599999995, 0.5130473599999995,
                            0.51304735999999999);
                                vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                            linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                            isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                              }
                              // Add Matrix processing
                                vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                            outColor.a);
                                vec4 tmp = res;
                                res = mat4(1.8987312079363696, -0.1694642609483365,
                            -0.12161393715142485, 0., -0.78866341542508211, 1.4922628969176159,
                            -0.32192612718818647, 0., -0.11006779251129151, -0.32279863596927649,
                            1.4435400643396084, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                outColor.a = res.w;
                            }
                            return outColor;
                            }
Linear BMD
                  lin rec709
WideGamut Gen5
                            // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                            vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                            {
                              vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                              // Add Matrix processing
                                vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                            outColor.a);
                                vec4 tmp = res;
                                res = mat4(1.5685053307142094, -0.086765930966416174,
                            -0.05212011917108085, 0., -0.51955620578769812, 1.3477854013561954,
                            -0.25469373659499694, 0., -0.048949124926515208, -0.26101947038977646,
                            1.3068138557660767, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
```

```
Target
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                  outColor.a = res.w;
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear DaVinci
                    lin_rec709 outColor.a);
WideGamut
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.8987312079363696, -0.1694642609483365,
                              -0.12161393715142485, 0., -0.78866341542508211, 1.4922628969176159,
                              -0.32192612718818647, 0., -0.11006779251129151, -0.32279863596927649,
                              1.4435400643396084, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                               return outColor;
                             }
CanonLog3
                   lin rec709
CinemaGamut D55
                             // Declaration of all variables
                              uniform sampler2D ocio_lut1d_0Sampler;
                              // Declaration of all helper methods
                              vec2 ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(float f)
                               float dep = clamp(f, 0.0, 1.0) * 4095.;
                               vec2 retVal;
                               retVal.y = float(int(dep / 4095.));
                               retVal.x = dep - retVal.y * 4095.;
                               retVal.x = (retVal.x + 0.5) / 4096.;
                               retVal.y = (retVal.y + 0.5) / 2.;
                               return retVal;
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add LUT 1D processing for ocio_lut1d_0
```

{

Code

Source

```
outColor.r = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                             ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.r)).r;
                                 outColor.g = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                             ocio lut1d 0 computePos(outColor.g)).r;
                                 outColor.b = texture(ocio_lut1d_0Sampler,
                             ocio_lut1d_0_computePos(outColor.b)).r;
                               }
                              // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.923707099704667, -0.20504593605401519,
                             -0.023285583594355674, 0., -0.79501788145104413, 1.4993613143502984,
                             -0.42677817014753039, 0., -0.12868921825362739, -0.29431537829627868,
                             1.4500637537418826, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
                             }
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                             {
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear CinemaGamut
                   lin_rec709 outColor.a);
D55
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.9237070997046672, -0.20504593605401522,
                             -0.023285583594355678, 0., -0.7950178814510509, 1.4993613143503051,
                             -0.42677817014753106, 0., -0.12868921825362856, -0.2943153782962793,
                             1.4500637537418875, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
Linear V-Gamut
                   lin_rec709
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
```

Code

Source

Target

```
Code
     Source
                    Target
                                vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                            outColor.a);
                                vec4 tmp = res;
                                res = mat4(1.8065758837249319, -0.17009034310239998,
                            -0.025205784016640309, 0., -0.69569727408369775, 1.3059552160953665,
                            -0.154468329360574, 0., -0.11087860964123719, -0.13586487299296368,
                            1.1796741133772104, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                               outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                               outColor.a = res.w;
                            }
                            return outColor;
V-Log V-Gamut
                  lin rec709
                            // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                            vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                              vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                             // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                             {
                               vec3 log_break = vec3(0.180999666, 0.180999666);
                                vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.124999568, 0.124999568,
                            0.124999568);
                                vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.17857109, 0.17857109,
                            0.17857109);
                                vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(1., 1., 1.);
                                vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(4.1405468, 4.1405468, 4.1405468);
                               vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                               vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.5982060000000000, 0.59820600000000002,
                            0.598206000000000002);
                               vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                            linear_segment_slopeinv;
                               vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                               logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                               logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                            isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                             }
                              // Add Matrix processing
                                vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                            outColor.a);
                               vec4 tmp = res;
                                res = mat4(1.8065758837249319, -0.17009034310239998,
                            -0.025205784016640309, 0., -0.69569727408369775, 1.3059552160953665,
                            -0.154468329360574, 0., -0.11087860964123719, -0.13586487299296368,
                            1.1796741133772104, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
                             }
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                             {
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                               {
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear
                   lin rec709
                             outColor.a);
REDWideGamutRGB
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.9819760179564536, -0.17814318205504703,
                             -0.10179596596933896, 0., -0.90043183664045945, 1.5004683579162101,
                             -0.53526345921182183, 0., -0.081544181316000275, -0.32232517586115994,
                             1.6370594251811619, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
Log3G10
                   lin rec709
REDWideGamutRGB
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                             {
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                               {
                                 vec3 log_break = vec3(0., 0., 0.);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.15192689, 0.15192689,
                             0.15192689);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.0658211336, 0.0658211336,
                             0.0658211336);
                                 vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.00641127024, 0.00641127024,
                             0.00641127024);
                                 vec3 lin_offset = vec3(2.5597532699999999, 2.5597532699999999,
                             2.5597532699999999);
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(4.45867252, 4.45867252, 4.45867252);
                                 vec3 log base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0., 0., 0.);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                  vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                             linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
```

```
Source
                                                               Code
                     Target
                                  outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.9819760179564536, -0.17814318205504703,
                              -0.10179596596933896, 0., -0.90043183664045945, 1.5004683579162101,
                              -0.53526345921182183, 0., -0.081544181316000275, -0.32232517586115994,
                              1.6370594251811619, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear S-Gamut3
                   lin rec709 outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.8778156775191697, -0.17747979963189922,
                              -0.02590143482982572, 0., -0.79127608338063604, 1.353784194250401,
                              -0.15358565720579506, 0., -0.08653959413854162, -0.17630439461849309,
                              1.1794870920356171, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                              return outColor;
                             }
Linear S-Gamut3.Cine lin_rec709
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                  res = mat4(1.6268564003175596, -0.17910943044878672,
                              -0.04416647789499864, 0., -0.53698863655119955, 1.4208630414432488,
                              -0.20151920061693746, 0., -0.089867763766365294, -0.24175361099445791,
                              1.2456856785119332, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear Venice S-
                    lin rec709 outColor.a);
Gamut3
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.9901688195570184, -0.19613579460920139,
                              -0.036624086206908393, 0., -0.95155154150408217, 1.3917665273557032,
                              -0.14443018284830009, 0., -0.038617278052939241, -0.19563073274649856,
                              1.1810542690551991, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                              return outColor;
                             }
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
Linear Venice S-
                    lin rec709 outColor.a);
Gamut3.Cine
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.725635767457687, -0.19552629878430919,
                              -0.053585711071423188, 0., -0.6911374056917291, 1.4589135591606734,
                              -0.19353475807298104, 0., -0.03449836176596871, -0.26338726037635629,
                              1.247120469144404, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                               return outColor;
```

}

```
// Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                                 vec3 log_break = vec3(0.167360976, 0.167360976, 0.167360976);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0928641111, 0.0928641111,
                             0.0928641111);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.151013061, 0.151013061,
                             0.151013061);
                                 vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.189999998, 0.189999998, 0.189999998);
                                 vec3 lin_offset = vec3(0.052631578947368397, 0.052631578947368397,
                             0.052631578947368397);
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(3.91204596, 3.91204596, 3.91204596);
                                 vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.410557184750733, 0.410557184750733,
                             0.410557184750733);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                  vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
S-Log3 S-Gamut3
                   lin rec709
                             linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                  logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                 outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.8778156775191697, -0.17747979963189922,
                             -0.02590143482982572, 0., -0.79127608338063604, 1.353784194250401,
                             -0.15358565720579506, 0., -0.08653959413854162, -0.17630439461849309,
                             1.1794870920356171, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                             return outColor;
                             }
S-Log3 S-
                   lin rec709
Gamut3.Cine
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                               {
                                  vec3 log_break = vec3(0.167360976, 0.167360976, 0.167360976);
                                  vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0928641111, 0.0928641111,
                              0.0928641111);
                                  vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.151013061, 0.151013061,
                              0.151013061);
                                  vec3 lin slopeinv = vec3(0.189999998, 0.189999998, 0.189999998);
                                  vec3 lin_offset = vec3(0.052631578947368397, 0.052631578947368397,
                              0.052631578947368397);
                                  vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(3.91204596, 3.91204596, 3.91204596);
                                 vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                  vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.410557184750733, 0.410557184750733,
                              0.410557184750733);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                  vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                             linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                  outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                              isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                              outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.6268564003175596, -0.17910943044878672,
                              -0.04416647789499864, 0., -0.53698863655119955, 1.4208630414432488,
                              -0.20151920061693746, 0., -0.089867763766365294, -0.24175361099445791,
                              1.2456856785119332, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                              }
                               return outColor;
                             }
S-Log3 Venice S-
                   lin rec709
Gamut3
                              // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                              vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                               {
                                  vec3 log_break = vec3(0.167360976, 0.167360976, 0.167360976);
                                  vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0928641111, 0.0928641111,
                              0.0928641111);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.151013061, 0.151013061,
                              0.151013061);
                                  vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.189999998, 0.189999998, 0.189999998);
                                  vec3 lin_offset = vec3(0.052631578947368397, 0.052631578947368397,
                              0.052631578947368397);
```

```
Code
     Source
                    Target
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(3.91204596, 3.91204596, 3.91204596);
                                 vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.410557184750733, 0.410557184750733,
                             0.410557184750733);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                 vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                             linear segment slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
                                 logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                 outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               }
                               // Add Matrix processing
                               {
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                 res = mat4(1.9901688195570184, -0.19613579460920139,
                             -0.036624086206908393, 0., -0.9515515415040825, 1.3917665273557032,
                             -0.14443018284830009, 0., -0.038617278052943071, -0.19563073274649953,
                             1.1810542690552106, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                               return outColor;
                             }
S-Log3 Venice S-
                   lin rec709
Gamut3.Cine
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Log 'Camera Log to Lin' processing
                               {
                                 vec3 log_break = vec3(0.167360976, 0.167360976, 0.167360976);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_offset = vec3(0.0928641111, 0.0928641111,
                             0.0928641111);
                                 vec3 linear_segment_slopeinv = vec3(0.151013061, 0.151013061,
                             0.151013061);
                                 vec3 lin_slopeinv = vec3(0.189999998, 0.189999998);
                                 vec3 lin_offset = vec3(0.052631578947368397, 0.052631578947368397,
                             0.052631578947368397);
                                 vec3 log_slopeinv = vec3(3.91204596, 3.91204596, 3.91204596);
                                 vec3 log_base = vec3(10., 10., 10.);
                                 vec3 log_offset = vec3(0.410557184750733, 0.410557184750733,
                             0.410557184750733);
                                 vec3 isAboveBreak = vec3(greaterThan( outColor.rgb, log_break));
                                 vec3 linSeg = ( outColor.rgb - linear_segment_offset ) *
                             linear_segment_slopeinv;
                                 vec3 logSeg = (outColor.rgb - log_offset) * log_slopeinv;
                                 logSeg = pow(log_base, logSeg);
```

```
Code
      Source
                     Target
                                  logSeg = lin_slopeinv * (logSeg - lin_offset);
                                 outColor.rgb = isAboveBreak * logSeg + ( vec3(1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                               // Add Matrix processing
                                 vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b,
                             outColor.a);
                                 vec4 tmp = res;
                                  res = mat4(1.725635767457687, -0.19552629878430919,
                             -0.053585711071423188, 0., -0.6911374056917291, 1.4589135591606734,
                             -0.19353475807298104, 0., -0.03449836176596871, -0.26338726037635629,
                             1.247120469144404, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
                             }
                             // Declaration of the OCIO shader function
                             vec4 OCIOMain(vec4 inPixel)
                               vec4 outColor = inPixel;
                               // Add Gamma 'monCurveFwd' processing
                                 vec4 breakPnt = vec4(0.0810000002, 0.0810000002, 0.0810000002,
                             1.);
                                 vec4 slope = vec4(0.221543506, 0.221543506, 0.221543506, 1.);
                                 vec4 scale = vec4(0.909918129, 0.909918129, 0.909918129,
                             0.999998987);
Camera Rec.709
                   lin rec709
                                 vec4 offset = vec4(0.0900818929, 0.0900818929, 0.0900818929,
                             9.99998974e-07);
                                 vec4 gamma = vec4(2.22222233, 2.22222233, 2.22222233, 1.00000095);
                                 vec4 isAboveBreak = vec4(greaterThan( outColor, breakPnt));
                                 vec4 linSeg = outColor * slope;
                                  vec4 powSeg = pow( max( vec4(0., 0., 0., 0.), scale * outColor +
                             offset), gamma);
                                 vec4 res = isAboveBreak * powSeg + ( vec4(1., 1., 1., 1.) -
                             isAboveBreak ) * linSeg;
                                 outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
                                 outColor.a = res.w;
                             }
                             return outColor;
                             }
```

Integrating OCIO with MaterialX

The first thing of note is OCIO function signatures

- Currently all signatures transform 4 channel color inputs while MaterialX supports both 3 and 4 channel variants. This can be easily handled by adding pre and post conversion nodes, or by creating variant function signatures. The former is more robust and more in line with the proposed direction to have all OCIO transforms to be represented as graphs.
- The signature name is not unique. This can be handled as OCIO provides mechanism to override the function names using setFunctionName and setResourcePrefix.

Following the current MaterialX convention we use the signature notation:

mx_<sourceName>_to_<targetname>_<type> where type is either color3 or color4 for 3 or 4 channel variants.

We add in two new utilities:

- 1. createTransformName which will generate the unique function name
- 2. setShaderDescriptionParameters which overrides the function name but also adds a prefix to uniquely identify dependent resources.

These are then used in a new code generation variation called <code>generateShaderCode2()</code> which has additionally been modified to return the number of dependent texture resources, which can be queried from the shader descriptor via the <code>GpuShaderDesc.getTextures()</code> iterator.

```
In [ ]: def createTransformName(sourceSpace, targetSpace, typeName):
            transformFunctionName = "mx_" + mx.createValidName(sourceSpace) + "_to_" + targetSpace +
            return transformFunctionName
        def setShaderDescriptionParameters(shaderDesc, sourceSpace, targetSpace, typeName):
            transformFunctionName = createTransformName(sourceSpace, targetSpace, typeName)
            shaderDesc.setFunctionName(transformFunctionName)
            shaderDesc.setResourcePrefix(transformFunctionName)
        def generateShaderCode2(config, sourceColorSpace, destColorSpace, language):
            shaderCode = ''
            textureCount = 0
            if not config:
                return shaderCode, textureCount
            # Create a processor for a pair of colorspaces (namely to go to linear)
            processor = None
            try:
                processor = config.getProcessor(sourceColorSpace, destColorSpace)
            except:
                print('Failed to generated code for transform: %s -> %s' % (sourceColorSpace, destColorSpace)
                return shaderCode, textureCount
            if processor:
                gpuProcessor = processor.getDefaultGPUProcessor()
                if gpuProcessor:
                    shaderDesc = OCIO.GpuShaderDesc.CreateShaderDesc()
                    if shaderDesc:
                        try:
                             shaderDesc.setLanguage(language)
                            if shaderDesc.getLanguage() == language:
                                 setShaderDescriptionParameters(shaderDesc, sourceColorSpace, destColorSp
```

gpuProcessor.extractGpuShaderInfo(shaderDesc)

OCIO Resource Dependencies

Resource dependencies is a second major issue to examine.

In the example below we convert two different source color spaces.

One is "self-contained" in that there are no support functions being produced (ACES2065-1), while the second adds additional function and resources. Note that we maintain uniqueness of these additions by using setFunctionName and setResourcePrefix respectively.

Example 1: Self-contained

```
sourceColorSpace = 'ACES2065-1' # "acescg"
In [ ]:
         textureCount = 0
         code = ''
         code, textureCount = generateShaderCode2(builtinCfgC, sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, language
         if code:
             code = code.replace("// Declaration of the OCIO shader function\n",
                                   "// " + sourceColorSpace + " to " + targetColorSpace + " function. Textul
             code = '```c++\n' + code + '\n```'
             display_markdown(code, raw=True)
        // ACES2065-1 to lin rec709 function. Texture count: 0
        vec4 mx_ACES2065_1_to_lin_rec709_color4(vec4 inPixel)
         vec4 outColor = inPixel:
         // Add Matrix processing
          vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b, outColor.a);
          vec4 tmp = res;
          res = mat4(2.5216861867438798, -0.27647991422992202, -0.015378064966034201, 0., -1.1341309882397
        199, 1.37271908766826, -0.152975335867399, 0., -0.38755519850416398, -0.096239173438334005, 1.168353
        40083343, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
          outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
          outColor.a = res.w;
         }
         return outColor;
        }
```

Example 2: Secondary Dependencies

```
▼ Secondary Dependency Sample Code
// Declaration of all variables
uniform sampler2D mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0Sampler;
// Declaration of all helper methods
vec2 mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0_computePos(float f)
 float dep = clamp(f, 0.0, 1.0) * 4095.;
 vec2 retVal;
 retVal.y = float(int(dep / 4095.));
 retVal.x = dep - retVal.y * 4095.;
 retVal.x = (retVal.x + 0.5) / 4096.;
 retVal.y = (retVal.y + 0.5) / 2.;
 return retVal;
// ACEScc to lin_rec709 function. Texture count: 1
vec4 mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4(vec4 inPixel)
 vec4 outColor = inPixel;
// Add Range processing
  outColor.rgb = outColor.rgb * vec3(0.53763440860215062, 0.53763440860215062, 0.53763440860215062)
+ vec3(0.19354838709677422, 0.19354838709677422, 0.19354838709677422);
  outColor.rgb = max(vec3(0., 0., 0.), outColor.rgb);
  outColor.rgb = min(vec3(1., 1., 1.), outColor.rgb);
 }
// Add LUT 1D processing for mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0
  outColor.r = texture(mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0Sampler, mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut
1d_0_computePos(outColor.r)).r;
  outColor.g = texture(mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0Sampler, mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lu
t1d_0_computePos(outColor.g)).r;
  outColor.b = texture(mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lut1d_0Sampler, mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_lu
t1d_0_computePos(outColor.b)).r;
}
// Add Matrix processing
 {
```

```
vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b, outColor.a);
  vec4 tmp = res;
  res = mat4(0.69545224135745187, 0.044794563372037716, -0.0055258825581135443, 0., 0.140678696470
29416, 0.85967111845642163, 0.0040252103059786595, 0., 0.16386906217225405, 0.0955343181715404, 1.0
015006722521349, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
  outColor.a = res.w;
 // Add Range processing
  outColor.rgb = max(vec3(0., 0., 0.), outColor.rgb);
 // Add Matrix processing
  vec4 res = vec4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b, outColor.a);
  vec4 tmp = res;
  res = mat4(2.5216861867438798, -0.27647991422992202, -0.015378064966034201, 0., -1.1341309882397
199, 1.37271908766826, -0.152975335867399, 0., -0.38755519850416398, -0.096239173438334005, 1.168353
40083343, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
  outColor.rgb = vec3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
  outColor.a = res.w;
 }
 return outColor;
```

Issues With Texture Resources

From an integration point of view any introduction of texture lookups requires resource declarations in the code. (such as the uniform sampler2D mx_ACEScc_to_lin_rec709_color4_ocio_lut1d_0Sampler; sampler declaration).

 The only way to handle these is to have additional logic added for code insertion of color transforms, such that the shader function declarations and resources can be inserted into the code independently.
 The current MaterialX code generation logic does not otherwise support this using the "default color system".

Note: An experiment was attempted previously but does not align with the current proposal to have stand-alone node definitions. It was thus abandoned. (For those interested the full code with code changes can be found here)

2. From the point of view of creating node graphs, any implementation resource dependencies means it cannot be cleanly wrapped up into a self-contained node definition and implementation.

For now these can be "skipped" until such time as they are require, or the implementation changes to avoid using these.

Finding Transforms Using Texture Resources

We can re-iterate through all of the transforms of interest, and find these transforms using the following code.

Note that the code generation is not necessary but is written this way to

reuse the existing utility generateShaderCode2).

```
# Scan through all the color spaces on the configs to check for texture resource usage.
In [ ]: |
        testedSources = set()
        for c in configs:
            config = OCIO.Config.CreateFromBuiltinConfig(c)
            colorSpaces = config.getColorSpaces()
            for colorSpace in colorSpaces:
                colorSpaceName = colorSpace.getName()
                # Skip if the colorspace is already tested
                if colorSpaceName in testedSources:
                    continue
                testedSources.add(colorSpaceName)
                # Test for texture resource usage
                code, textureCount = generateShaderCode2(config, colorSpace.getName(), targetColorSpace,
                if textureCount:
                    print('- Transform "%s" to "%s" requires %d texture resources' % (colorSpace.getName
        - Transform "ACEScc" to "lin_rec709" requires 1 texture resources
        - Transform "ADX10" to "lin rec709" requires 1 texture resources
```

- Transform "ADX16" to "lin_rec709" requires 1 texture resources
- Transform "CanonLog3 CinemaGamut D55" to "lin_rec709" requires 1 texture resources

Target Language Support

At time of writing the target languages supported by OCIO and MaterialX differ. This includes non-core support such as MDL and current versions of OSL. Also as no logical operators are provided as with MaterialX, targets such as Vex which parses and maps MaterialX nodes as operators is not easy to do.

OCIO and MaterialX recently added in Metal language support. It is to be checked if there would be any issues with the additional struct wrappers required for this language as it is uncommon for MaterialX code generation to call into a struct function at the current time.

```
sourceColorSpace = "acescg"
In [ ]:
        language = OCIO.GpuLanguage.GPU_LANGUAGE_MSL_2_0
        code, textureCount = generateShaderCode2(builtinCfgC, sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, language
        if code:
            code = code.replace("// Declaration of the OCIO shader function\n", "// " + sourceColorSpace
            code = '```c++\n' + code + '\n```\n'
            md = '<details><summary>MSL struct usage</summary>\n\n' + code + '</details>'
            display_markdown(md, raw=True)
```

```
▼ MSL struct usage
// Declaration of class wrapper
struct mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4
mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4(
)
{
// acescg to lin_rec709 function
float4 mx_acescq_to_lin_rec709_color4(float4 inPixel)
 float4 outColor = inPixel;
 // Add Matrix processing
  float4 res = float4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b, outColor.a);
  float4 tmp = res;
  res = float4x4(1.7050509926579815, -0.1302564175070435, -0.024003356804618042, 0., -0.621792120657
00562, 1.1408047365754048, -0.1289689760649709, 0., -0.0832588720009797, -0.010548319068357653, 1.15
29723328695858, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
  outColor.rgb = float3(res.x, res.y, res.z);
  outColor.a = res.w;
 return outColor;
// Close class wrapper
};
float4 mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4(
 float4 inPixel)
 return mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4(
 ).mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4(inPixel);
```

Though OSL is listed in the C++ API, the option seems to be missing from the Python API. This seems to be an oversight as it is listed as available with OCIO version 2.1

With a local build with this option exposed there appears to be additional issues with the code generated as additional utility functions may be inserted which are not renamed to avoid collisions. For example functions called max(), pow() etc are added which are outside the scope of the main shader declaration as well as include additional include files.

As OSL integrations will generally perform color management outside of the shader, it is to be seen if this is important enough to address.

```
if OCIO.GpuLanguage.LANGUAGE_OSL_1:
    sourceColorSpace = "acescg"
    language = OCIO.GpuLanguage.LANGUAGE_OSL_1
    code, textureCount = generateShaderCode2(builtinCfgC, sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, lai
    if code:
        # Bit of ugly patching to make the main function name consistent.
        transformName = createTransformName(sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, 'color4')
        code = code.replace('OSL_' + transformName, '__temp_name__')
        code = code.replace('transformName, transformName + '_impl')
        code = code.replace('__temp_name__', transformName)
        code = code.replace("// Declaration of the OCIO shader function\n", "// " + sourceColorSpace = '``C++\n' + code + '\n```\n'
        md = '<details><summary>OSL dependent function / includes code</summary>\n\n' + code + '\display_markdown(md, raw=True)
```

```
▼ OSL dependent function / includes code
/* All the includes */
#include "vector4.h"
#include "color4.h"
/* All the generic helper methods */
vector4 __operator__mul__(matrix m, vector4 v)
 return vector4(v.x * m[0][0] + v.y * m[0][1] + v.z * m[0][2] + v.w * m[0][3],
           v.x * m[1][0] + v.y * m[1][1] + v.z * m[1][2] + v.w * m[1][3],
           v.x * m[2][0] + v.y * m[2][1] + v.z * m[2][2] + v.w * m[2][3],
           v.x * m[3][0] + v.y * m[3][1] + v.z * m[3][2] + v.w * m[3][3]);
}
vector4 __operator__mul__(color4 c, vector4 v)
 return vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a) * v;
}
vector4 __operator__mul__(vector4 v, color4 c)
{
 return v * vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a);
}
vector4 __operator__sub__(color4 c, vector4 v)
{
 return vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a) - v;
}
vector4 __operator__add__(vector4 v, color4 c)
{
 return v + vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a);
}
vector4 __operator__add__(color4 c, vector4 v)
 return vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a) + v;
}
vector4 pow(color4 c, vector4 v)
 return pow(vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a), v);
}
vector4 max(vector4 v, color4 c)
```

```
{
 return max(v, vector4(c.rgb.r, c.rgb.g, c.rgb.b, c.a));
/* The shader implementation */
shader mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4(color4 inColor = {color(0), 1}, output color4 outColor = {color(0), 1})
// acescg to lin_rec709 function
color4 mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4_impl(color4 inPixel)
 color4 outColor = inPixel;
// Add Matrix processing
  vector4 res = vector4(outColor.rgb.r, outColor.rgb.g, outColor.rgb.b, outColor.a);
  vector4 tmp = res;
  res = matrix(1.7050509926579815, -0.62179212065700562, -0.0832588720009797, 0., -0.13025641750704
35, 1.1408047365754048, -0.010548319068357653, 0., -0.024003356804618042, -0.1289689760649709, 1.152
9723328695858, 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.) * tmp;
  outColor.rgb = vector(res.x, res.y, res.z);
  outColor.a = res.w;
 }
 return outColor;
outColor = mx_acescq_to_lin_rec709_color4_impl(inColor);
}
```

Creating MaterialX Node Definitions / Implementation

Given source code for now, it is still possible to create implementations and node definitions. If in the future the implementations can become MaterialX node graphs then the definition interface can still be used.

To create a new definition:

- 1. The source and target color space is used to derive:
 - a transform name: using the previously described createTransformName() utility
 - a node name by replace the 'mx_' function name with the "standard" 'ND_' prefix used for definition
 - a node category
- 2. Use addNodeDef() API to add a new definition
- 3. Set node group to be colortransform which is the recommended group for new color transforms.

- 4. Add a single input and output of the appropriate type (color3 or color4).
- 5. Set a default value on the input. For this code we assume the defaul to be opaque black.

Thie logic is encapsulated in a new generateMaterialXDefinition() utility function.

```
In [ ]: def generateMaterialXDefinition(doc, sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, inputName, type):
            # Create a definition
            transformName = createTransformName(sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, type)
            nodeName = transformName.replace('mx_', 'ND_')
            comment = doc.addChildOfCategory('comment')
            comment.setDocString(' Color space %s to %s transform. Generated via OCIO. ' % (sourceColors)
            definition = doc.addNodeDef(nodeName, 'color4')
            category = sourceColorSpace + '_to_' + targetColorSpace
            definition.setNodeString(category)
            definition.setNodeGroup('colortransform')
            defaultValueString = '0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0'
            defaultValue = mx.createValueFromStrings(defaultValueString, 'color4')
            input = definition.addInput(inputName, type)
            input.setValue(defaultValue)
            output = definition.getOutput('out')
            output.setAttribute('default', 'in')
            return definition
```

Another utility called writeShaderCode() is used to write the code to file following the "standard" MaterialX naming convention.

```
In []: def writeShaderCode(code, transformName, extension, target):
    # Write source code file
    filename = mx.FilePath('./data') / mx.FilePath(transformName + '.' + extension)
    print('Write target[%s] source file %s' % (target, filename.asString()))
    f = open(filename.asString(), 'w')
    f.write(code)
    f.close()
```

The implementation creation logic is encapsulated in a createMaterialXImplementation() utility function which appends a new implementation to an existing Document.

The transform name is assumged to be precreated using <code>createTransformName()</code> .

This is used to create a unique implementation Element name, and source code filename. We decied to use a file on disk as it is not possible to inline 1 or more function functions created by OCIO.

The implementation is associated with an existing node definition which is passed in and a target is explicit set to indicate which shading language (target) the implementation is for.

Finally a small utility is added to write the document to disk.

```
In [ ]: def writeDocument(doc, filename):
    print('Write MaterialX file:', filename.asString())
    mx.writeToXmlFile(doc, filename)
```

Using these utilities we:

- Create separate definition and implementation Documents.
- Generate shader code for GLSL and MSL for the same color transform. OSL is also generated using

as a local OCIO build is used.

- Create a new definition for that transform
- Create a new implementation for each shader code result

```
In [ ]: # Example to create:
        # - source code for a given transform for 2 shader targets
        # - A definition wrapper for the source
        # - An implementations per source code. All implementations are associated with single definition
        definitionDoc = mx.createDocument()
        definition = None
        implDoc = mx.createDocument()
        sourceColorSpace = "acescg"
        type = 'color4'
        transformName = createTransformName(sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, type)
        # All code has the same input name
        # It is possible to use a different name than the name used in the generated function ('inPixel',
        #IN_PIXEL_STRING = 'inPixel'
        IN_PIXEL_STRING = 'in'
        # Pick a source and target color space
        sourceColorSpace = 'acescg'
        targetColorSpace = 'lin_rec709'
        # List of MaterialX target language, source code extensions, and OCIO GPU languages
        generationList = [['genmsl', 'metal', OCIO.GpuLanguage.GPU_LANGUAGE_MSL_2_0],
                           ['genglsl', 'glsl', OCIO.GpuLanguage.GPU_LANGUAGE_GLSL_4_0] ]
```

```
if OCIO.GpuLanguage.LANGUAGE_OSL_1:
    generationList.append(['genosl', 'osl', OCIO.GpuLanguage.LANGUAGE_OSL_1])
for gen in generationList:
   target = gen[0]
   extension = gen[1]
   language = gen[2]
   code, textureCount = generateShaderCode2(builtinCfgC, sourceColorSpace, targetColorSpace, la
   if code:
        # Emit the source code file
        writeShaderCode(code, transformName, extension, target)
        # Create the definition once
        if not definition:
            definition = generateMaterialXDefinition(definitionDoc, sourceColorSpace, targetColor
                                                    IN_PIXEL_STRING, type)
        # Create the implementation
        createMaterialXImplementation(implDoc, definition, transformName, extension, target)
```

Write target[genms1] source file .\data\mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.metal
Write target[gengls1] source file .\data\mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.gls1
Write target[genos1] source file .\data\mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.os1

The resulting MaterialX wrappers are then written to disk as follows:

```
In []: # Write the definition document
    filename = mx.FilePath('./data') / mx.FilePath(definition.getName() + '.' + 'mtlx')
    print('Write MaterialX definition file:', filename.asString())
    mx.writeToXmlFile(definitionDoc, filename)

# Write the implementation document
    implFileName = mx.FilePath('./data') / mx.FilePath('IM_' + transformName + '.' + 'mtlx')
    print('Write MaterialX implementation file:', implFileName.asString())
    result = mx.writeToXmlFile(implDoc, implFileName)

# Emit the results for display
    result = mx.writeToXmlString(definitionDoc)
    display_markdown('#### Generated MaterialX Definition\n' + '```xml\n' + result + '```\n', raw=Transesult = mx.writeToXmlString(implDoc)
    display_markdown('#### Generated MaterialX Implementations\n' + '```xml\n' + result + '```\n', raw=Transesult = mx.writeToXmlString(implDoc)
    display_markdown('#### Generated MaterialX Implementations\n' + '```xml\n' + result + '```\n', raw=Transesult = mx.writeToXmlString(implDoc)
```

Write MaterialX definition file: .\data\ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.mtlx
Write MaterialX implementation file: .\data\IM_mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.mtlx

Generated MaterialX Definition

Generated MaterialX Implementations

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<materialx version="1.38">
<!-- Color space acescg to lin_rec709 transform. Generated via OCIO for target: genmsl-->
<implementation name="IM_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4_genmsl" file="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.m"
etal" function="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" target="genmsl" nodedef="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4"
/>
<!-- Color space acescg to lin_rec709 transform. Generated via OCIO for target: genglsl-->
<implementation name="IM_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4_genglsl" file="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.gls"
l" function="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" target="genglsl" nodedef="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" /
>
<!-- Color space acescg to lin_rec709 transform. Generated via OCIO for target: genosl-->
<implementation name="IM_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4_genosl" file="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4.os"
l" function="mx_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" target="genosl" nodedef="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" /
>
```

Variant Creation

Given a node definition for the color4 variant is is possible to create a functional graph and corresponding definition for a color3 variant. The graph simple convertes from color3 to color4 before connecting to the transform and then converts back to color3 for output.

```
In [ ]:
        color4Name = definition.getName()
        color3Name = color4Name.replace('color4', 'color3')
        color3Def = definitionDoc.addNodeDef(color3Name)
        color3Def.copyContentFrom(definition)
        c3input = color3Def.getInput(IN_PIXEL_STRING)
        c3input.setType('color3')
        c3input.setValue(mx.createValueFromStrings('0.0 0.0 0.0', 'color3'))
        ngName = color3Def.getName().replace('ND_', 'NG_')
        ng = definitionDoc.addNodeGraph(ngName)
        c4instance = ng.addNodeInstance(definition)
        c4instance.addInputsFromNodeDef()
        c4instanceIn = c4instance.getInput(IN_PIXEL_STRING)
        c3to4 = ng.addNode('convert', 'c3to4', 'color4')
        c3to4Input = c3to4.addInput('in', 'color3')
        c4to3 = ng.addNode('convert', 'c4to3', 'color3')
        c4to3Input = c4to3.addInput('in', 'color4')
        ngout = ng.addOutput('out', 'color3')
        #ngin = ng.addInput('in', 'color3')
        ng.setNodeDef(color3Def)
        c4instanceIn.setNodeName(c3to4.getName())
        c4to3Input.setNodeName(c4instance.getName())
        ngout.setNodeName(c4to3.getName())
        c3to4Input.setInterfaceName(IN_PIXEL_STRING)
        result = mx.writeToXmlString(definitionDoc)
        display_markdown('#### Generated Color3 Variant\n' + '```xml\n' + result + '```\n', raw=True)
        valid, log = definitionDoc.validate()
```

```
if not valid:
    print('Document created is invalid:', log)

filename = mx.FilePath('./data') / mx.FilePath(definition.getName() + '_2.' + 'mtlx')
print('Write MaterialX definition variant file:', filename.asString())
mx.writeToXmlFile(definitionDoc, filename)
```

Generated Color3 Variant

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<materialx version="1.38">
 <!-- Color space acescq to lin_rec709 transform. Generated via OCIO. -->
 <nodedef name="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4" node="acescg_to_lin_rec709" nodegroup="colortransfo
rm">
  <output name="out" type="color4" default="in" />
  <input name="in" type="color4" value="0, 0, 0, 1" />
 </nodedef>
 <nodedef name="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color3" node="acescg_to_lin_rec709" nodegroup="colortransfo
rm">
  <output name="out" type="color3" />
  <input name="in" type="color3" value="0, 0, 0" />
 </nodedef>
 <nodegraph name="NG_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color3" nodedef="ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color3">
  <acescg to lin rec709 name="node1" type="color4" nodedef="ND acescg to lin rec709 color4">
   <input name="in" type="color4" value="0, 0, 0, 1" nodename="c3to4" />
  </acescg to lin rec709>
  <convert name="c3to4" type="color4">
   <input name="in" type="color3" interfacename="in" />
  </convert>
  <convert name="c4to3" type="color3">
   <input name="in" type="color4" nodename="node1" />
  </convert>
  <output name="out" type="color3" nodename="c4to3" />
 </nodegraph>
</materialx>
Write MaterialX definition variant file: .\data\ND_acescg_to_lin_rec709_color4_2.mtlx
```

MaterialX Standard Library Inclusion

It is possible to add a new color space transform to the "standard" MaterialX library locations. This can be done for local testing for in some cases when additional search paths are not supported.

Introduced with version **1.38.7**, the location of definitions and implementations can be found in the cmlib folder under the installation libraries location. Note that target specific source file directories were removed as all implementations are now target independent node graphs.

To include source file implementations the appropriate target folders can be added in. Under that folder an implementation file can be added for each target along with associated source files. The new definition can be added to `cmlib_defs.mtlx.

See the Creating Definitions book for more on how set up new definitions.

The standard library folder structure is partially shown below. The bolded items would be the ones of interest. The stdlib folder is also shown to show how each folder follows the same naming and hierarchy conventions.

- cmlib // Color space transform library
 - cmlib_defs.mtlx // definitions file
 - cmlib_ng.mtlx // functional node graphs file
 - genglsl // GLSL implementation folder
 - o cmlib_genglsl_impl.mtlx // Implementation declarations
 - GLSL files reside here
 - **genmsl** // MSL implementation folder
 - **cmlib_genmsl_impl.mtlx** // Implementation declarations
 - MSL files reside here
- stdlib // "Standard" node library
 - genglsl
 - stdlib_genglsl_impl.mtlx
 - genmdl
 - genmsl
 - stdlib_genmsl_impl.mtlx
 - genosl
 - targets

Future Exploration

As mentioned the notion of representing OCIO shader logic as MaterialX nodes is still under discussion. There are thoughts to try and export each lower level functional "block" as a reusable functions with the appripriate argument values, hence allowing for a custom OCIO code generator to emit a new MaterialX node for each function.

At time of writing the ASWF OCIO techincal steering committee (TSC) additionally has on it's roadmap to reduce the size of OCIO and consider how it could be deployed in a Web or mobile environment. Here it is possible to consider both a source code or a node graph based option. The latter could fit in with the interest to transport some subset of MaterialX via formats such as gltf.