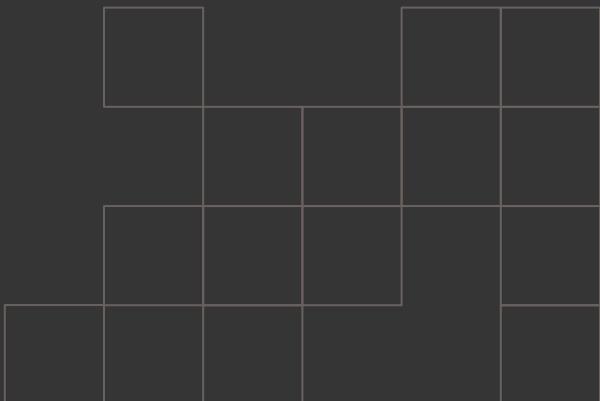


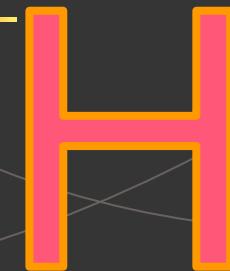
HKT 간단히 알아보기



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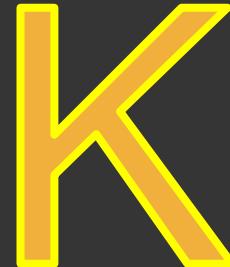
그게 뭔가?



H

Higher

고차
타입 생성자를 받는 타입 생성자나
타입을 받는 타입 생성자 생성자
타입 생성자를 받는 타입 생성자 생성자
등...

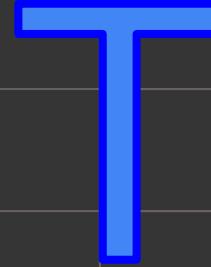


K

Kinded

Kind = 카인드

타입의 종류
Array는 $* \rightarrow *$ (타입 생성자)
Array<number>는 $*$ (구체적 타입)



T

Type

타입

값의 종류

예를 들어 42는 number
“42”는 string

Kind

Higher Kinded Type의 Kind
타입의 종류

*

$* \rightarrow *$

$(*, *) \rightarrow *$

$* \rightarrow * \rightarrow *$

$(* \rightarrow *) \rightarrow *$

구체적인 타입

string
number
Array<string>
등...

타입 생성자

Array
Promise
등...

인자가 두 개인
타입 생성자, 커링

Map, Record 등

고차 타입

?????????????????

Higher?

Higher Order Function 고차 함수

number

구체적인 값

“42”
42
[“42”, “ft”]

등…

(a: number) => number

함수

(a: number) => a + 2
(a: number) => a * 2

등…

(a: A, b: B) => C

인자가 여러개인 함수

(a: A, b: B) => a[b]

등…

(a: A) => (b: B) => C

고차 함수!

함수를 인자로 받는 함수
함수를 리턴하는 함수
= 고차함수

HKT?

Higher Kinded Type

= Type with Higher Kind

= 고차 kind인 타입

= 타입인데, 그 kind가 고차



타입스크립트는
HKT를
직접 지원하지 않습니다.

```
type Transform<T, Map> = Map<T>;  
type Eq<X, Y> = CurriedEq<X><Y>;
```

HKT를 “직접” 지원하지 않습니다.

```
interface HKT {  
    input: unknown;  
    output: unknown;  
}  
  
interface ToArrayHKT extends HKT {  
    output: Array<this['input']>;  
}  
  
type Transform<T, K extends HKT> = { input: T } & K['output'];  
  
type Result = Transform<42, ToArrayHKT>;  
// ^? type Result = 42[]
```

```
interface HKT {  
    input: unknown;  
    output: unknown;  
}
```

```
interface ToArrayHKT extends HKT {  
    output: Array<this['input']>;  
}
```

```
type Transform<T, K extends HKT> = ({ input: T } & K)['output'];  
  
type Result = Transform<42, ToArrayHKT>;  
// ^? type Result = 42[]
```

어떻게 쓰나?



HKT 인코딩을 위한 interface 만들기

```
1
2  interface MyHKT {
3      a: unknown;
4      b: unknown;
5      c: string;
6      output: number;
7  }
8  // type MyHKTImpl<A, B, C extends string> = ...
9
10
```

HKT 인코딩하기

```
8 // type MyHKTImpl<A, B, C extends string> = ...
9
10 interface MyHKTImpl extends MyHKT {
11     |     output: MyHKTImplImpl<this['a'], this['b'], this['c']>;
12 }
13
```

```
16  
17  
18 type CallMyHKT<HKT extends MyHKT, A, B, C extends string>  
19     = ({ a: A, b: B, c: C } & HKT)['output'];  
20  
21  
22 type X = CallMyHKT<MyHKTImpl, number, 42, "ft">;  
23 //   ^? type X = 1 & { __extra: "ft"; }  
24 //       = MyHKTImplImpl<number, 42, "ft">  
25  
26 type Y = CallMyHKT<MyHKTImpl, "42", string, "test">;  
27 //   ^? type Y = 1 & { __extra: "test"; }  
28 //       = MyHKTImplImpl<"42", string, "test">  
29  
30 type Z = CallMyHKT<MyHKTImpl, boolean, number, string>;  
31 //   ^? type Z = 0 & { __extra: string; }  
32 //       = MyHKTImplImpl<boolean, number, string>;  
33
```

그래서 그게 도대체 왜 필요한가?

1. 함수형 프로그래밍

Functor, Monad, map, flatMap이나
composeK, chain, sequence, traverse 등등…

타입마다 비슷한 타입을 매번 만들지 않으려면 필요

2. type-safe eDSL 커스텀 연산

예를 들면…

type-safe eDSL validation이 있는 경우
타입마다 validator를 별도로 만들어야 함

커스텀 타입 지원을 추가하려면
커스텀 타입의 validator를 인자로 받아야 함

그런데 여기서 validator가 타입 생성자

```
1
2
3 type Merge2<A extends object, B extends object> = A & B;
4 type Merge<T extends object[], R extends object = {}> =
5     0 extends T['length'] ? R :
6         T extends [infer First extends object, ...infer Rest extends object[]]
7             ? Merge<Rest, Merge2<R, First>>
8             : R
9
10 type Join2<A extends string, B extends string> = `${A}, ${B}`;
11 type Join<T extends string[], R extends string = ""> =
12     0 extends T['length'] ? R :
13         T extends [infer First extends string, ...infer Rest extends string[]]
14             ? Join<Rest, Join2<R, First>>
15             : R
16
17
18 // 이상하다...? 중복이 많은 것 같은데?
19
```

```
1
2 interface FoldHKT<T> {
3     acc: T;
4     curr: T;
5     type: T;
6 }
7 type ArrayFold<T, V extends T[], HKT extends FoldHKT<T>, Init extends T>
8 = V extends [infer F extends T, ...infer R extends T[]]
9     ? ArrayFold<T, R, HKT, ({ acc: Init, curr: F } & HKT)['type']>
10    : Init;
11
12 interface Merge2K extends FoldHKT<object> {
13     type: this['acc'] & this['curr'];
14 }
15 interface Join2K<Sep extends string> extends FoldHKT<string> {
16     type: `${this['acc']} ${Sep} ${this['curr']}`;
17 }
18
```

```
22
23 type Merge<T extends object[]> = // prettify
24   ArrayFold<object, T, Merge2K, {}> extends
25     infer I ? { [K in keyof I]: I[K] } : never;
26
27 type ObjList = [{ a: 1 }, { b: 2 }, { c: 3 }];
28 type Merged = Merge<ObjList>;
29 //  ^? type Merged = { a: 1; b: 2; c: 3; }
30
31 type Join<T extends string[], Sep extends string = ', '> =
32   ArrayFold<string, T, Join2K<Sep>, ''> extends
33   `${Sep}${infer I}` ? I : ""; // remove leading sep
34
35 type Names = ['x', 'y', 'z'];
36 type Joined = Join<Names>;
37 //  ^? type Joined = "x, y, z"
38
```

```
94
95  type TypeMap = {
96    "INT": number;
97    "STRING": string;
98  };
99
100 type FunctionMap = {
101   intToString: {
102     inputAutocomplete: ["INT"];
103     outputHKT: IntToStringGetOutputHKT;
104   }
105 };
106
107 interface IntToStringGetOutputHKT extends GetOutputHKT {
108   output: this['input'] extends ["INT"] ? Ok<"STRING"> : Err<'intToString accepts [INT], got ['$Join'>]
109 }
110
111 type Fail = CallFunctionResult<TypeMap, FunctionMap, "intToString", []>;
112 //  ^? type Fail = Err<"intToString accepts [INT],...
113
114 type Pass = CallFunctionResult<TypeMap, FunctionMap, "intToString", ["INT"]>;
115 //  ^? type Pass = Ok<"STRING">
116
117
```

주의사항

```

45 export type Pipe2<
46   T,
47   From extends T,
48   X extends Transformer<From, unknown>,
49   Y extends Transformer<X["to"], unknown>
50 > = Transform<
51   X["to"],
52   Y["to"],
53   Y,
54   Transform<T, X["to"], X, From>
55 >;
56
57 type Test1 = Pipe2<
58   string,
59   "Hello",
60   TupleLengthOf<string, 3>,
61 // Type 'TupleLengthOf<string, 3>' does not satisfy ti
62   ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>
63 >;
64 type Test2 = Pipe2<
65   string,
66   "Hello",
67   TupleLengthOf<"Hello", 3>,
68   ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>
69 // Type 'ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>' does n
70 >;
71

```

Pipe, Compose 등
유ти을 못 쓸 수도 있음

```

1  type Test = number[] & [1, 2, 3];
2
3
4
5  type Length = Test['length'];
6  // ^? type Length = 3
7
8  type X = Test[0];
9  // ^? type X = 1
10
11
12  type First = Test extends
13  // ^? type First = 3 | 1 | 2
14  | infer I, ...infer _ ] ? I : never;
15
16  type Rest = Test extends
17  // ^? type Rest = unknown[]
18  | infer _, ...infer I ] ? I : never;
19
20
21  type What = Test extends
22  // ^? type What = 1
23  | infer I, ...unknown[] ] ? I : never;
24

1  export interface Transformer<From, To> {
2   from: From;
3   to: To;
4 }
5
6
7  export interface Join
8   extends Transformer<number[], string> {
9   to: JoinRaw<this['from']>;
10 }
11
12  export type JoinRaw<
13   T extends number[],
14   Acc extends string = never
15 > = T extends [
16   infer First extends number,
17   ...infer Rest extends number[]
18 ] ? JoinRaw<
19   Rest,
20   [Acc] extends [never]
21   ? `${First}`
22   : `${Acc}, ${First}`
23 > : [Acc] extends [never] ? "" : Acc;
24
25  type Result = Join & { from: [1, 2, 3 ] }['to'];
26 // ^? type Result = "1" | "3" | "2"
27

```

(배열 & 튜플) + infer = ???

결과가 이상해질 수 있음

```
1  export type InvokeHKT<
2    OutputFieldName extends string,
3    OutputType,
4    KindBase extends Record<OutputFieldName, OutputType>,
5    Kind extends KindBase,
6    Input extends Omit<KindBase, OutputFieldName>
7  > = (Kind & Input)[OutputFieldName];
8
9
10 export interface Transformer<From, To> {
11   from: From;
12   to: To;
13 }
14
15 export interface DoubleString extends Transformer<string, string> {
16   to: `${this["from"]}${this["from"]}`;
17 }
18
19 export type Transform<
20   From,
21   To,
22   K extends Transformer<From, To>,
23   Value extends From
24 > = InvokeHKT<"to", To, Transformer<From, To>, K, { from: Value }>;
25
26 type Test4 = Transform<string, string, DoubleString, Transform<string, string, DoubleString, "test">>;
27 // ^? type Test4 = "testtesttesttest"
28
29
30
```

```
19 export type Transform<
20   From,
21   To,
22   K extends Transformer<From, To>,
23   Value extends From
24 > = InvokeHKT<"to", To, Transformer<From, To>, K, { from: Value }>;
25
26 export interface ArrayMap<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>> extends Transformer<From[], To[]> {
27   to: ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K, this['from']>;
28 }
29
30 export type ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>, Arr extends From[][], Acc extends To[] = []>
31   = Arr extends [infer First extends From, ...infer Rest extends From[]]
32     ? ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K, Rest, [...Acc, Transform<From, To, K, First>]>
33     : Acc;
34
35
36 type Test = ["A", "B"];
37
38
39 type Ordinary = ArrayMapRaw<string, string, DoubleString, Test>;
40 //  ^? type Ordinary = ["AA", "BB"]
41
42 type Strange = Transform<string[], string[], ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>, Test>;
43 //  ^? type Strange = ["AA" | "BB" | "AB" | "BA"]
44
45
46 type Why = ArrayMapRaw<string, string, DoubleString, string[] & Test>;
47 //  ^? type Why = ["AA" | "BB" | "AB" | "BA"]
```

```
18
19 export type Transform<
20   From,
21   To,
22   K extends Transformer<From, To>,
23   Value extends From
24 > = InvokeHKT<"to", To, Transformer<From, To>, K, { from: Value }>;
25
26 export interface ArrayMap<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>> extends Transformer<From[], To[]> {
27   to: ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K, this['from']>;
28 }
29
30 export type ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>, Arr extends From[][], Acc extends To[] = []> =
31   Arr extends [infer First extends From, ...infer Rest extends From[]]
32     ? ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K, Rest, [...Acc, Transform<From, To, K, First>]>
33     : Acc;
34
35 export interface ToTupleLengthOf<T, Length extends number> extends Transformer<T, T[]> {
36   to: ToTupleLengthRaw<T, Length, this['from']>;
37 }
38
39 export type ToTupleLengthRaw<T, Length extends number, V extends T, Acc extends T[] = []> =
40   Acc['length'] extends Length ? Acc : ToTupleLengthRaw<T, Length, V, [...Acc, V]>;
41
42 export type Pipe2<T, From extends T, X extends Transformer<T, unknown>, Y extends Transformer<X['to'], unknown>> =
43   Transform<X['to'], Y['to'], Y, Transform<T, X['to'], X, From>>;
44
45 type Test = Pipe2<string, "Hello", ToTupleLengthOf<string, 3>, ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>>;
46 // Type 'ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>' does not satisfy the constraint 'Transformer<[string, string, strin
47
```

해결 방법

```

3  export interface Transformer<From, To> {
4    from: From;
5    to: To;
6  }
7
8  export interface Join extends Transformer<string[], string> {
9    to: JoinRaw<this extends Record<'from_raw', infer I extends string[]> ? I : never>;
10 }
11
12 export type JoinRaw<Input extends string[]>
13   = Input extends [infer First extends string, ...infer Rest extends string[]]
14     ? JoinRawInternal<Rest, First>
15     : '';
16 type JoinRawInternal<Input extends string[]>, Acc extends string>
17   = Input extends [infer First extends string, ...infer Rest extends string[]]
18     ? JoinRawInternal<Rest, ${Acc}, ${First}>
19     : Acc;
20
21
22 type Transform<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>, Value extends From>
23   = (K & { from_raw: Value })['to'];
24
25
26 type Result = Transform<string[], string, Join, ["Hello", "world!"]>;
27 // ^? type Result = "Hello, world!"
```

input은 타입 검사용, 실제 타입은 input_raw에

-> (배열 & 튜플) infer 문제로 인한 이상한 결과 방지

```

25  export interface Join extends Transformer<string[], string> {
26    to: this extends Record<'from_raw', unknown>
27      ? JoinRaw<this extends Record<'from_raw', infer I extends string[]> ? I : never>
28      : string;
29  }
30  export interface DoubleString extends Transformer<string, string> {
31    to: this extends Record<'from_raw', infer I extends string> ? ${I}${I}` : string;
32  }
33  export interface ArrayMap<From, To, K extends Transformer<From, To>>
34    extends Transformer<From[], To[]> {
35    to: this extends Record<'from_raw', infer I extends From[]>
36      ? ArrayMapRaw<From, To, K, I>
37      : To[];
38  }
39
40  export type Pipe2<
41    Type,
42    Value extends Type,
43    K1 extends Transformer<Type, unknown>,
44    K2 extends Transformer<K1['to'], unknown>
45  > = Transform<K1['to'], K2['to'], K2, Transform<Type, K1['to'], K1, Value>>;
46
47  type R = Pipe2<string[], ["Hello", "world!"], ArrayMap<string, string, DoubleString>, Join>;
48 // ^? type R = "HelloHello, world!world!"
```

input_raw가 없으면 output을 그대로

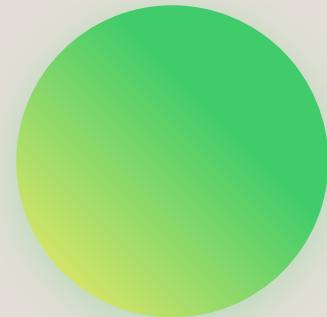
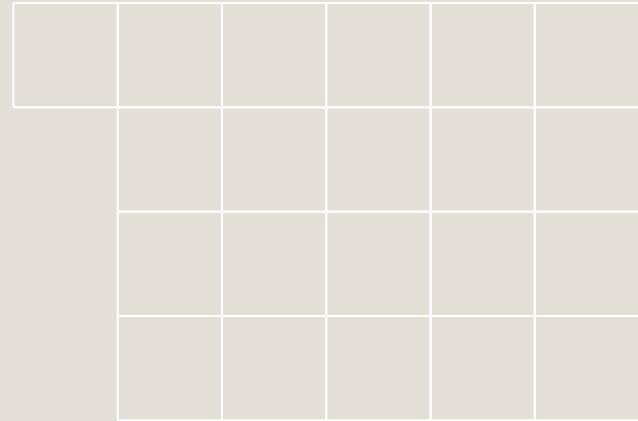
호출할 때에만 output 계산 (호출 시에만 input_raw 있음)
그 외에는 output을 타입 검사용으로 그대로 두기

-> Pipe, Compose같은 유ти 사용 가능

결론

고급 타입을 다루다보면
HKT가 필요할 때가 있는데,

간단합니다! 꼭 써 보세요!



참고

함수형 프로그래밍이나 HKT에 대해 더 깊게 알아보고 싶으시다면…?
참고로 보면 좋을 라이브러리들!

fp-ts

함수형 프로그래밍을 위한 라이브러리
타입 클래스 기반 고급 추상화 제공

effect

fp-ts를 확장한 프레임워크
비동기 처리나 자원 관리 등을 다루기 좋음

hotscript

HKT를 활용한 다양한 연산 등을 제공

hkt-core

HKT의 핵심 기능을 간단하게 구현

hktui

제가 만든 라이브러리

(아름마정)

TSBM Studio 2기에서 만들 라이브러리
문档부

감사합니다

다음 TSBM Studio 2기에서 HKT를 활용하는
재밌는 프로젝트를 진행할 예정입니다

많관부!

질의응답