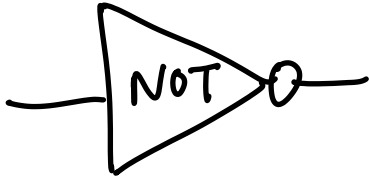


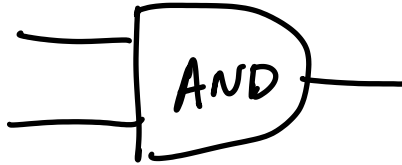
# CIRCUITS

$\text{NOT } x = 1$  iff:  
 $x = 0$



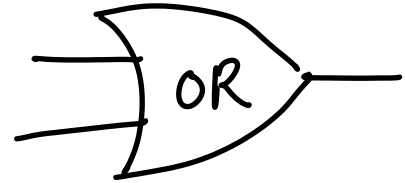
x	NOT x
0	1
1	0

$x \text{ AND } y = 1$  iff:  
 $x, y$  both 1



x	y	x AND y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$x \text{ OR } y = 1$  iff:  
at least one of  $x, y = 1$



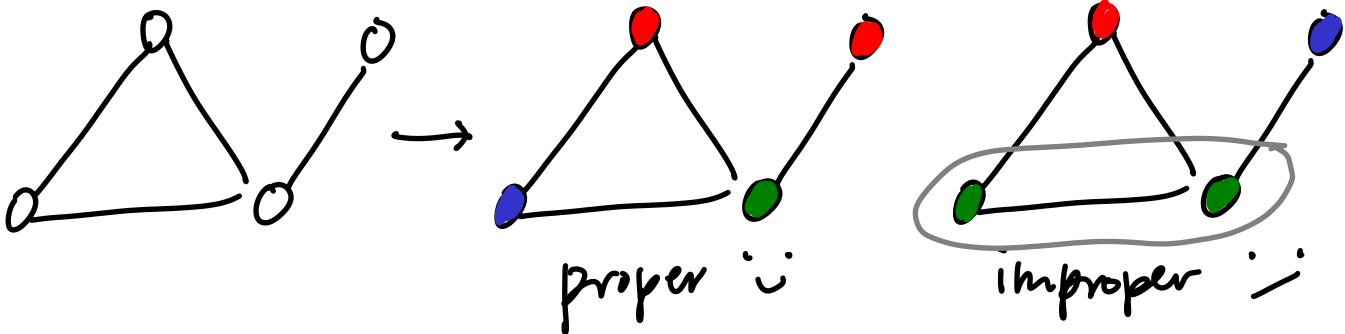
x	y	x OR y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

# GRAPH 3-COLORINGS

Coloring: a map  
 $\kappa: \text{vertices} \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2\}$

$\kappa$  is proper iff:

$\forall \text{ neighbors } (u, v), \kappa(u) \neq \kappa(v).$

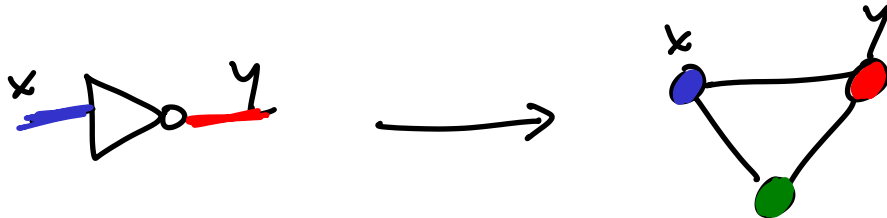
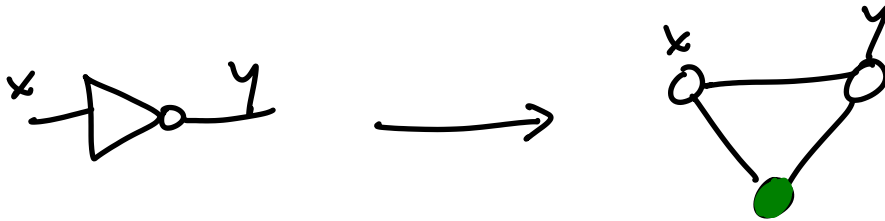


## QUESTION .

Can we emulate circuits  
using graph colorings?

# EXAMPLE: NOT gate.

● = 0    ● = 1    (● is a "helper" color)



(aside:  $\Delta$  always  $\geq 1$ )

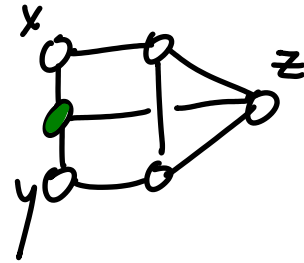
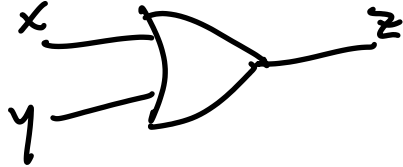
todo State

goal precisely.

Can we make an OR gate?

Goal: get  $z$ 's color to always be  $x$  OR  $y$

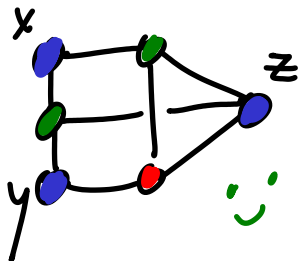
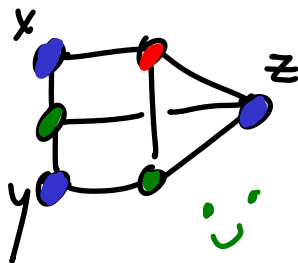
Last time I said:



WRONG! WRONG! WRONG! Why?

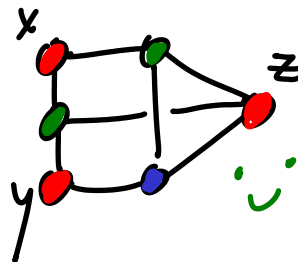
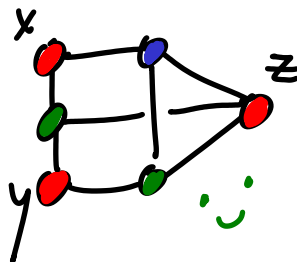
$$x=0$$

$$y=0$$



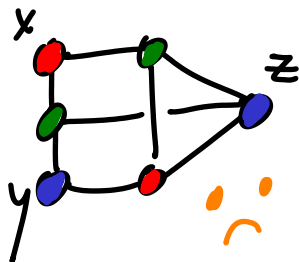
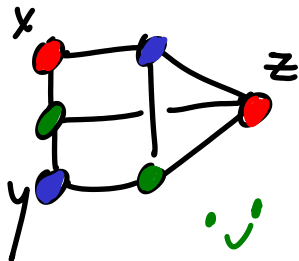
$$x=1$$

$$y=1$$



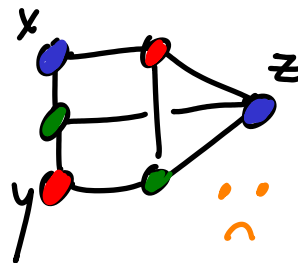
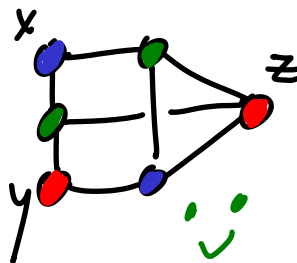
$$x=1$$

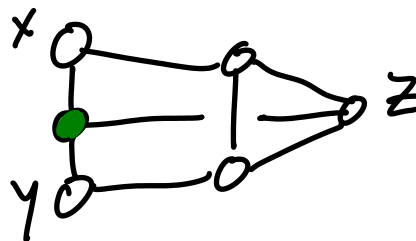
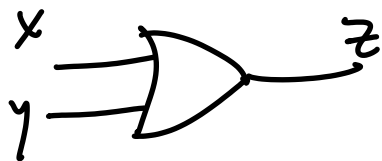
$$y=0$$



$$x=0$$

$$y=1$$





x	y	z
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

x	y	z
0	0	0
0	1	0/1
1	0	0/1
1	1	1



Is ~~to~~ correct



then  $\approx$  a  
fix!

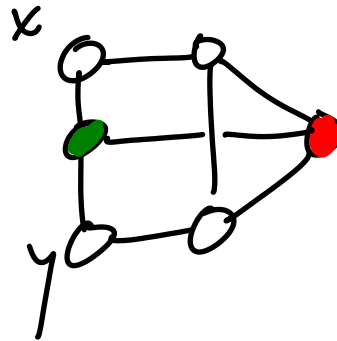
use that to "construct"  
relation between  
 $x$  &  $y$   $\approx$  z.

show examples

What does this do?

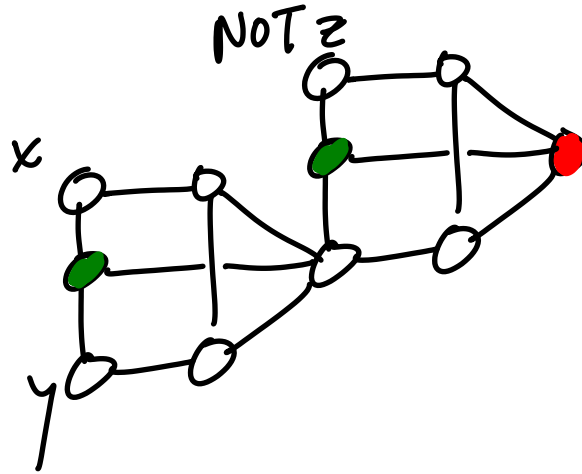
x	y	
<del>0</del>	<del>0</del>	<del>0</del>
0	1	0/1
1	0	0/1
1	1	1

impossible



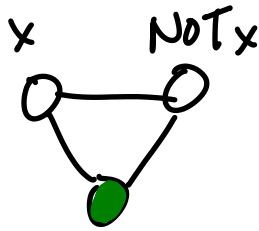
$\Rightarrow$  colorable iff  
 $x \text{ OR } y$

What about this?

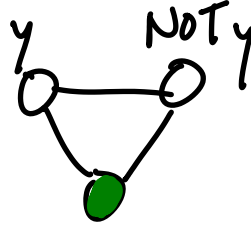


$\Rightarrow$  colorable iff  $(\text{NOT } z)$  OR  $(x \text{ OR } y)$

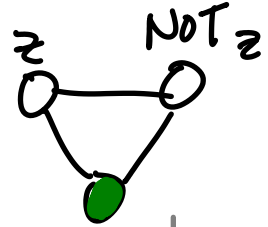
# The OR-gate redemption



+

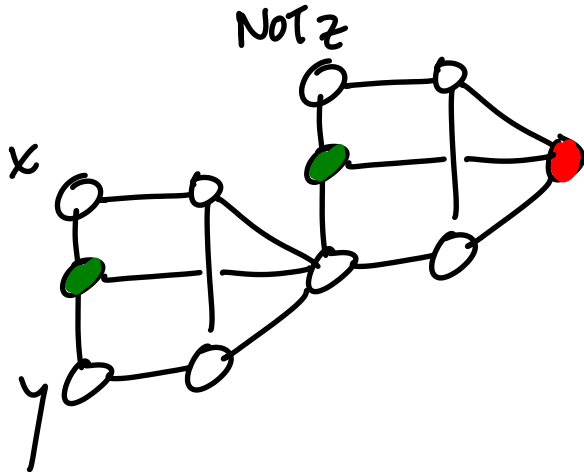


+

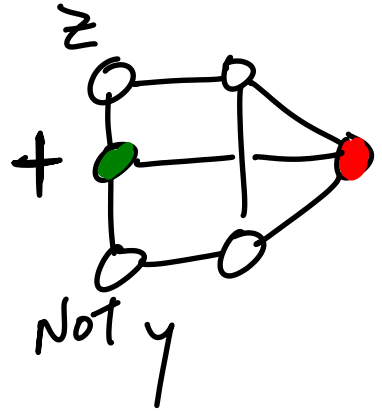
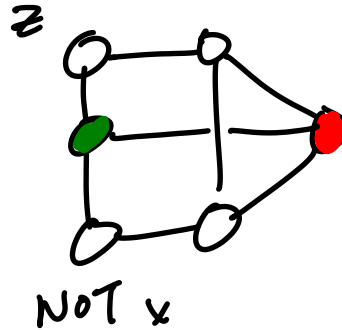


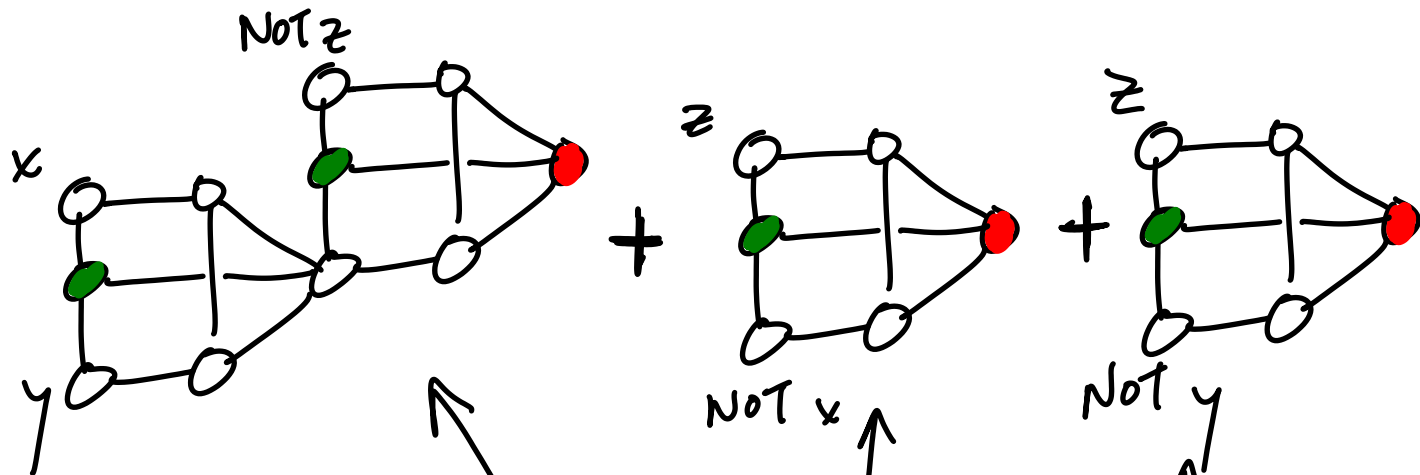
+

*Remark  
same.*



+

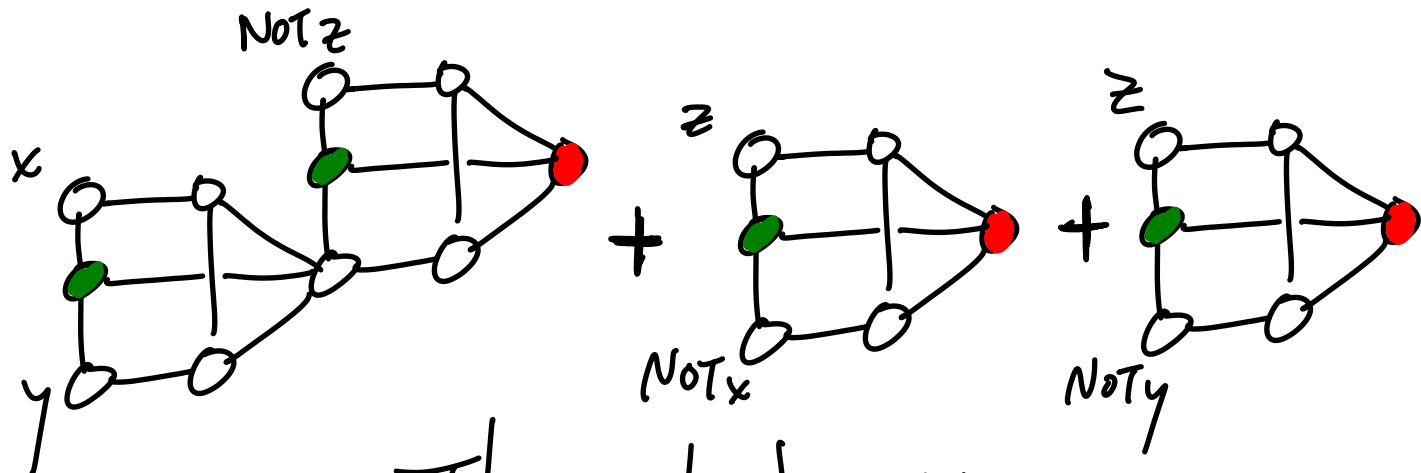




If both  $x, y = 0$ : forces  $z = 0$

If  $x = 1$ : forces  $z = 1$

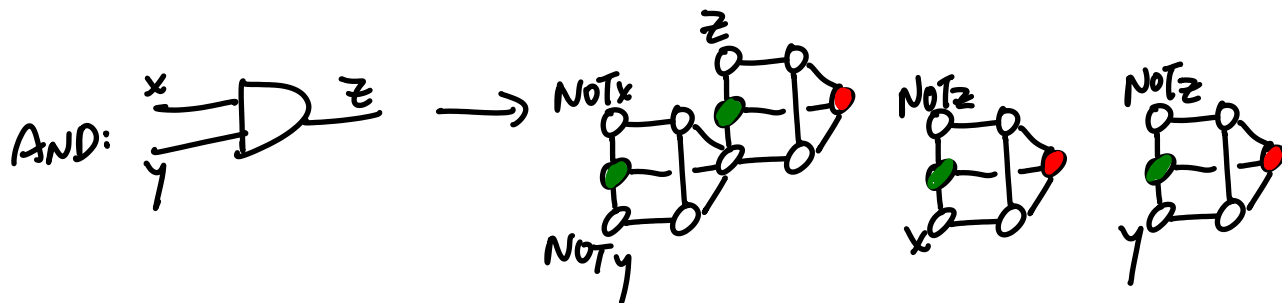
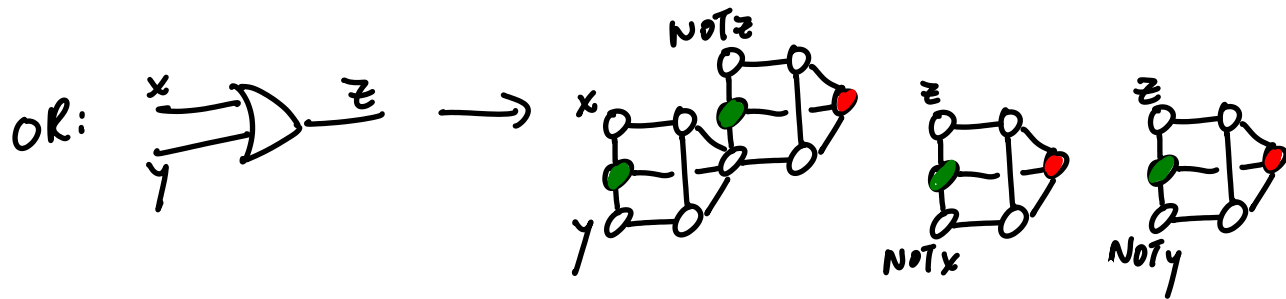
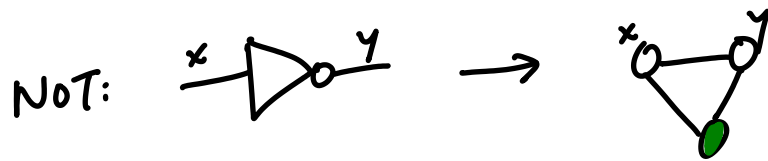
If  $y = 1$ : forces  $z = 1$



This works because:

$$z = x \text{ OR } y \iff \begin{aligned} &(\text{Not } z \text{ OR } x \text{ OR } y) \\ &\text{AND } (z \text{ OR } \text{Not } x) \\ &\text{AND } (z \text{ OR } \text{Not } y) \end{aligned}$$

which you can derive by FOIL'ing!  
(which means you could do it too :D)



# CIRCUIT & GRAPH GAMES

## Circuit game:

two players A, B take turns assigning inputs.

A wins if final output = 1, B wins if output = 0.

## Graph coloring game:

two players A, B take turns coloring vertices, following properness constraints.

A wins if B has no proper moves, vice versa.

If all turns played, A wins.