

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

Grade
received 90%

Latest Submission
Grade 90%

To pass 80% or
higher

Go to next item

1. Which of the following are the most accurate characterizations of sample models and distribution models? (Select all that apply)

0 / 1 point

- ☐ A sample model can be used to compute the probability of all possible trajectories in an episodic task based on the current state and action.
- ☐ A sample model can be used to obtain a possible next state and reward given the current state and action, whereas a distribution model can only be used to compute the probability of this next state and reward given the current state and action.
- ☐ Both sample models and distribution models can be used to obtain a possible next state and reward, given the current state and action.
- ☒ A distribution model can be used as a sample model.

✓ Correct

Correct; a distribution model contains all the information about the transition dynamics of the system, which can be used to 'sample' new states and rewards given the current state and action – just like a sample model.

You didn't select all the correct answers

2. Which of the following statements are TRUE for Dyna architecture? (Select all that apply)

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Real experience can be used to improve the value function and policy

✓ Correct

Correct; we do this in the direct-RL step of the tabular Dyna-Q algorithm

- ☒ Simulated experience can be used to improve the value function and policy

✓ Correct

Correct; we do this in the planning step of the tabular Dyna-Q algorithm

- ☒ Real experience can be used to improve the model

✓ Correct

Correct; we do this in the model-learning step of the tabular Dyna-Q algorithm

- ☐ Simulated experience can be used to improve the model

3. Mark all the statements that are TRUE for the tabular Dyna-Q algorithm. (Select all that apply)

1 / 1 point

- ☒ The environment is assumed to be deterministic.

✓ Correct

Correct; the algorithm assumes that the environment deterministically transitions to a single next state and reward for a given state-action pair. If the environment is stochastic, the update-model step in its current form would simply overwrite a state-action pair with a different next state and reward transition.