

Introduction

Tools

Problem

Discussion 8: Regular Expressions

SI 206: Data-Oriented Programming

Instructor: Dr. Barbara (Barb) Ericson

GSI: Kexuan (Michael) Huang

IA: Cristina & Jade

School of Information University of Michigan

Fall 2023



Introduction

Tools

Practice Problem

Deadlines

- Homework 5 due this Friday (Oct 27th)
- Midterm 2 on week 10 (now we are at week 9!)



Introduction

Tools

- Introduction
- 2 Tools
- 3 Practice Problem



Introduction

Tools

Problem

- Introduction
- 2 Tools
- 3 Practice Problem

Why Regular Expressions?



Introduction

Tool

Practice Problem



Validate or search for data with pattern, for example:

- Email
- Address
- Phone number



Introduction

Tools

- Introduction
- 2 Tools
- 3 Practice Problem

How to get started?



Introduction

Tools

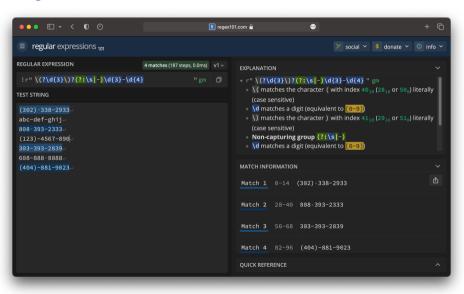


Use Regex101



Introduction

Tools



Use Regex101 with Cheat-sheet!



Introduction

Tools

Regular Expression Basics		Regul	Regular Expression Character Classes		Regular Expression Flags	
	Any character except newline	[ab-d]	One character of: a, b, c, d	1	Ignore case	
a	The character a	[^ab-d]	One character except: a, b, c, d	m	^ and \$ match start and end of line	
ab	The string ab	[/b]	Backspace character	8	. matches newline as well	
a b	a or b	\d	One digit			
a*	0 or more a's	/D	One non-digit	×	Allow spaces and comments	
Λ	Escapes a special character	\s	One whitespace	L	Locale character classes	
	Regular Expression Quantifiers	\s	One non-whitespace	u	Unicode character classes	
	0 or more	\w	One word character	(?iLmsu	x) Set flags within regex	
+	1 or more	\W	One non-word character	Regu	lar Expression Special Characters	
2	0 or 1	В.	egular Expression Assertions	\n	Newline	
(2)	Exactly 2	^	Start of string	\r	Carriage return	
(2, 5)	Between 2 and 5	W	Start of string, ignores m flag	\t	Tab	
(2,)		s	End of string	VYYY	Octal character YYY	
(2,)	2 or more Up to 5	vz	End of string.	\xYY	Hexadecimal character YY	
		\p		D.	egular Expression Replacement	
Default is greedy. Append ? for reluctant.			Word boundary	\q<0>	Insert entire match	
Regular Expression Groups		\B	Non-word boundary			
()	Capturing group	(?=)	Positive lookahead	\g <y></y>	Insert match Y (name or number)	
(?P <y:< td=""><td>>) Capturing group named Y</td><td>(?!)</td><td>Negative lookahead</td><td>۱Y</td><td>Insert group numbered Y</td></y:<>	>) Capturing group named Y	(?!)	Negative lookahead	۱Y	Insert group numbered Y	
(?:)	Non-capturing group	(?<=)	Positive lookbehind			
۱Y	Match the Y'th captured group	(?)</td <td>Negative lookbehind</td> <td>ı</td> <td></td>	Negative lookbehind	ı		
(?P=Y)) Match the named group Y	(?())	Conditional			
(?#)	Comment			-		

Use Regex101 with Cheat-sheet!



Introductio

Tools

- 1 Think of all possible versions of the thing you'd like to retrieve
- 2 Try it out on regex101.com
- **3** Code with Python



Introduction

Tools

- Introduction
- 2 Tools
- 3 Practice Problem

Practice Problem



Introduction

Tool

Practice Problem

Background and Data

You and your partner are detectives working on a case. You've intercepted a series of fake emails between the killer and victim. Your task is to extract relevant information using regular expressions to aid in your investigation.

```
Sender: Vinny Su (vinnysu@gmail.com)
To: nicolelam@gmail.com
Subject: Re: Dinner Plans

Sure, dinner sounds great! Why not we meet at Michigan Union at 7pm?
The location is: 530 S State St, Ann Arbor, MI 48109

Vinny
6666-555-1111
```

Practice Problems



Introduction

Tool

Practice Problem Go to Canvas \rightarrow Assignment \rightarrow Discussion 8 and clone the GitHub Repo.

Your tasks

- Implement get_email_count(): returns a dictionary that counts email address
- Implement get_phone_list(): returns a list of phone numbers
- Implement get_address_list(): returns a list of tuples, each tuple contains state, city, zip code, street name and street number

```
{'mikex@gmail.com': 3, 'nicolelam@gmail.com': 4, 'vinnysu@gmail.com': 2}

['(555)765-4321', '666-555-1111', '(888)765 4321', '608 901 2345']

[('MI', 'Ann Arbor', '48104', 'E William St', '516'),
  ('MI', 'Ann Arbor', '48109', 'S State St', '530'),
  ('MI', 'Ann Arbor', '48104', 'Maynard St', '347'),
  ('MI', 'Ann Arbor', '48109', 'Duffield St', '1931')]
```