BST 270: Individual Project

Reproducible Data Science: How Americans Like Their Steak (FiveThirtyEight)

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Introduction

The following notebook aims to satisfy the requirements for the individual project component of BST 270: Reproducible Data Science, taken Winter 2025.

Motivations and Reproducibility

I aim to reproduce the figure and the table from FiveThirtyEight's How Americans Like Their Steak. I will utilize the provided dataset based on a survey testing 550 people about their risk evaluation and steak preference, located at ../data/steak-risk-survey.csv.

Setup

First, we load our required packages and required dataset. We utilize the dplyr, knitr and ggplot2 library to produce nice figures and tables and process data efficiently.

```
Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

Here we remove the first two rows which are of no information.

```
# Remove first two invalid rows
steak_data <- read.csv("../data/steak-risk-survey.csv", header = T)
steak_data = steak_data[-c(1,2),]</pre>
```

The original dataset has too long names and some irrelevant variables, so we extract a new dataset that is useful for our analysis.

```
lottery eat_steak cook_steak
1 Lottery A
                  Yes Medium rare
2 Lottery A
                  Yes
                             Rare
3 Lottery B
                  Yes
                           Medium
4 Lottery B
                  Yes
                           Medium
5 Lottery A
                  Yes Medium rare
6 Lottery A
                  No
```

Reproduce the table

The table in the article shows the pertange of steak preparation preference of the people who choose a riskier lottery or a safer lottery.

First we need to remove all the NA (or empty values) in lottery variable, and focus on people who eats steak:

```
df1 = steak_lottery_data %>%
  filter(lottery != "", eat_steak == "Yes")
dim(df1)
```

```
[1] 426 3
```

There are 426 people who answered the lottery question and also eat steak. Next we reproduce the table:

<pre>kable(tb1*100,format =</pre>	: "nine" digits = 1)	
Rabie (UDITIOO, IOIMau	pipe , digital - i)	

	Riskier lottery	Safer lottery
Well	7.3	9.0
Medium Well	16.1	18.1
Medium	36.1	25.8
Medium rare	35.6	41.2
Rare	4.9	5.9

Comment: We nearly recovered the table in the article, with slight difference.

Reproducing Plot

The figure shows the percentage of the steak preparation preference of all steak eating interviewees. First we filter out all people who eats steak.

```
# Create the counting table
df2 = steak_lottery_data %>%
    filter(eat_steak == "Yes")

prep_names = c("Rare", "Medium rare", "Medium", "Medium Well", "Well")
df2.1 =
    data.frame(table(df2$cook_steak)[prep_names]/sum(table(df2$cook_steak))*100)
colnames(df2.1) = c("Cooked", "Percentage")
df2.1
```

```
Cooked Percentage
1 Rare 5.348837
2 Medium rare 38.604651
3 Medium 30.697674
4 Medium Well 17.209302
5 Well 8.139535
```

Next we reproduce the plot in the article:

```
# Reproduce the figure
gg = ggplot(df2.1, aes(x = Cooked, y = Percentage)) +
 geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = rev(c("#4B2C20", "#754637", "#AA6546",

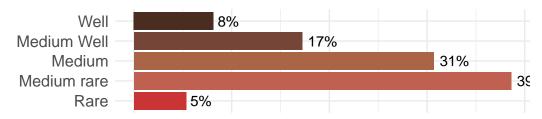
    "#C06050", "#C93535"))) +

 coord_flip() +
 geom_text(aes(label = paste0(round(Percentage), "%")), hjust = -0.2) +
 labs(
   title = "'How Do You Like Your Steak Prepared?'",
   subtitle = paste("From a survey of", sum(nrow(df2)), "steak-eating

    responses"),
   x = NULL
   y = NULL
 ) +
 theme_minimal() +
 theme(
   plot.title = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
   plot.subtitle = element text(size = 12, margin = margin(b = 10)),
   axis.text.x = element_blank(),
   axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12),
   axis.ticks = element_blank(),
   aspect.ratio = 0.25
 )
gg
```

'How Do You Like Your Steak Prepared?'

From a survey of 430 steak-eating responses



Comment: From the plot we see that we nearly reproduced the figure, only with slight difference in the percentage.

Saving 5.5×3.5 in image

Reflection on the reproducibility

This is a quite simple data analysis. The data is publicly available, and the figure and the table are quite reproducible. I think the only problem arises in the first two rows I removed. As these two rows are indeed invalid ones, I guess the author made some mistakes when storing the data as the csv file.