

# 20/03 Exercises

$$\textcircled{1} \det(B_2) = 0 \quad \det(B_3) = 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = -1 + \det(B_2) = -1 \Rightarrow \det(B_{100}) = -98$$

$$\det(B_n) = -1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = -1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \det(B_3) = -2 \quad \det(B_{1000}) = -998$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ i) } D_2 = \det(A_2) = 0 \quad D_3 = \det(A_3) = 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \det(A_2) - 1 = -1$$

$$D_4 = \det(A_4) = 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \det(A_3) - \det(A_2) = -1$$

$$\text{ii) } D_{n+1} = D_n - D_{n-1} \Rightarrow D_{1000} = D_{1000 \bmod 6} = D_4 = -1$$

$$\text{iii) } D_5 = D_4 - D_3 = 0 \quad D_6 = D_5 - D_4 = 1 \quad D_7 = D_6 - D_5 = 1 \quad D_8 = D_7 - D_6 = 0 \quad D_9 = -1$$

$$\textcircled{3} A = 3 \times 3 \quad A^3 = -2A$$

$$\text{i) } (\det(A))^3 = -8 \det(A) \Rightarrow \det(A) = 0 \Rightarrow A \text{ not invertible}$$

$$\text{ii) } \det(A) = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$\text{iii) } A^{100} = A \cdot (A^3)^{33} = (-2)^{33} \cdot A^{34} = (-2)^{33} \cdot A \cdot (A^3)^9 = (-2)^{44} \cdot A^{12} = (-2)^{44} \cdot (A^3)^4 = (-2)^{48} \cdot A^4 = -2^{49} A^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \det(A - \lambda I_4) = (1-\lambda) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} - 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} = (1-\lambda)^2 \left( (1-\lambda)(-1-\lambda) + 1 \right) - 1 \left( (1-\lambda)(-1-\lambda) + 1 \right)$$

$$= (\lambda^2 - 2\lambda) \lambda^2 = \lambda^3 (\lambda - 2) \quad \lambda_1 = 0 \quad \lambda_2 = 2$$

$$\lambda = 0 \quad A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} x_2 + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} x_4$$

$$g.m.(\lambda_0) = 2 \quad a.m.(\lambda_0) = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{not diagonalizable}$$

$$\lambda = 2 \quad A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} x_2$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \text{ a) F } \quad \text{b) F } \quad \text{c) F}$$

$$B - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2-\lambda & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3-\lambda & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{factor: } \lambda^3$$

$$\textcircled{6} \text{ a) T } \quad \text{b) F } \quad \text{c) T}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \det(B - \lambda I) = \lambda^3 (\lambda - 10) \quad \lambda_1 = 0 \quad \lambda_2 = 10 \quad g.m.(\lambda_0) = a.m.(\lambda_0) = 3 \quad g.m.(\lambda_{10}) = a.m.(\lambda_{10}) = 1$$

$$\textcircled{8} \text{ a) } C \text{ has column with only } 4 \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{b) } \det(C) = 0 \quad \lambda = 0$$

$$\text{c) }$$