# Chapter 6 - Transformation Matrices

#### 5. Coordinate Transformations

origin p, basis  $\{u, v, w\}$ , coordinates (i, j, k) => point p + iu + jv + kw

frame-to-canonical
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & x_e \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_u & x_v & 0 \\ y_u & y_v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_p \\ v_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_u & x_v & x_e \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_u & x_v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_p \\ v_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_u & x_v & x_e \\ y_u & y_v & y_e \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_p \\ v_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

canonical-to-frame 
$$\begin{bmatrix} u_p \\ v_w = \begin{bmatrix} x_{uv} & y_{uv} & o_{uv} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{p}_{xy} = \begin{bmatrix} u_p \\ v_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_u & y_u & 0 \\ x_v & y_v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -x_e \\ 0 & 1 & -y_e \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P}_{uv} = \left[egin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}
ight] \mathbf{p}_{xy} \quad \left[oldsymbol{v}_{p}
ight]$$
 frame-to-canonical

$$egin{bmatrix} z_p \ z_p \ \end{bmatrix} &= egin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & z_e \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

canonical-to-frame
$$\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{u}} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{v} & \mathbf{w} & \mathbf{e} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{u}}$$

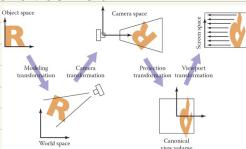
# **Chapter 7 - Viewing**

viewing transformation - 3D location to 2D view of the 3D world

## 1. Viewing Transformations

camera/eye transformation

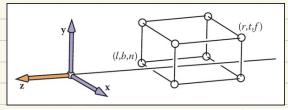
- places camera/eye at the origin
- projection transformation
- projects points from camera space viewport/windowing transformation
  - maps unit image to desired pixels



#### 1.1. Viewport Transformation

$$egin{bmatrix} m{x}_{ ext{screen}} \ m{y}_{ ext{screen}} \ m{1} \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} rac{n_x}{2} & 0 & rac{n_x-1}{2} \ 0 & rac{n_y}{2} & rac{n_y-1}{2} \ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} m{x}_{ ext{canonical}} \ m{y}_{ ext{canonical}} \ m{1} \end{bmatrix} m{M}_{ ext{vp}} = egin{bmatrix} rac{n_x}{2} & 0 & 0 & rac{n_x-1}{2} \ 0 & rac{n_y-1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 1.2. Orthographic Projection Transformation



$$egin{bmatrix} x_{ ext{pixel}} \ y_{ ext{pixel}} \ z_{ ext{canonical}} \ 1 \end{bmatrix} = (\mathbf{M}_{ ext{vp}} \mathbf{M}_{ ext{orth}}) egin{bmatrix} x \ y \ z \ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{ ext{orth}} = egin{bmatrix} rac{2}{r-l} & 0 & 0 & -rac{r+l}{r-l} \ 0 & rac{2}{t-b} & 0 & -rac{t+b}{t-b} \ 0 & 0 & rac{2}{n-f} & -rac{n+f}{n-f} \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

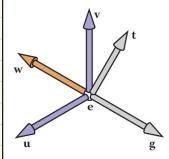
### 1.3. Camera Transformation

- e eye position
- g gaze direction
- t view-point vector

$$w = -g / length(g)$$

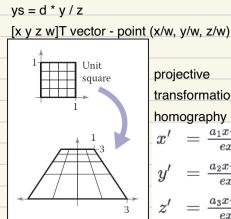
u = -t x w / length(t x w)

 $V = W \times U$ 

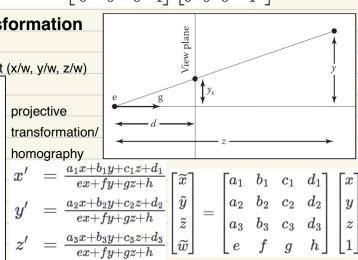


$$\mathbf{M_{cam}} = egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{v} & \mathbf{w} & \mathbf{e} \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = egin{bmatrix} x_u & y_u & z_u & 0 \ x_v & y_v & z_v & 0 \ x_w & y_w & z_w & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -x_e \ 0 & 1 & 0 & -y_e \ 0 & 0 & 1 & -z_e \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$





projective transformation/ homography



3. Perspective Projection

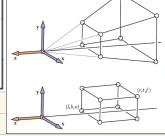
$$egin{bmatrix} y_s \ 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim egin{bmatrix} d & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= egin{bmatrix} 0 & n & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & n+f & -fn \ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = egin{bmatrix} n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & n & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & n & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & n+f & -fn \ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \ \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{P}^{-1} = egin{bmatrix} f & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & f & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & fn \ 0 & 0 & -1 & n+f \ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = egin{bmatrix} x \ y \ z \ 1 \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} nx \ ny \ (n+f)z-fn \ z \end{bmatrix} \sim egin{bmatrix} rac{nw}{z} \ rac{ny}{z} \ n+f-rac{fn}{z} \ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{per}} = \mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{orth}} \mathbf{P}$$

$$\mathbf{M}_{ ext{per}} = egin{bmatrix} rac{r-t}{0} & rac{2n}{t-b} & rac{b+t}{b-t} & 0 \ 0 & 0 & rac{f+n}{n-f} & rac{2n}{f-t} \ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\mathbf{M}_{ ext{per}} = egin{bmatrix} rac{2n}{r-l} & 0 & rac{k+r}{l-r} & 0 \ 0 & rac{2n}{t-b} & rac{b+t}{b-t} & 0 \ 0 & 0 & rac{f+n}{n-f} & rac{2fn}{f-n} \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}_{ ext{vp}} \mathbf{M}_{ ext{orth}} \mathbf{PM}_{ ext{cam}}$