

XGBoost — Performance on 20% Unseen Text Data

Accuracy: 98.33%

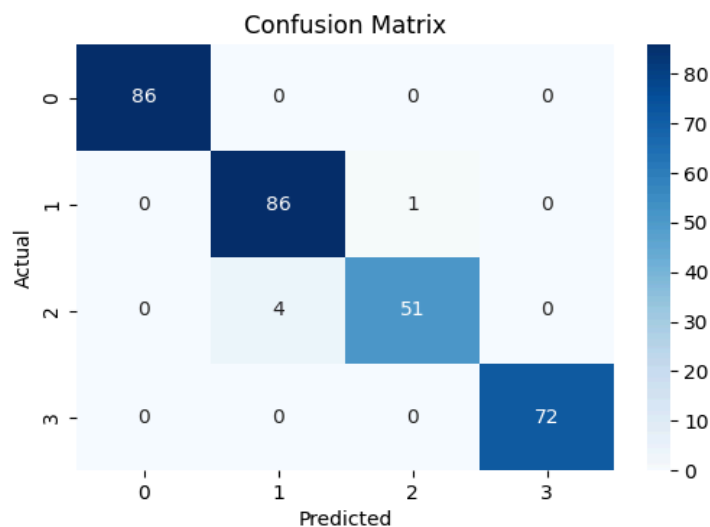
Precision: 98.36%

Recall: 98.33%

F1 Score: 98.32%

Confusion Matrix (Class Mapping):

- 0 → Backend
- 1 → Frontend
- 2 → Fullstack
- 3 → QA



Major Failure Modes

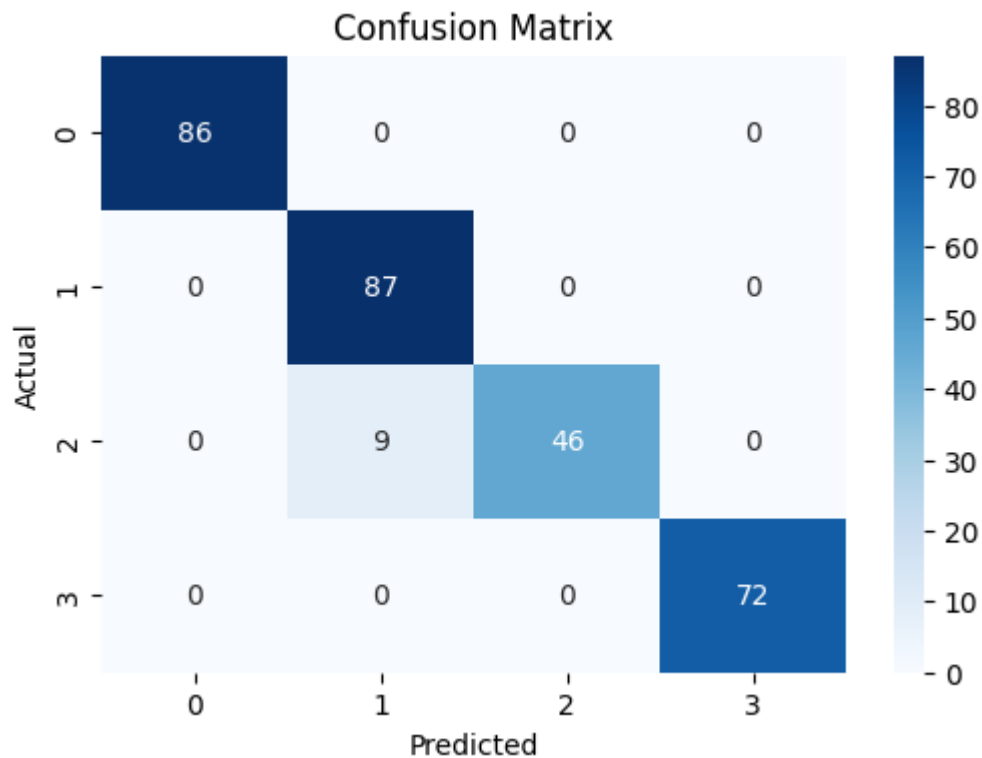
1. Misclassifies **Frontend vs Fullstack** due to overlapping skillsets
2. Model might be overfitting as the data is little low for some classes

Random Forest

- Accuracy: 0.97

- **Precision:** 0.972
- **Recall:** 0.97
- **F1 Score:** 0.96

Confusion Matrix (labels: 0=Backend, 1=Frontend, 2=Fullstack, 3=QA):



Major Failure Modes

1. Misclassifies **Frontend vs Fullstack** due to overlapping skillsets

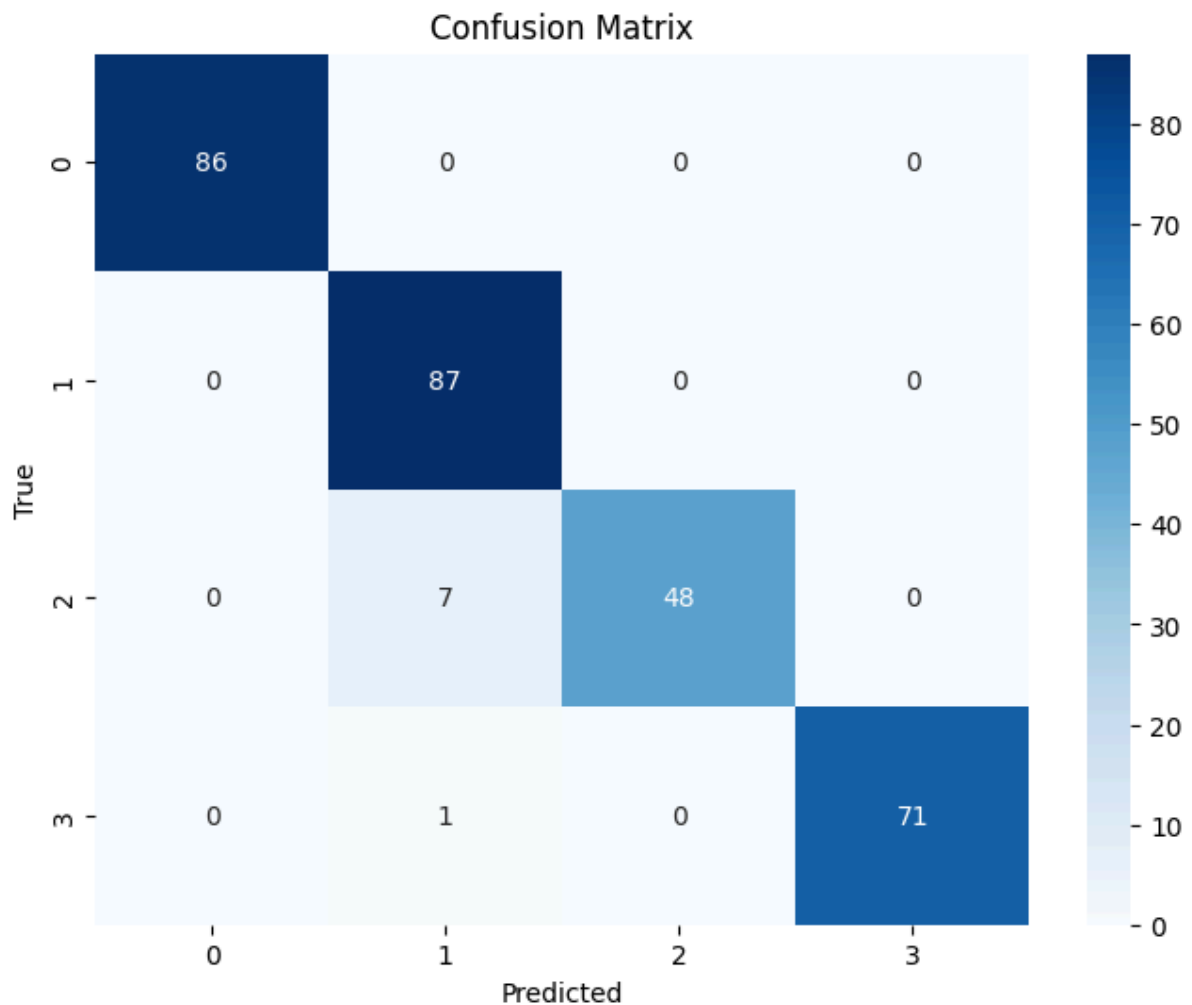
BiLSTM — Performance on 20% Unseen Text Data

- **Accuracy:** 0.9733

- **Precision:** 0.9755
- **Recall:** 0.9733
- **F1 Score:** 0.973

Confusion Matrix (labels: 0=Backend, 1=Frontend, 2=Fullstack, 3=QA):

This is also showing similar behaviour, confusing frontend with the full stack.



LESSONS:

1. TF-IDF is a great preprocessing technique and helped us reach very high accuracy, but it is still making mistake on capturing context
2. As the data is low, the model is highly likely to overfit
3. The fact that BILSTMS do not improve accuracy, shows that the context was not important here.

4. **Xgboost performed much better than both as others might be overfitting due to complex architecture and large number of estimators in random forest**