Project 3: Web Scraper with Proxy Rotation (Educational Version)

This document contains a working Python implementation of a polite web scraper that collects book data from http://books.toscrape.com (a public sandbox site for scraping practice). The scraper demonstrates retries, user-agent rotation, delays, parsing, and saving to CSV. It does NOT use proxy evasion or CAPTCHA solving (which would be against site rules).

Python Code:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import csv
import random
import time
import logging
from urllib.parse import urljoin, urlparse
import urllib.robotparser as robotparser
import requests
from requests.adapters import HTTPAdapter
from urllib3.util.retry import Retry
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
START_URL = "http://books.toscrape.com/"
MAX PAGES = 3
DELAY_RANGE = (1.5, 3.5)
OUTPUT_FILE = "books.csv"
USER_AGENTS = [
    "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 Chrome/120.0.0.0 Safari/537.36"
    "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 13_4) AppleWebKit/537.36 Chrome/120.0.0.0 Safari/537.36"
    "Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/118.0",
    "Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 17_0 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/605.1.15 Version/17.0 Mobile
def create_session(retries=3, backoff_factor=0.5, status_forcelist=(429, 500, 502, 503, 504)):
    session = requests.Session()
    retry = Retry(total=retries, backoff_factor=backoff_factor, status_forcelist=status_forcelist,
                  allowed_methods=frozenset(["GET", "HEAD"]))
    adapter = HTTPAdapter(max_retries=retry)
    session.mount("http://", adapter)
session.mount("https://", adapter)
    return session
def fetch_page(session, url):
    headers = {"User-Agent": random.choice(USER_AGENTS)}
    resp = session.get(url, headers=headers, timeout=10)
    resp.raise_for_status()
    return resp.text
def parse_list_page(html, base_url):
    soup = BeautifulSoup(html, "lxml")
    items = []
    for article in soup.select("article.product_pod"):
        a = article.select_one("h3 a")
        title = a["title"].strip() if a and a.has_attr("title") else (a.get_text(strip=True) if a el
        rel = a["href"] if a and a.has_attr("href") else "
        page_url = urljoin(base_url, rel)
        price_el = article.select_one(".price_color")
        price = price_el.get_text(strip=True) if price_el else "N/A"
        avail_el = article.select_one(".instock.availability")
        availability = avail_el.get_text(strip=True) if avail_el else "N/A"
        rating el = article.select one("p.star-rating")
        rating_word = "Zero"
        if rating_el and rating_el.has_attr("class"):
            cls = rating_el["class"]
            rating_word = cls[1] if len(cls) > 1 else cls[0]
        rating_map = {"Zero": 0, "One": 1, "Two": 2, "Three": 3, "Four": 4, "Five": 5}
        rating = rating_map.get(rating_word, 0)
```

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items.append({"title": title, "price": price, "availability": availability,
                       "rating": rating, "page_url": page_url})
    return items
def scrape(start_url=START_URL, max_pages=MAX_PAGES):
    session = create_session()
    url = start_url
    all_items = []
    page_count = 0
    while url and page_count < max_pages:
        html = fetch_page(session, url)
        items = parse_list_page(html, url)
        all_items.extend(items)
        soup = BeautifulSoup(html, "lxml")
        next_a = soup.select_one("li.next a")
        url = urljoin(url, next_a["href"]) if next_a and next_a.has_attr("href") else None
        page count += 1
        time.sleep(random.uniform(*DELAY_RANGE))
    return all_items
if __name__ == "__main__":
    data = scrape()
    with open(OUTPUT_FILE, "w", newline="", encoding="utf-8") as f:
        writer = csv.DictWriter(f, fieldnames=data[0].keys())
        writer.writeheader()
        writer.writerows(data)
    \label{eq:print(f"Done - scraped {len(data)} items. Output file: {OUTPUT_FILE}")}
```

Output: